

[ADB Workshop on Building NSDI]



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{Geospatially Enabled Society Research Center}



KRIHS 국토연구원

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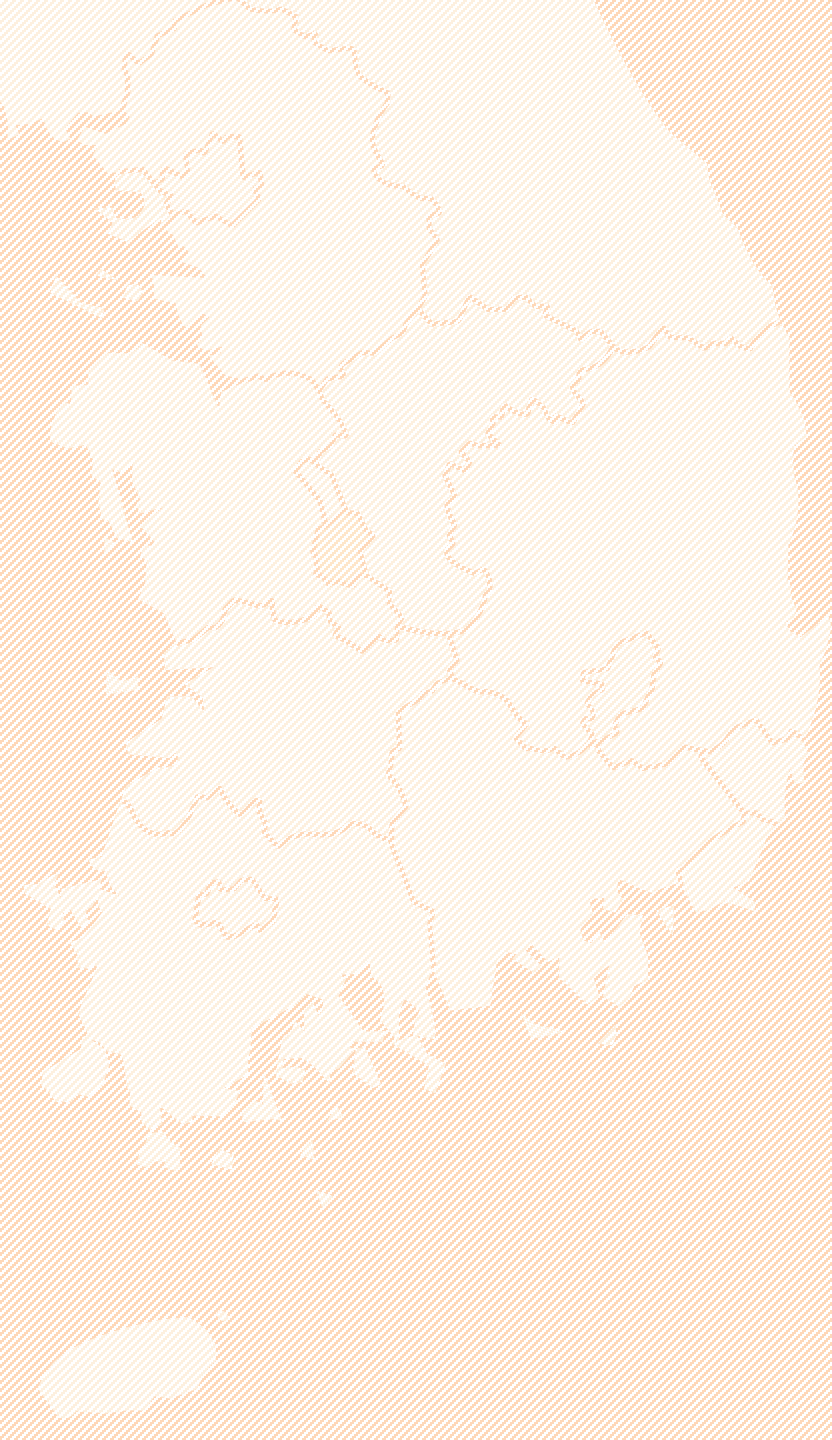
II Understanding NSDI



III NSDI policy and applications

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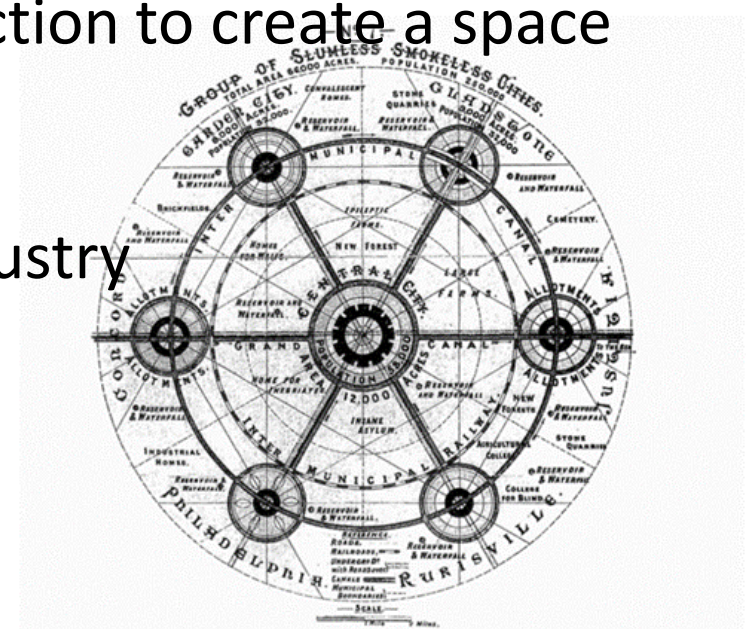


I

Introduction

Why do we need spatial information?

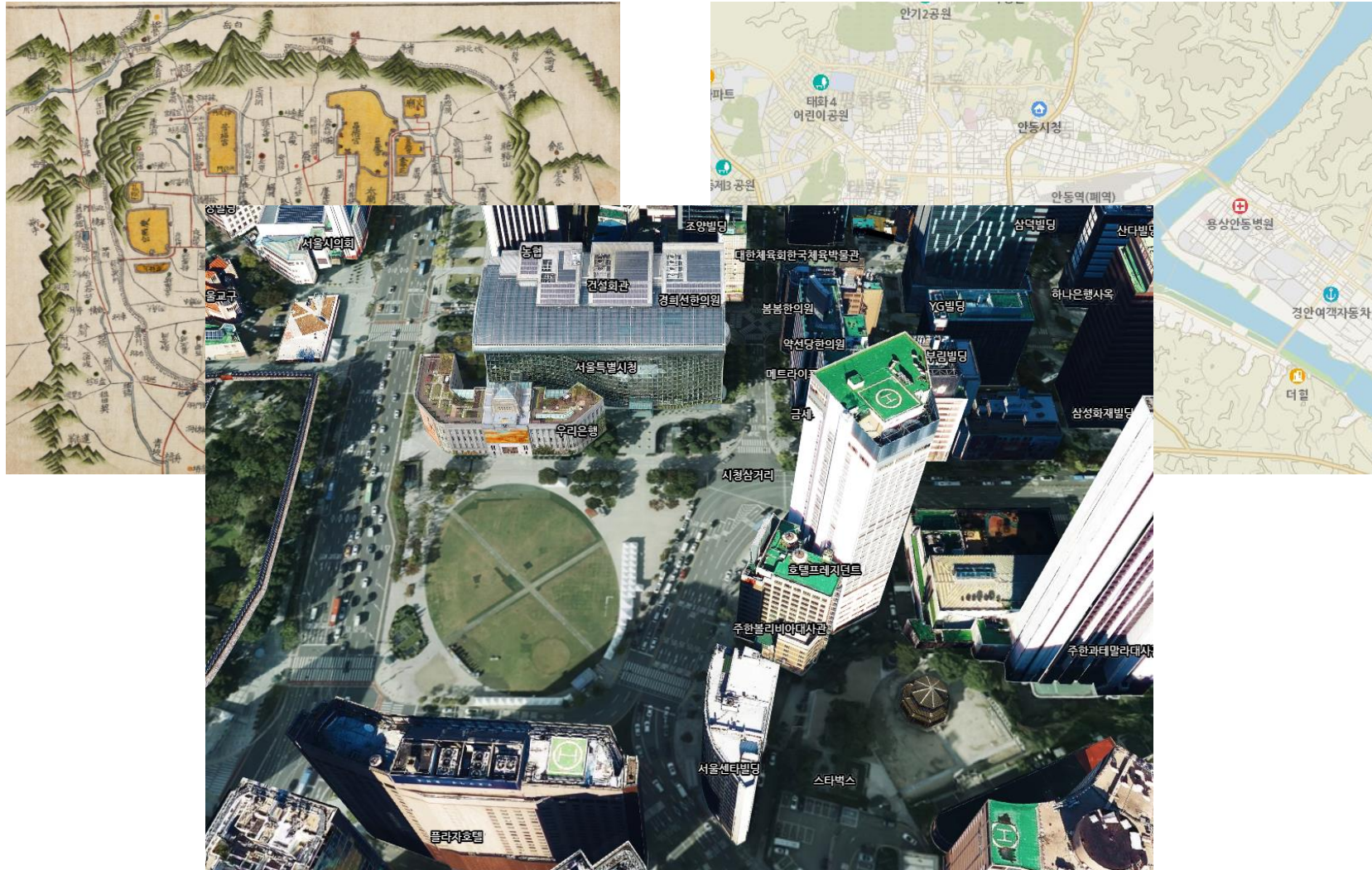
- Navigation and exploration for survival(resources)
- Spatial planning, design and construction to create a space
Building / road → city...
CAD/BIM...
- City operation/management and industry
GIS/Digital Twin...
- Solving urban/spatial problems
GIS/Digital Twin...



Ebenezer Howard, Garden City model, 1898

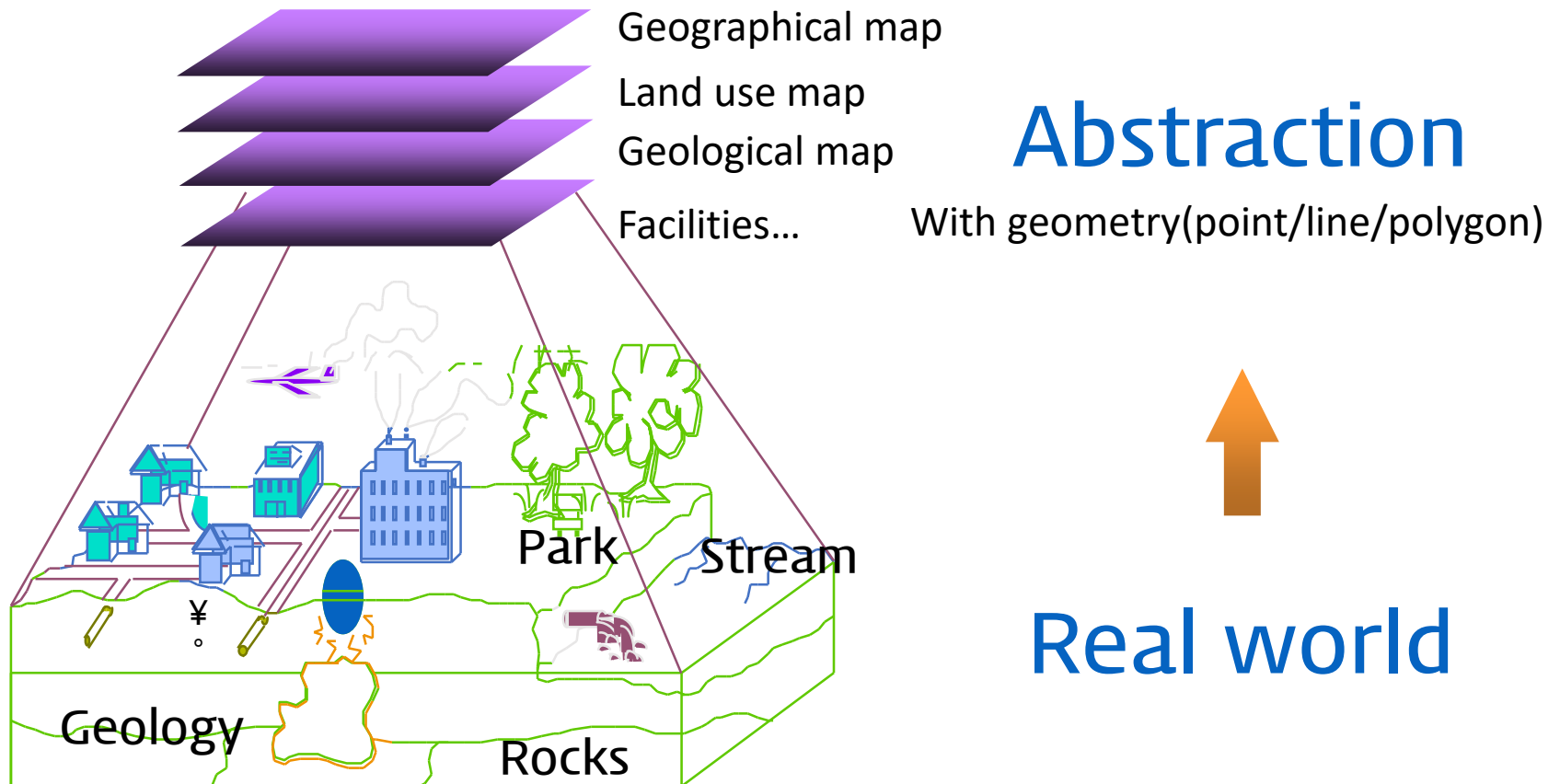
Evolution of geospatial data

Digital transformation of space: Analog → Digital(2D → 3D, + Attribute + Sensing)



Abstracted spatial data in analog era

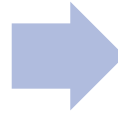
Representation of real world with map/geographical visualization



Big advancement in geospatial technologies?

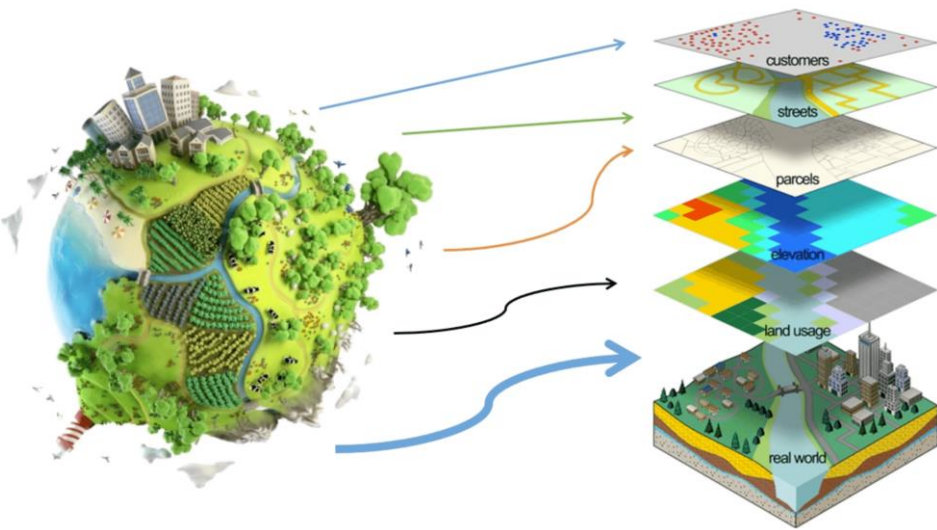
Getting synchronized b/w real world and data world

As it was (abstracted) :: past

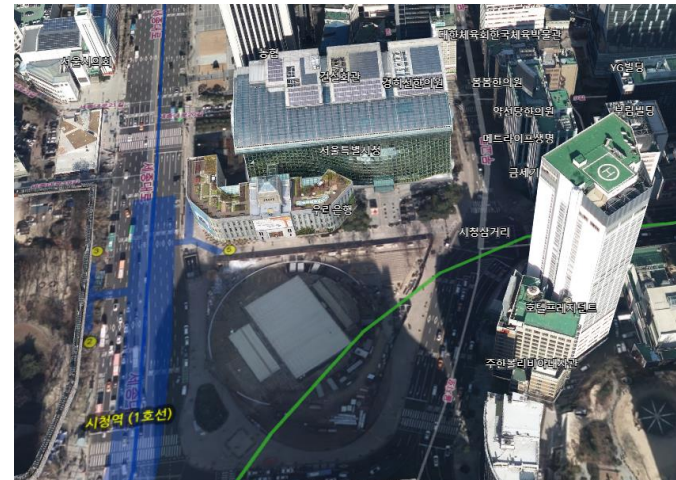


As it is (fidelity):: real time

ICT being advanced,
Mapping sensors, communication, edge & cloud computing, AI...



<https://www.geo.university>

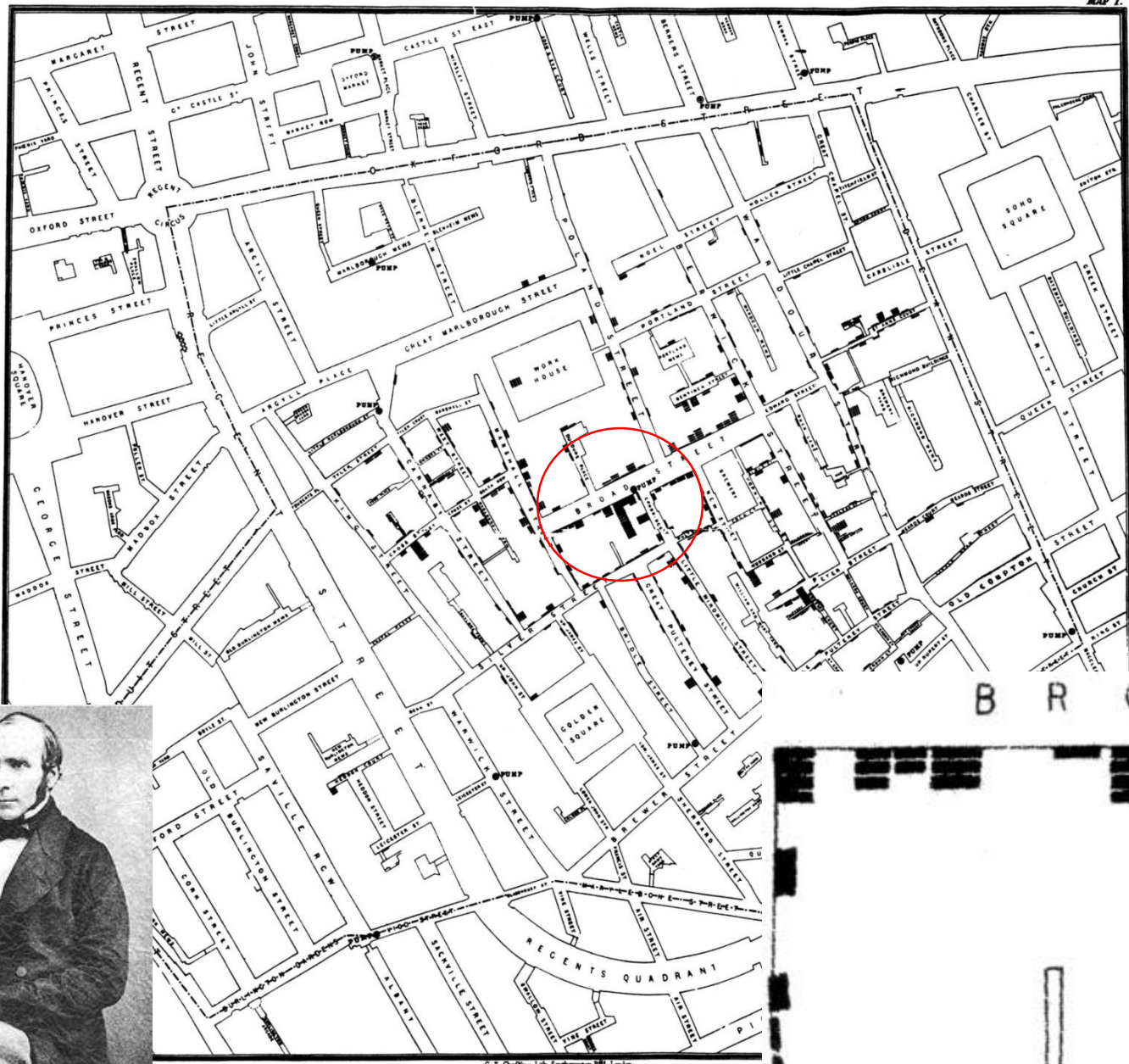


<https://smap.seoul.go.kr>

Over 500 mortalities for some weeks

OUTBREAK!

In Soho, England in 1854



C. F. Cheffins, Lith. Southampton P^o. London

B R O A D P U M P



Approaches to solve problem (ex. Health)

Diagnosis

- What/where is a problem?
- Causes?
- *Effective?*

Prescription

- Alternatives
- Choice of best alternatives
- Implementation



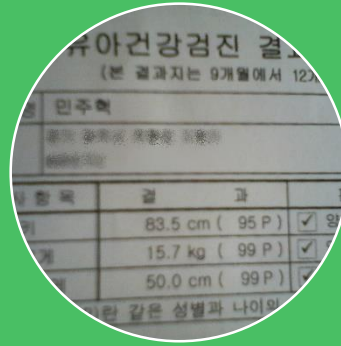
Data types in hospital



Picture
Video



Text



Number



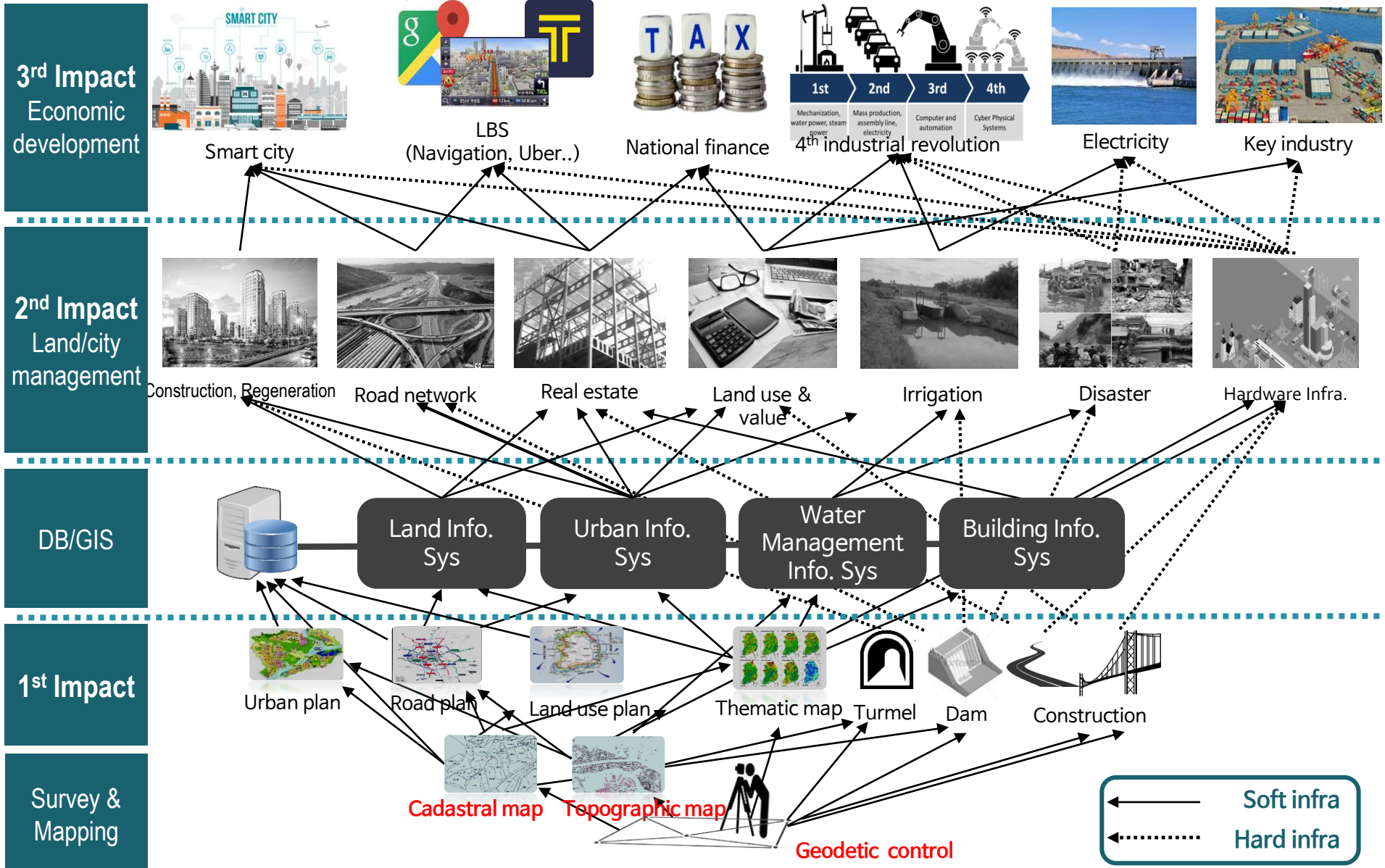
Map
(X-ray etc.)

Structured vs Unstructured | Small vs Big | Spatial vs Aspatial

Data collection in urban space



Root industry for 4th industrial revolution



Source: KOICA (2018), Integrated evaluation on GIS projects



II

Understanding NSDI policy

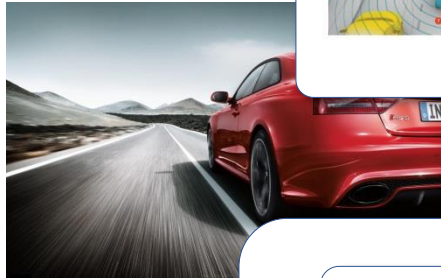
What is **N**ational **S**patial **D**ata **I**nfrastructure

“... the **technology, policies, criteria, standards, and employees necessary to promote geospatial data sharing** throughout the Federal, State, Tribal, and local governments, and the private sector (including nonprofit organizations and institutions of higher education)” Section 755, Geospatial Data Act of 2018, USA

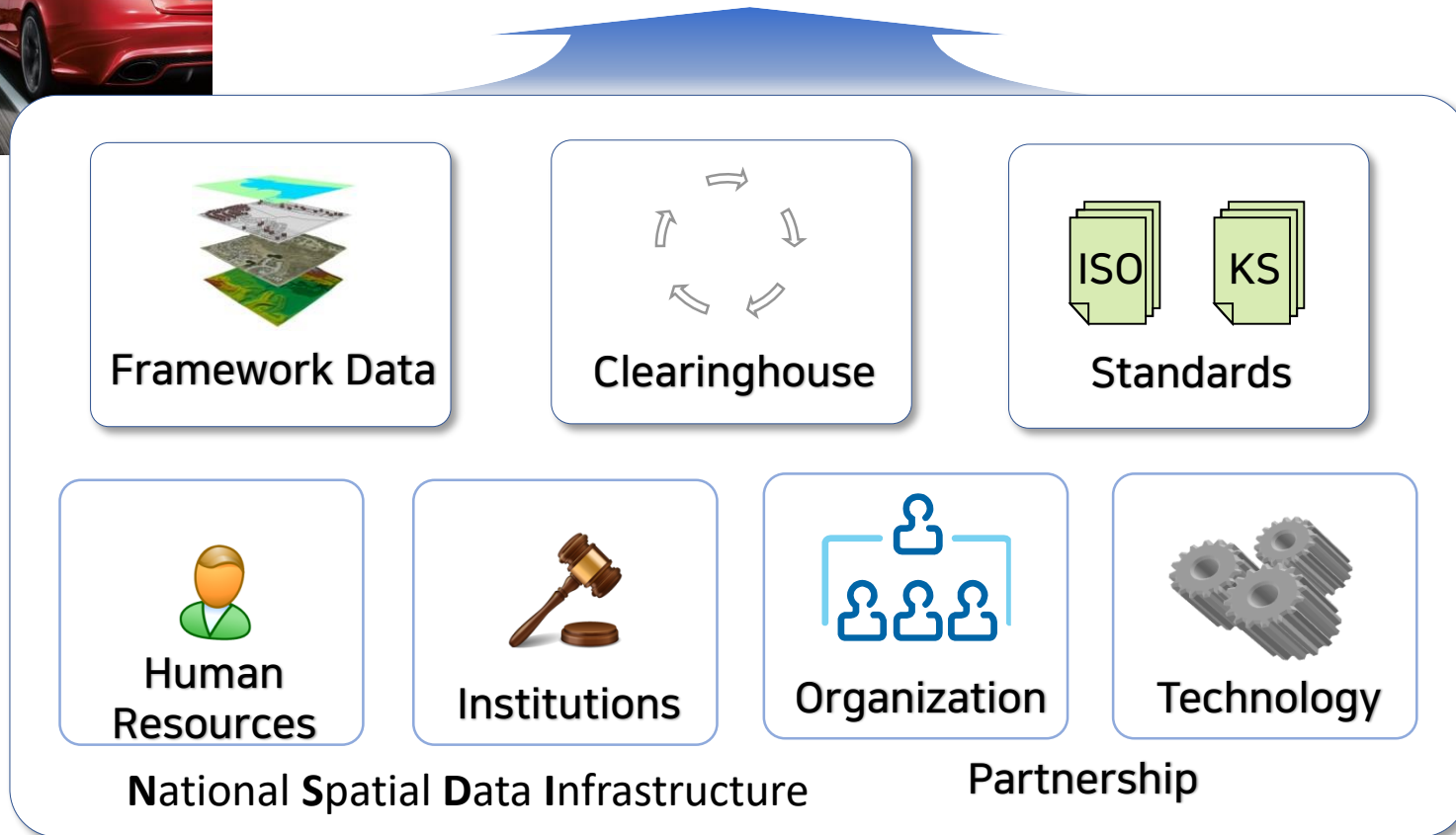
“shall ensure that geospatial data from multiple sources (including the covered agencies, State, local and tribal governments, the private sector, and institutions of higher education) is **available and easily integrated** to enhance the understanding of the physical and cultural world

Road is a hardware infrastructure to transport people and goods. Spatial data is a software infra to develop and manage hardware infra. This means that software infra should go first to develop hardware infra. SDI should be national because most data are owned by government. Government needs geospatial data to protect and manage people, land and infrastructure. The data should be accessible by all people.

Components of NSDI



Applications



History of NSDI policy in Korea

Background of National GIS(NGIS)

Dec. 7, 1994(Seoul)



hankookilbo.com

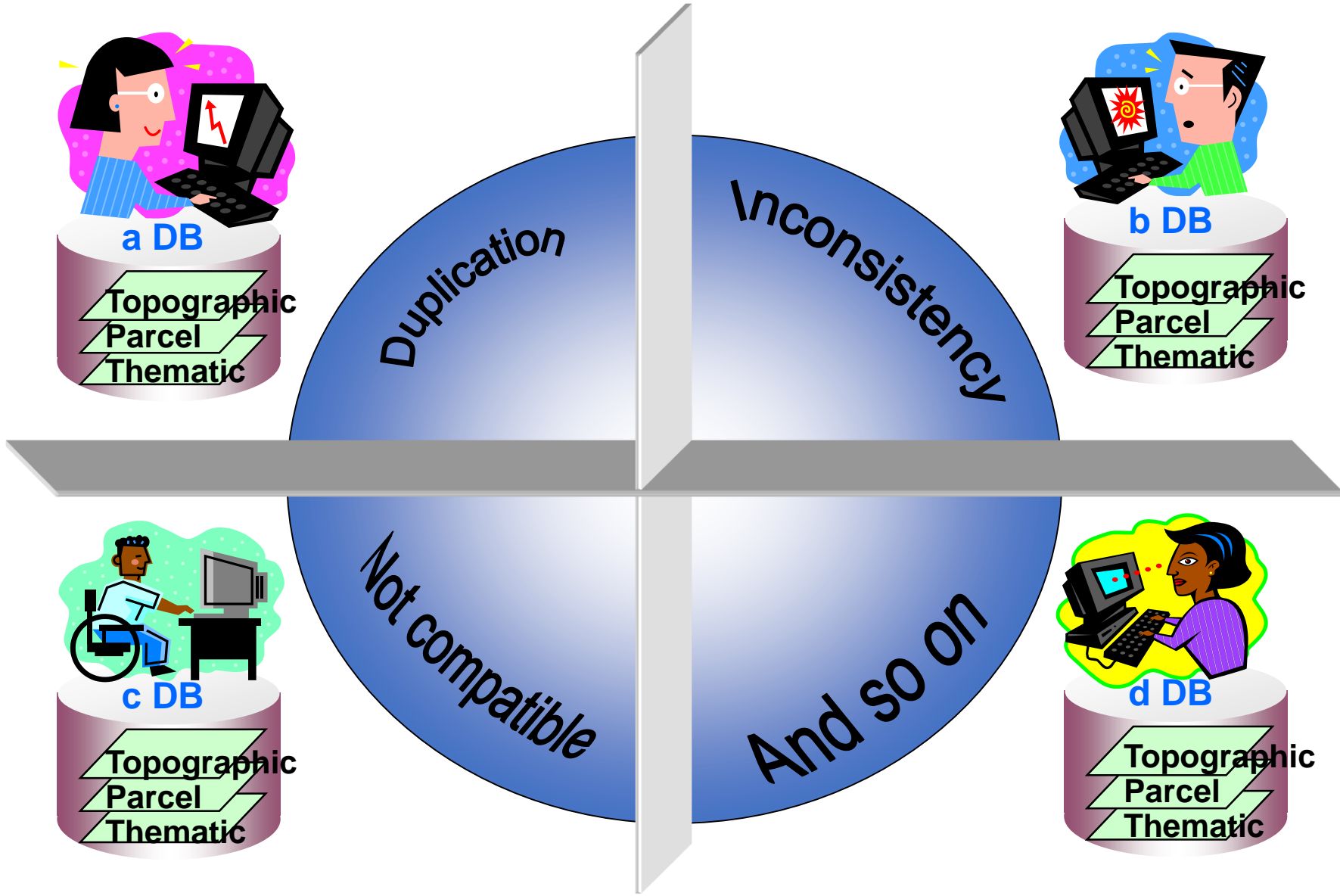
April 29, 1995(Daegu)



www.ehistory.go.kr
db.history.go.kr

History of NSDI policy in Korea

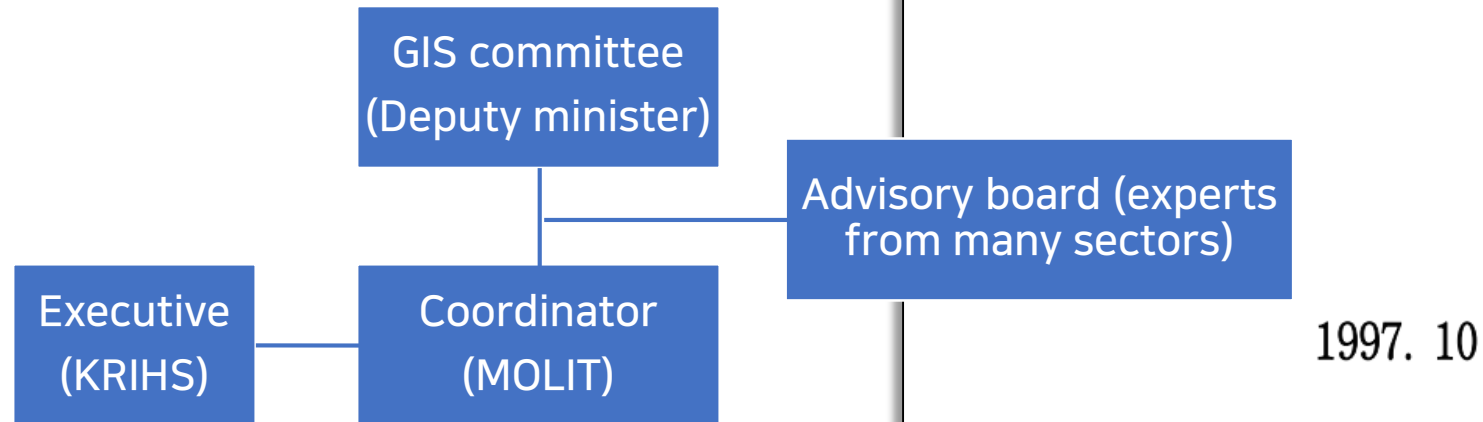
Background of National GIS(NGIS)



History of NSDI policy in Korea

The first master plan for NGIS(1995-2000)

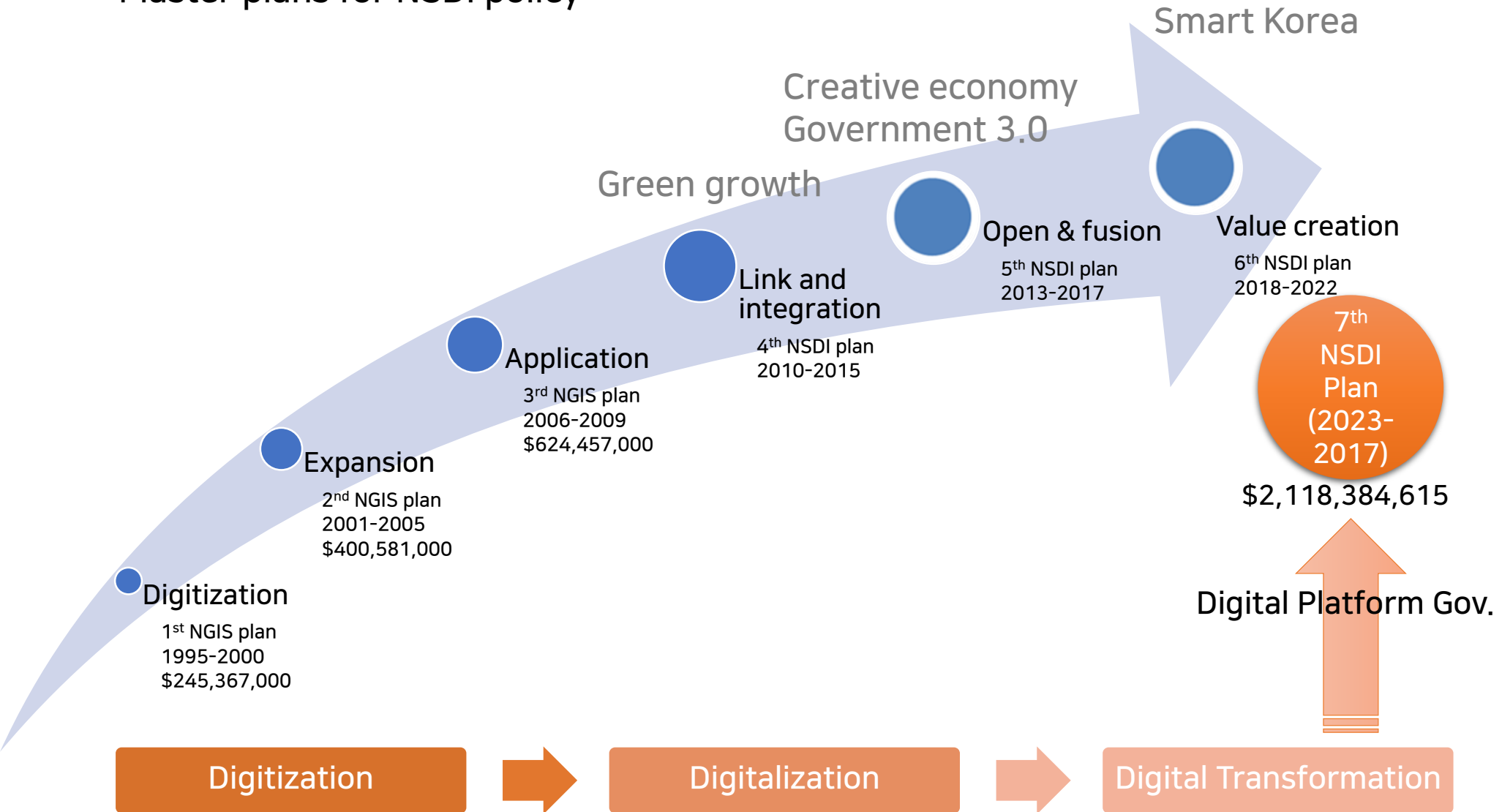
國家地理情報體系(NGIS) 構築 基本計劃



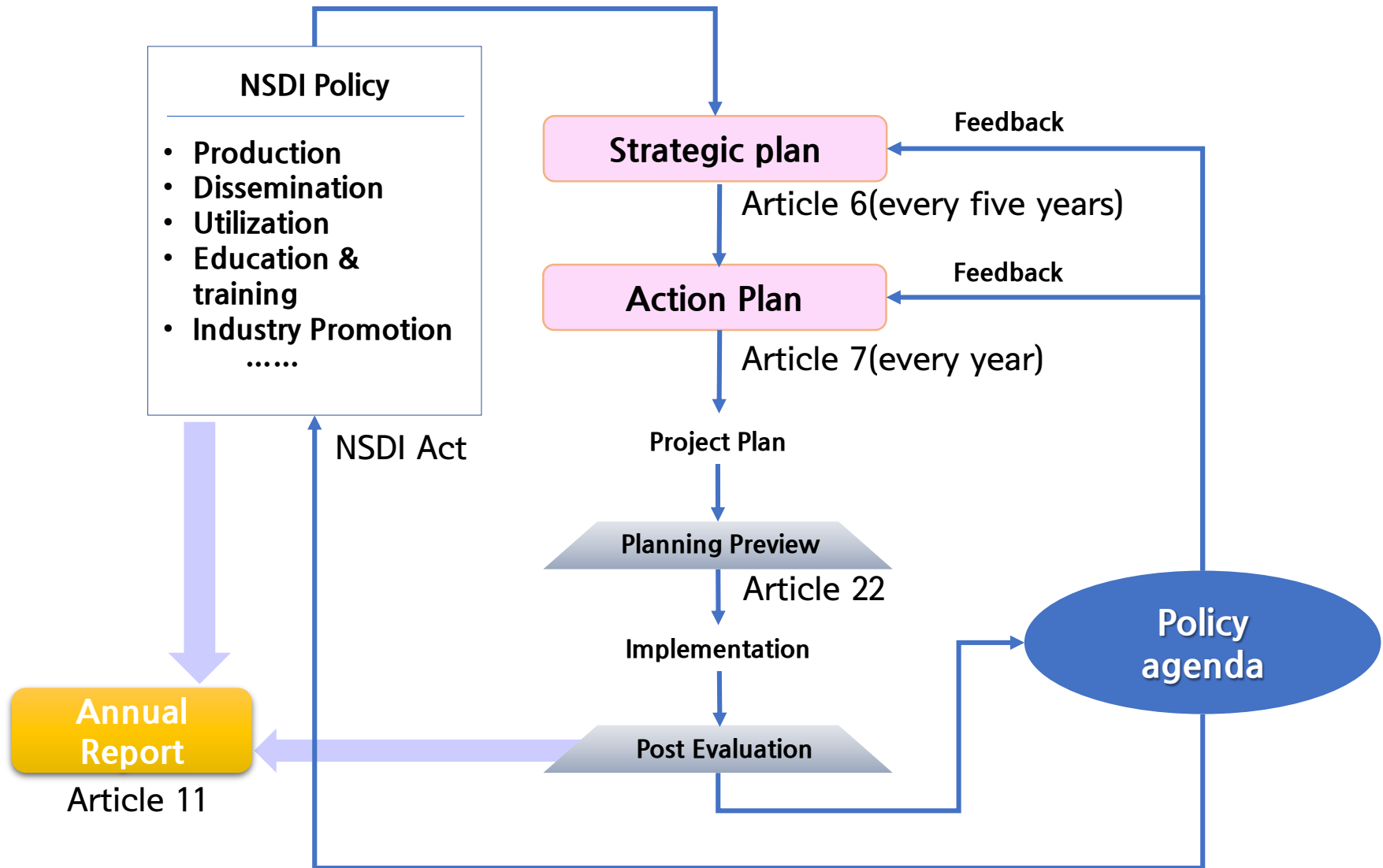
NGIS 總括分科委員會

History of NSDI policy in Korea

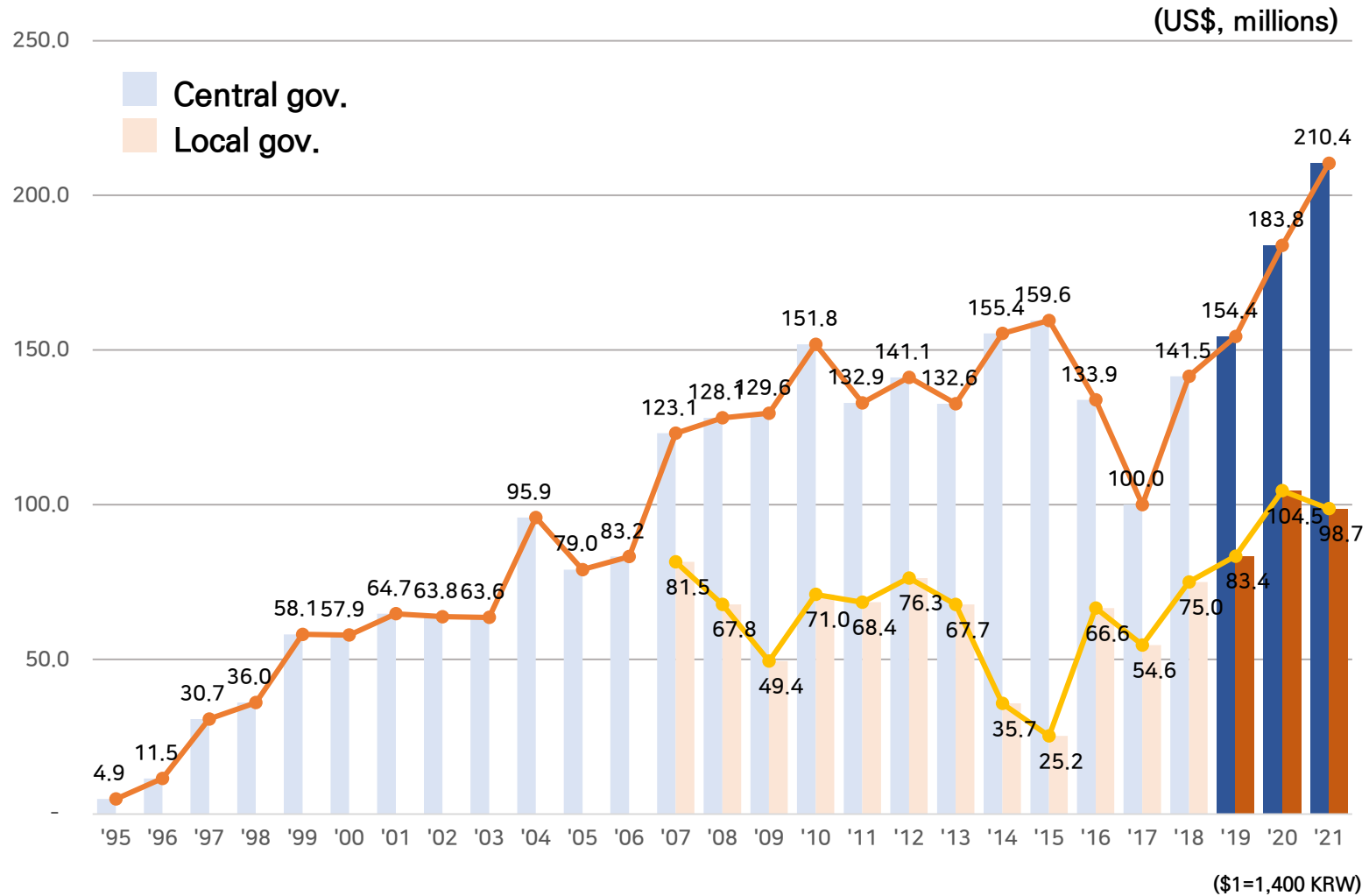
Master plans for NSDI policy



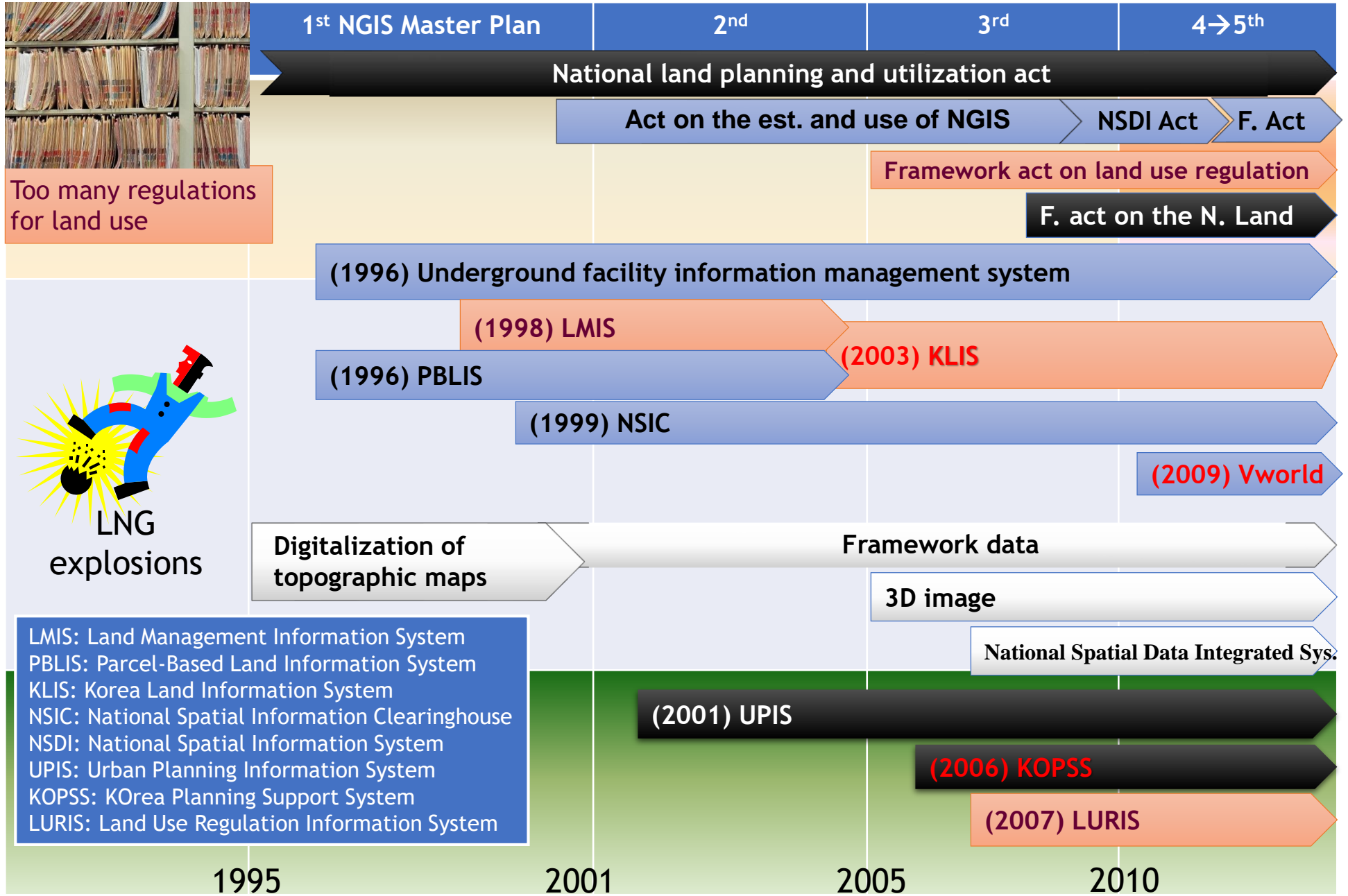
NSDI policy framework in Korea



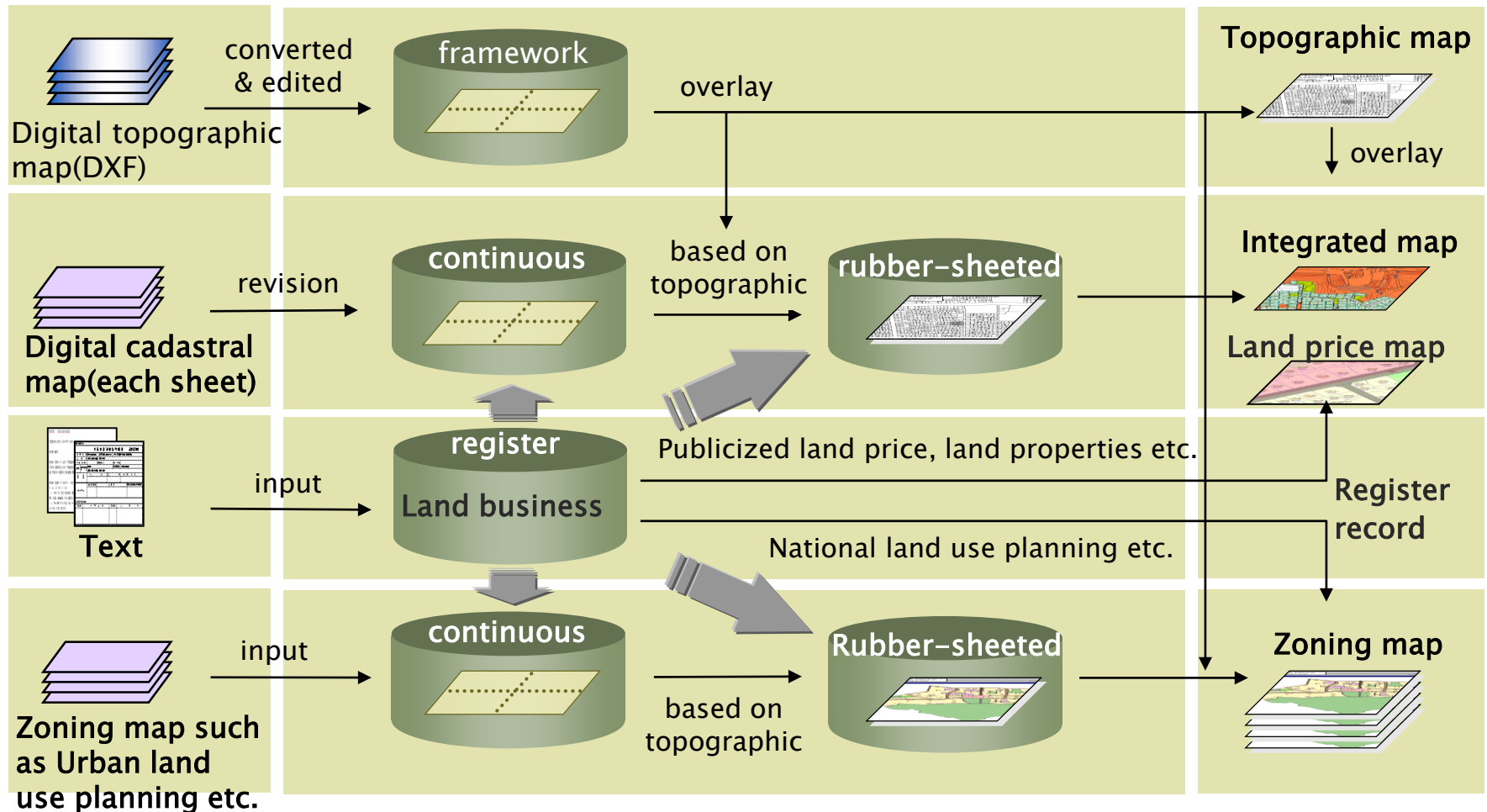
Investment trend in building NSDI



Main projects by MOLIT



Korea Land Information System



Vworld.kr for sharing geospatial data

3D data-based open platform service with many other spatial data, past aerial photos, indoor data, visual analytics tools and OpenAPIs

The screenshot displays the Vworld.kr website interface. The main content area shows a 3D aerial view of a city (Seoul) with various buildings and terrain. The interface includes a navigation sidebar on the left with icons for home, map selection, My, statistics, search, indoor map, and flight. The top navigation bar shows location information (서울특별시 - 서초구 - 서초동) and map style options (3D지도, 2D지도, 2D회색, 2D아간, 2D영상). The sidebar contains a grid of featured locations: 평양, 강남역사거리, 백두산천지, 경복궁, 국회의사당, 코엑스, 개성공단, 세종과학기지, and 서울대공원. Below this is a '더보기 +' button. The '지도소식' section lists various map-related news items: 지적도, 토양환경정보도, 개발행위허가도, 보전보호구역, and 문화재보호도. A small map thumbnail is visible next to the '지적도' item. The bottom of the page features the Vworld logo and text: 'VWORLD 공간정보 오픈플랫폼 | 국토교통부' and a disclaimer: '내려다보는 높이: 156 m 현재 각도: 10 도 지적도를 포함한 모든 주제는 참고용으로만 사용하시기 바랍니다.'

Public services through e-Gov.

자주 찾는 민원

Favorite Civil Service

Application for Official Authentication Certificate of Land Price

Application for Official Authentication Certificate of Land Register




병적증명서 발급



출입국 사실증명



지방세 납세증명



개별 공시지가 확인



건축물대장등초본 발급(열람)신청



토지(임야)대장 열람등본발급신청



지적도(임야도) 열람등본교부신청



토지이용 계획확인 신청



지방세 세목별 과세증명



납세증명서



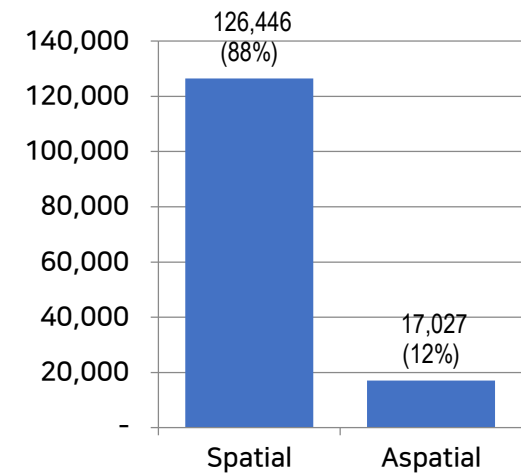
민원신청 분의선화번호

Application for Official Authentication Certificate of Cadastral Map

Application for Official Authentication Certificate of Land Regulation

토지이용계획확인신청

신청내용	대상토지 소재지*	기본주소	주소검색 <input type="text"/>
	사용용도	일반 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	번지 <input type="text"/> 호 ※1-30 1번지30호
수령방법 선택	수령방법*	검색 <input type="text"/> 온라인발급(본인출력)	
	수령기관선택	검색 <input type="text"/>	
신청부수*	1부		
신청일	2017년 08월 25일		

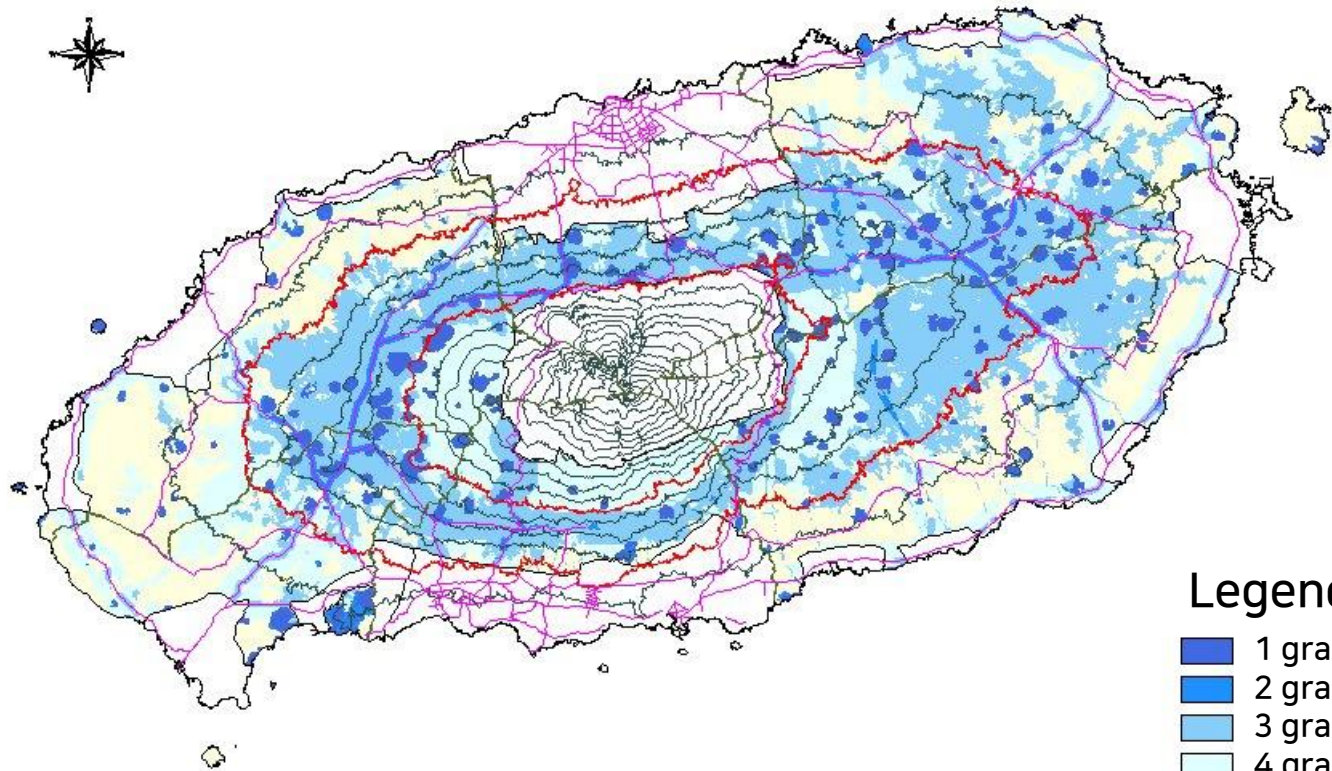
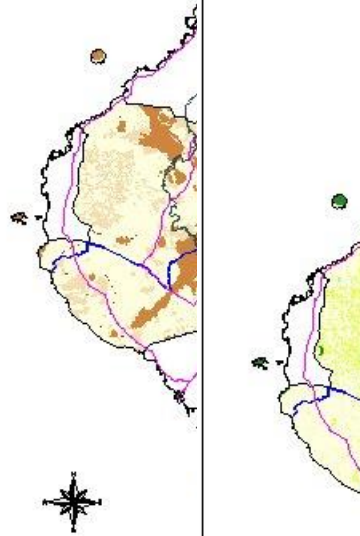


Land use planning with geospatial data

Land use plan for underground conservation

Land use plan for ecosystem conservation

Land use plan for landscape conservation



Legend

- 1 grade
- 2 grade
- 3 grade
- 4 grade
- 5 grade

Site selection for new administrative capital

A Study on Site Selection and Assessment for a New Administrative Capital(2004)



Smart city integrated platform of Anyang city



<https://smartcity.go.kr> :: <https://post.naver.com/>



VI

Digital Twin: The Next Frontier

The origin of digital twin?

1970. 4



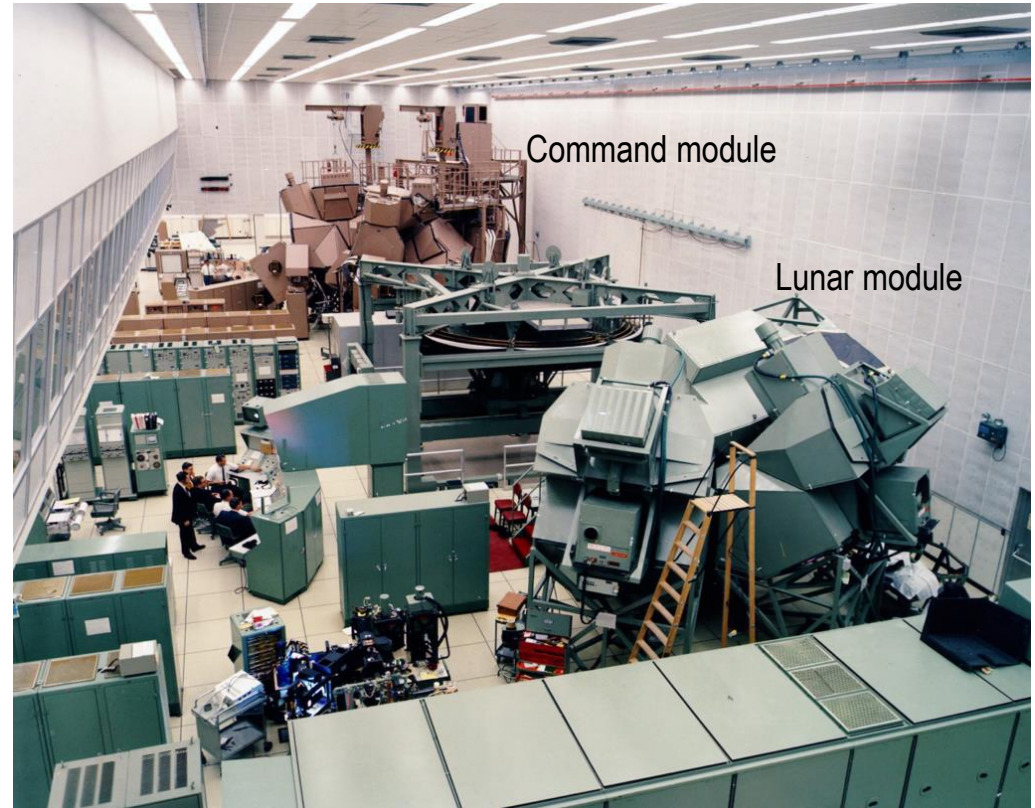
Physical

Connected

Adaptable

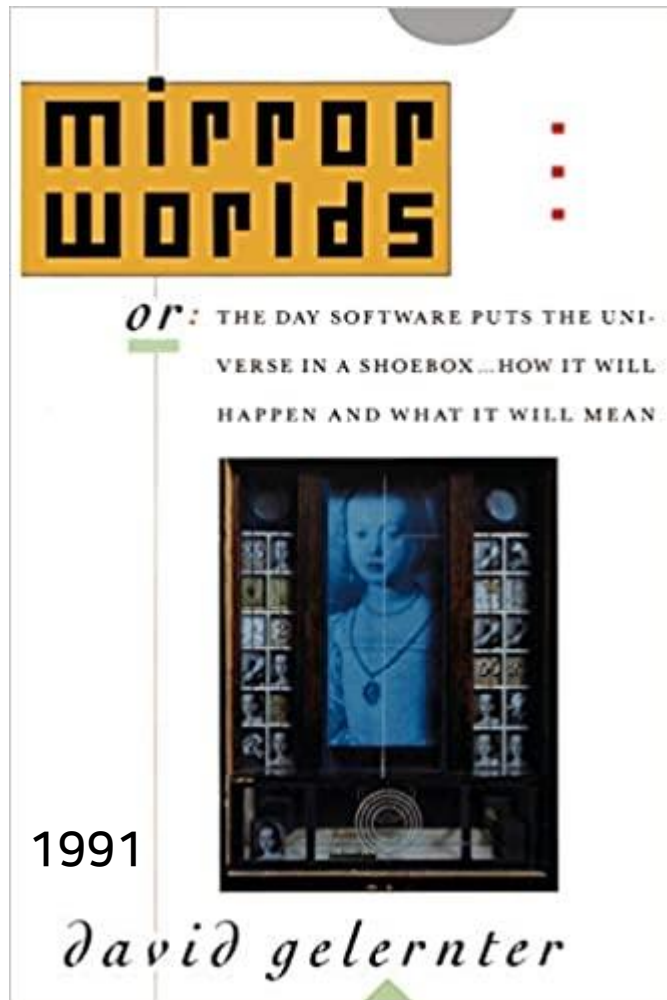
Threaded

Responsive



“The simulators were some of the most complex technology of the entire space program: the only real things in the simulation training were the crew, cockpit, and the mission control consoles, everything else was make-believe created by a bunch of computers, lots of formulas, and skilled technicians”.

The origin of digital twin!



"The Mirror World will be a digital twin of reality, a crystal ball through which we can observe and interact with the world in unprecedented ways. Imagine a world where real-time traffic flows are displayed on a map, and every corner of a city can be monitored through CCTV cameras. This is the future I envision, a future where the physical and digital worlds merge seamlessly."

The first appearance of DT in academic paper



a) Actual view



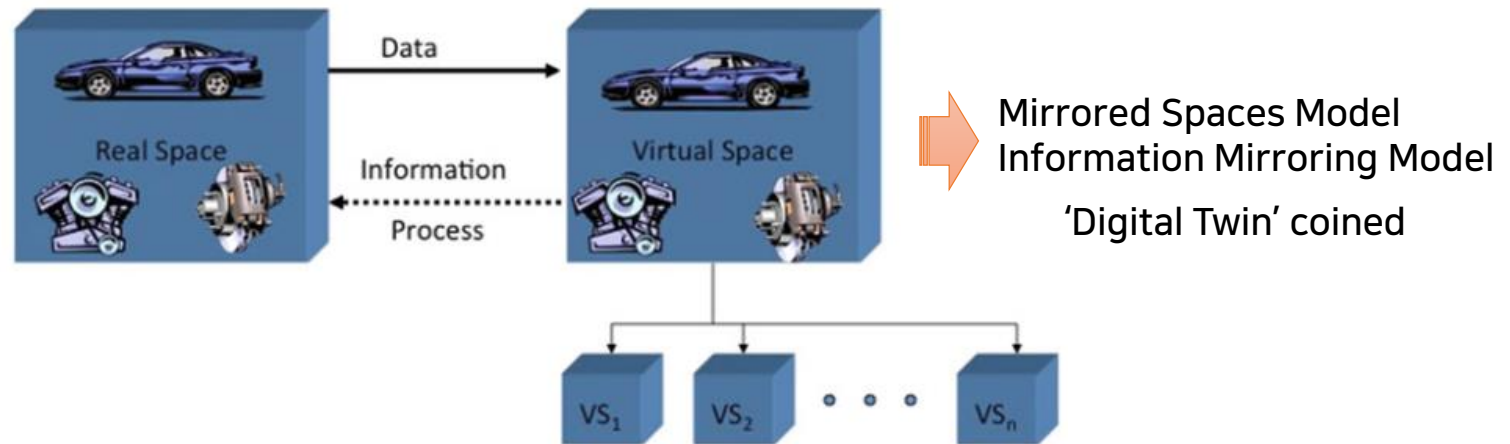
b) Future view

“...This was the time when the first profits appeared, and several modifications were made on the construction project based upon the results of the geometrical building of **its digital twin**. This modifications were again carried to the **digital version**, then checked and so on...”

Hernández, L. A. and Hernández, S. 1997. Application of digital 3D models on urban planning and highway design. *Trans Built Environ* 33: 391–402.

The emergence of lifecycle-based digital twin

Conceptual ideal for PLM(Product Lifecycle Management)



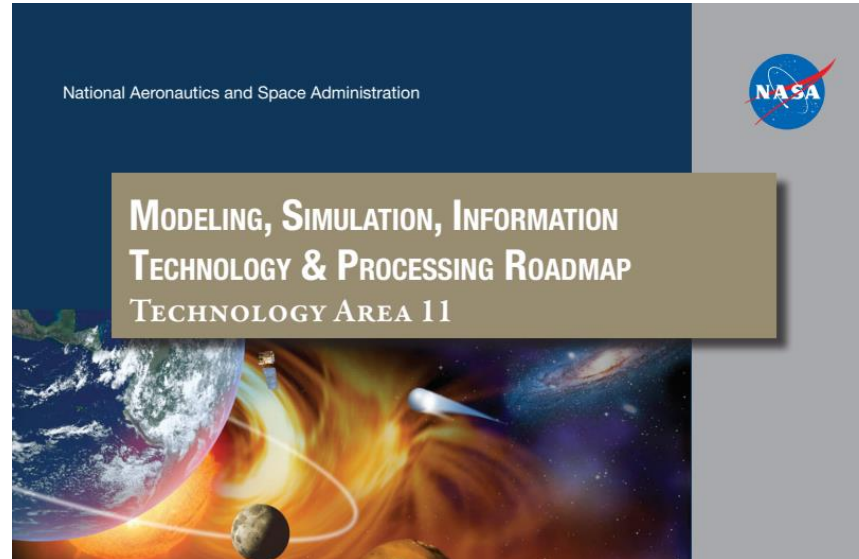
presented by Michael Grieves @ University of Michigan (Lurie Engineering Center), Dec 3, 2002



Grieves, M. and Vickers, J. 2017. Digital twin: mitigating unpredictable, undesirable emergent behavior in complex systems. In Transdisciplinary perspectives on complex systems: 85-113. Springer, Cham.

Definition of digital twin

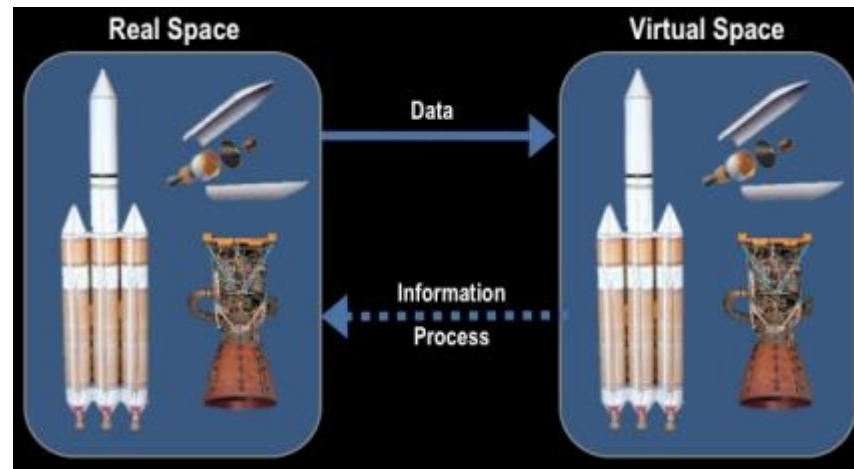
- NASA(2012)



- “...integrated **multi-physics, multi-scale, probabilistic simulation** of a vehicle or system that uses the best available physical models, sensor updates, fleet history, etc., to mirror the life of its flying twin...”

Definition of digital twin

- Grieves (2015), “Digital twin: manufacturing excellence through virtual factory replication”: White paper
 - Physical product + virtual product + data & information
 - Geometry + Behavioral and status characteristics → Visualization and performance test
 - Reduction in communication time and cost
 - For product lifecycle management



Information Mirroring Model

Gartner Top 10 Strategic Technology Trends

순위	2017년	2018년	2019년
1	AI and Advanced Machine Learning	AI Foundation	Autonomous Things
2	Intelligent Apps	Intelligent Apps and Analytics	Augmented Analytics
3	Intelligent Things	Intelligent Things	AI-Driven Development
4	Virtual and Augmented Reality	Digital Twin	Digital Twins
5	Digital Twin	Cloud to the Edge	Empowered Edge
6	Blockchain and Distributed Ledgers	Conversational Platforms	Immersive Technologies
7	Conversational Systems	Immersive Experience	Blockchain
8	Mesh App and Service Architecture	Blockchain	Smart Spaces
9	Digital Technology Platforms	Event-Driven Model	Digital Ethics and Privacy
10	Adaptive Security Architecture	Continuous Adaptive Risk and Trust	Quantum Computing

Definition of digital twin

Time	Definition of Digital Twin	key points
2010.11	A digital twin is an integrated multi-physics, multi-scale, probabilistic simulation of a vehicle or system that uses the best available physical models, sensor updates, fleet history, etc., to mirror the life of its flying twin.	integrated simulation
2014.4	Digital twin is a life model of other vehicle-specific components	modeling
2015	Very realistic models	model
2016	Digital twins are virtual substitutes	virtual substitutes
2017	The term digital twin refers to well as being globally distributed	
2017	Faster optimization algorithms for products and product development	control and optimization
2017	Digital Twin is a set of data at geometrical level.	information
2018.1	Digital Twins stand for digital representation	representation
2018.2	A digital twin is a one-to-one digital representation	representation
2018.5	The digital twin model is a dynamic representation	dynamic representation
2018.7	DT is a multi-domain dynamic representation	dynamic representation
2018.8	Digital twin representation	representation
2018.9	This rich digital representation	representation
2018.11	Digital Twin is essentially a data-driven model and cloud service, etc.	data-driven model
2018.12	BIM (Building Information Modeling) representation	representation
2018.12	Digital twin representation	representation
2019.1	The new technology, called "Digital Twin".	model
2019.1	A digital twin is a virtual representation of a physical system's life cycle	virtual instance
2019.2	DT refers to a virtual object or a set of virtual things defined in the digital virtual space, which has a mapping relationship with real things in the physical space.	mapping
2019.6	DT is defined as a digital copy of a physical asset, collecting real-time data from the asset and deriving information not being measured directly in the hardware.	real-time data
2019.8	Digital twin can be regarded as a paradigm by means of which selected online measurements are dynamically assimilated into the simulation world, with the running simulation model guiding the real world adaptively in reverse.	Dynamic, bidirectional

Integrated simulation
 Fidelity modeling
 Realistic model
 Virtual substitutes
 Digital copy/Virtual replica/Cyber copy/Dynamic replica
 Digital representation/Dynamic representation
 Updated virtual instance
 Real-time data
 Dynamic, bidirectional
 Living model
 Real-time control and optimization

Liu, Mengnan, Shuiliang Fang, Huiyue Dong, and Cunzhi Xu. "Review of digital twin about concepts, technologies, and industrial applications". *Journal of Manufacturing Systems* (2020).

Conclusion of DT definition

- Using technology to make an exact digital copy of something from the real world, just like identical twin

- Form
- Behavior
- Property
- Status/Situation)
- Etc....

Static or dynamic

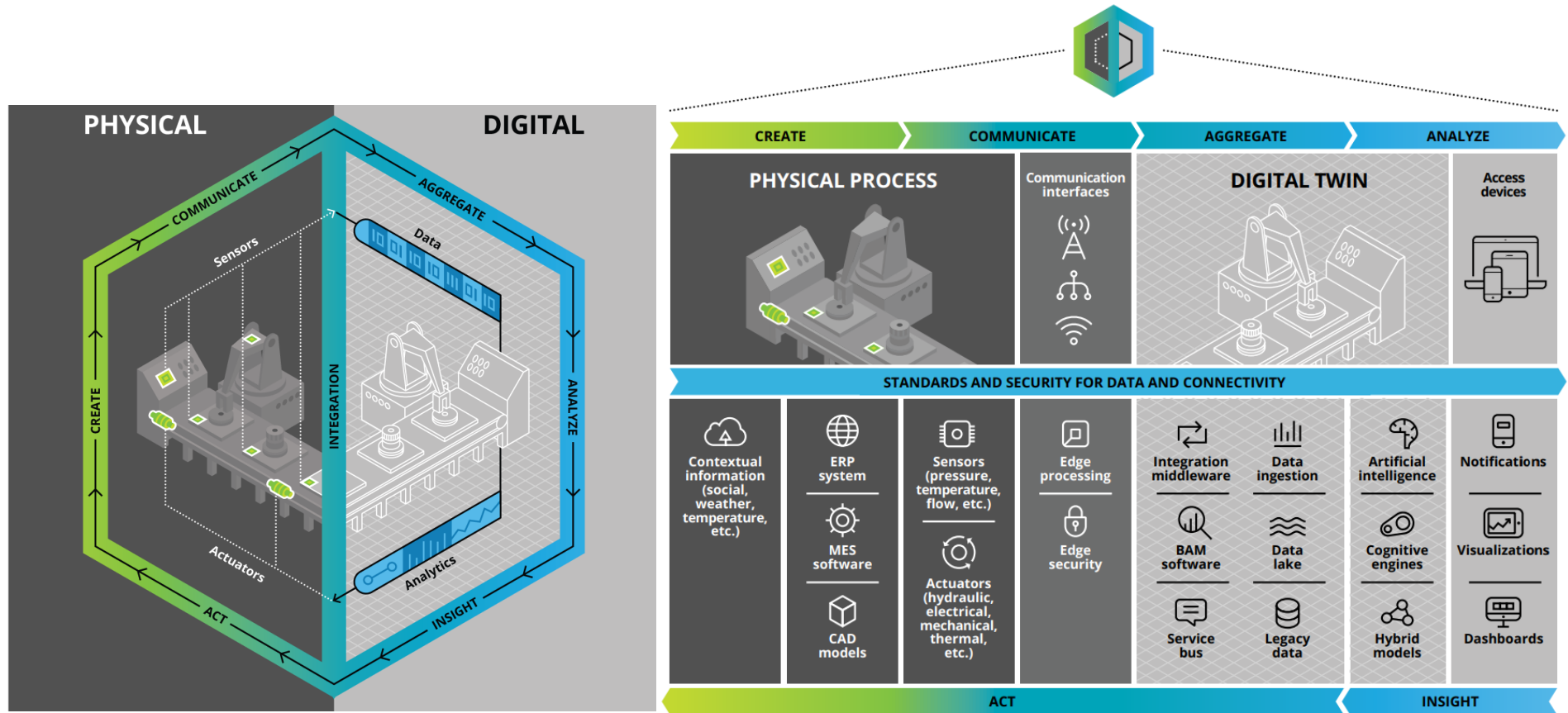


- Solution to real world problems

- Design/Production/Circulation/Operation
- Health
- Optimization
- ...



Conceptual Model by Deloitte



Parrott, Aaron, and Lane Warshaw(2017). "Industry 4.0 and the digital twin." In Deloitte University Press, pp. 1-17.

Components of 3D geospatial data base digital twin

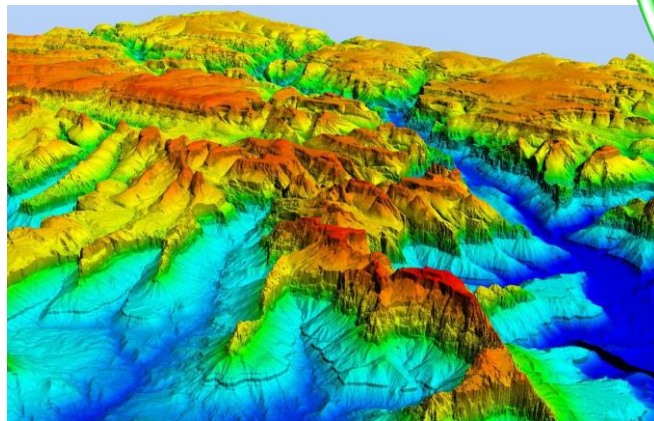
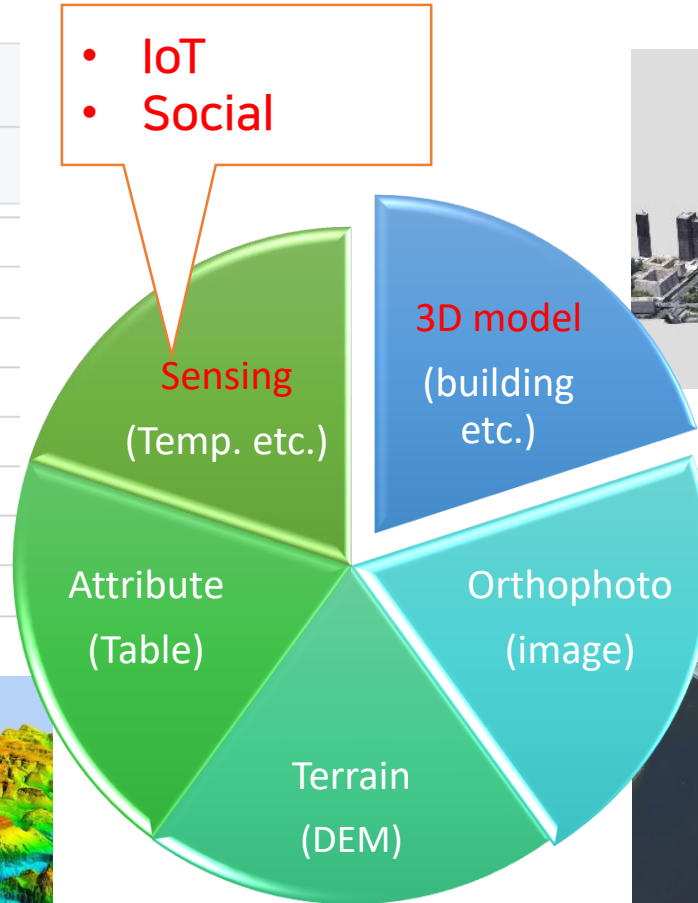
행복도시 대통령기록관

세종특별자치시 다솜로 250
(지번 : 세종특별자치시 어진동 614)

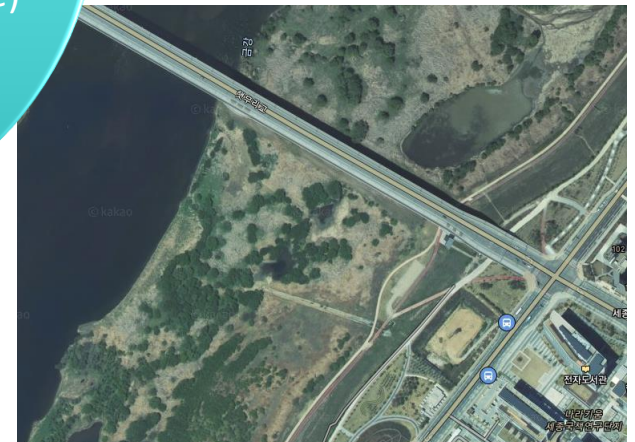
250, Dasom-ro, , Sejong-si, Republic of Korea
(지번 : 614, Eojin-dong, Sejong-si, Sejong-si, Republic of Korea)

건물명칭	행복도시 대통령기록관		
건물동명칭	-		
건물용도	-	구조	-
지상층수	4	지하층수	2
건물면적	.00 m ²	건물높이	.00 m
용적률	-	건폐율	-
연면적	.00 m ²	대지면적	.00 m ²
사용승인일자	-		

- IoT
- Social



Digital Elevation Model



Digital twin of Seoul



Self-learning virtual robot in DT

www.BANDICAM.com

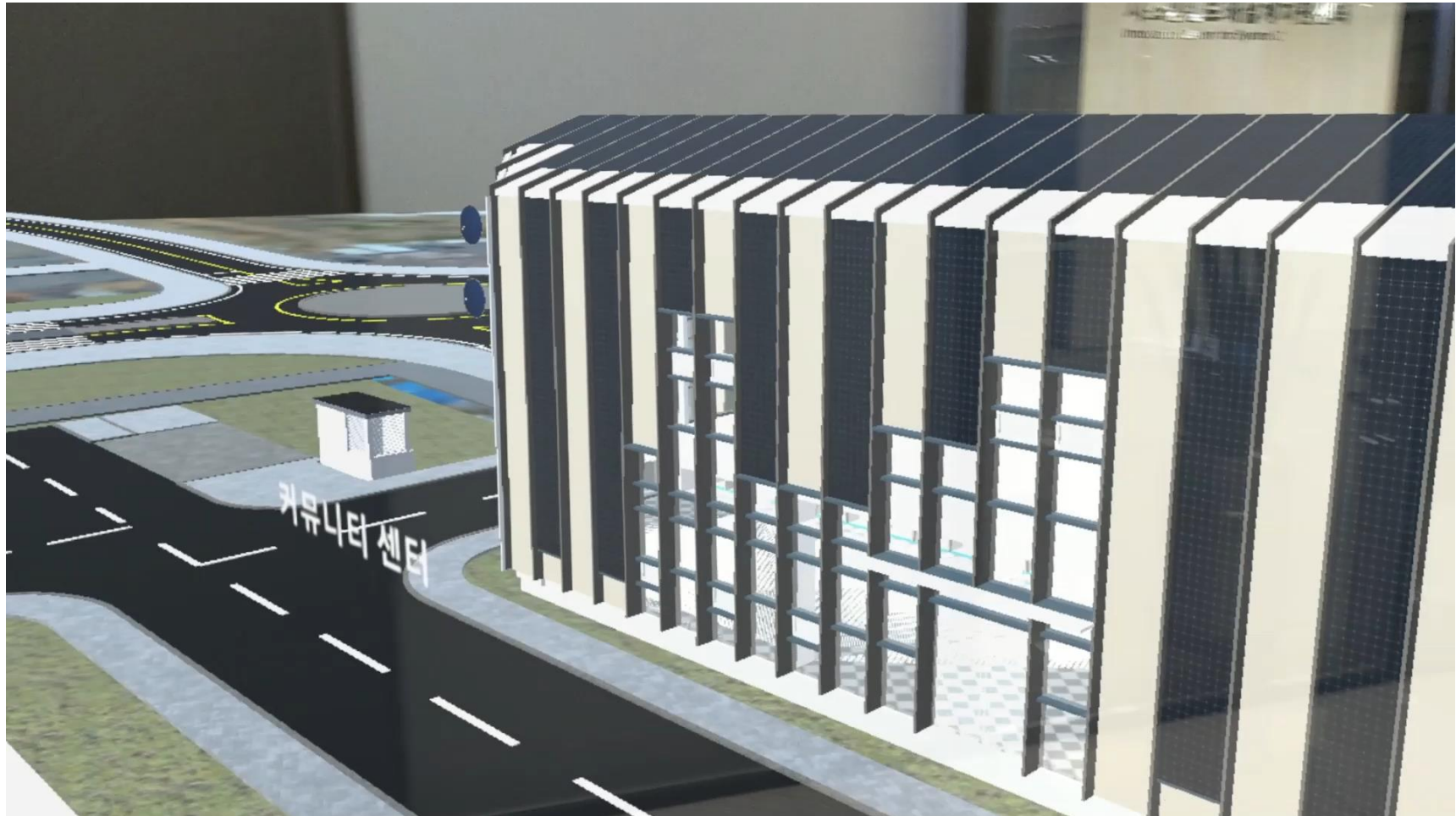
Show Controls Tutorial
Show Simple Controls Guide

PC
T
Tab

X Box
Start
Back



Utilization of BIM data in R&D project



Development of the third-phase new city by LH



를 기반 계획요소(용적률 · 높이) 정합성 검증



용적률 · 높이 · 세대수 변화 연동 분석



주요 조망점 분석



원경 · 중경 · 근경 스카이라인 분석



IoT 기반 실외 미세먼지 모니터링



IoT 기반 실내 재실자 모니터링

Development of the third-phase new city by LH



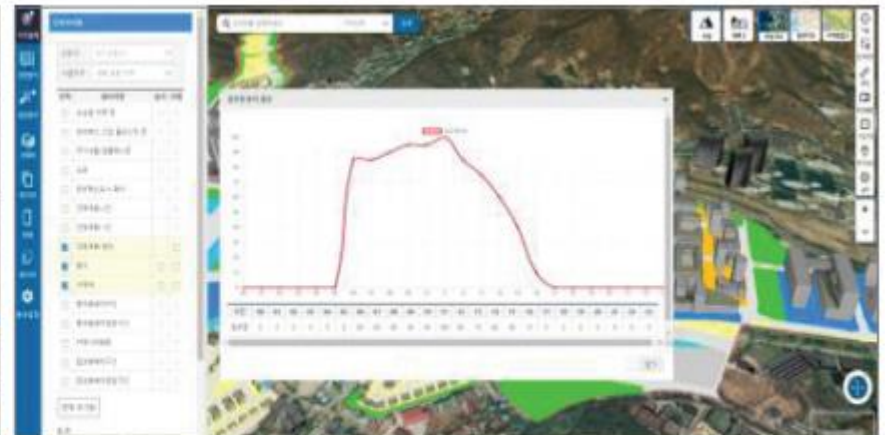
신도시 건설 전후 바람길 변화 예측 시뮬레이션



가로등, 가로수 시설물 가상 배치 시뮬레이션

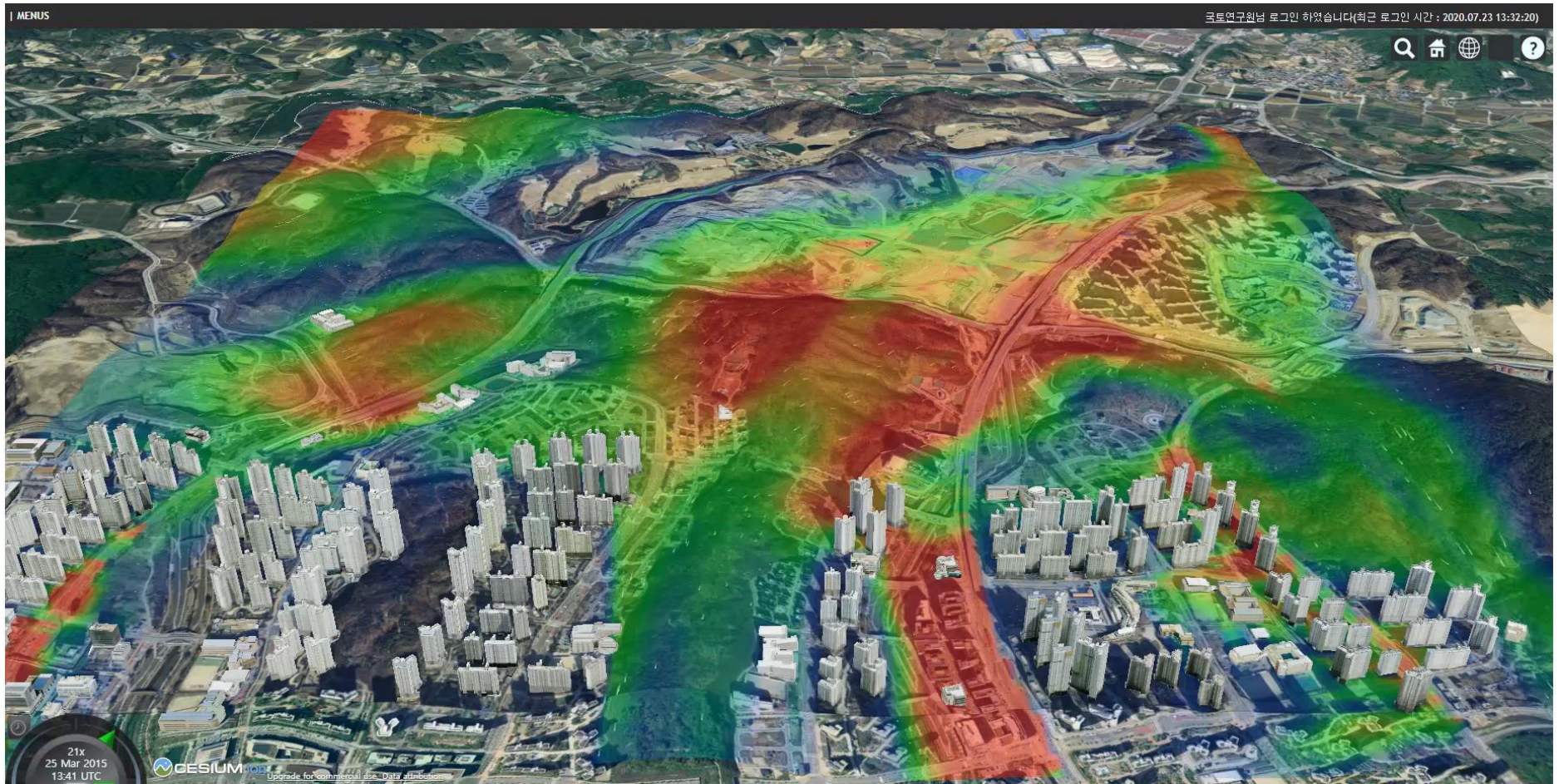


인접대지 영향 검토 일조분석



인접대지 영향 검토 일조결과

POC: Real-time visualization of air pollutant



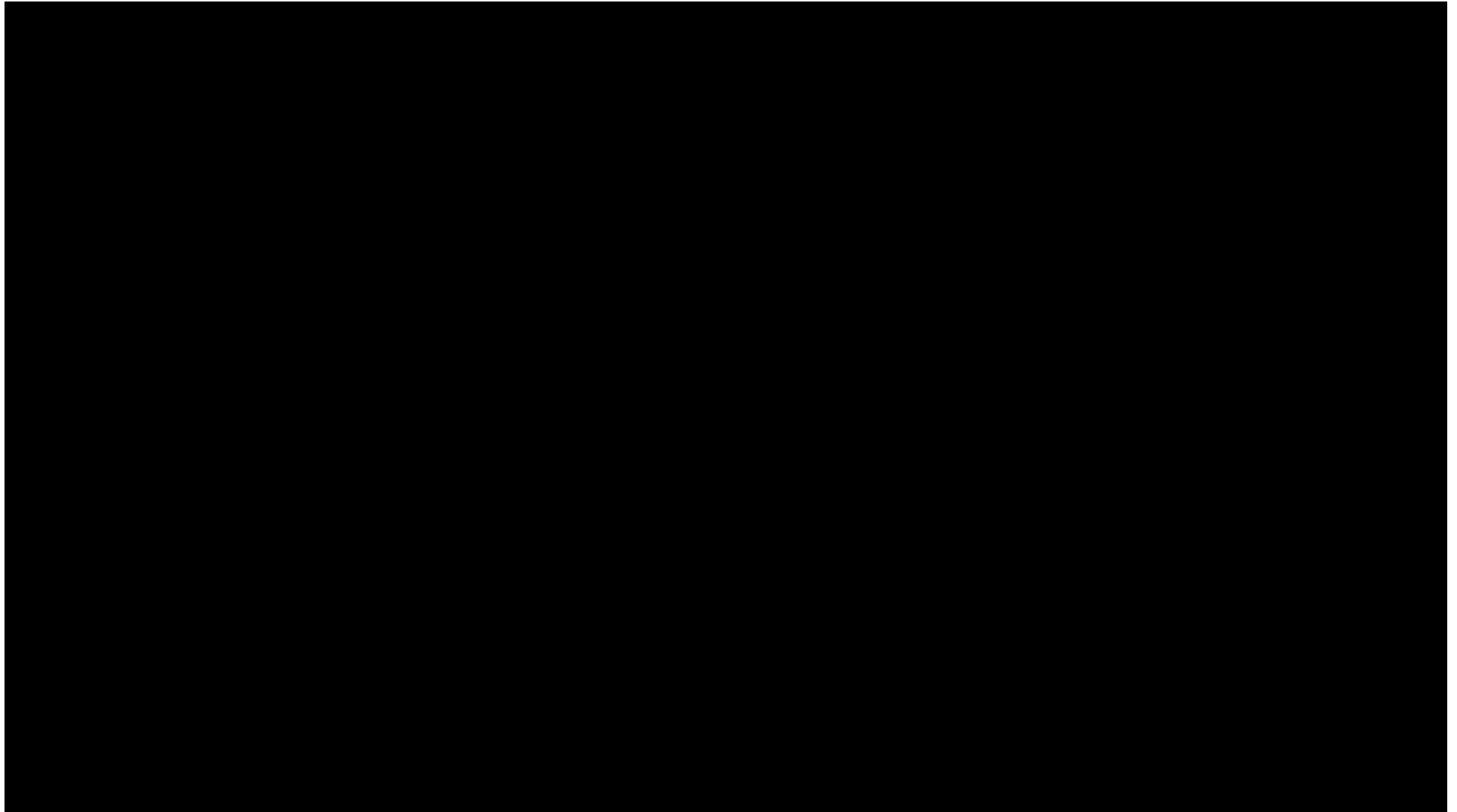
출처: 국토연구원(2020), 3기 신도시 특화 디지털트윈플랫폼 구축을 위한 마스터플랜수립연구 최종보고회

POC: Simulation of traffic policy

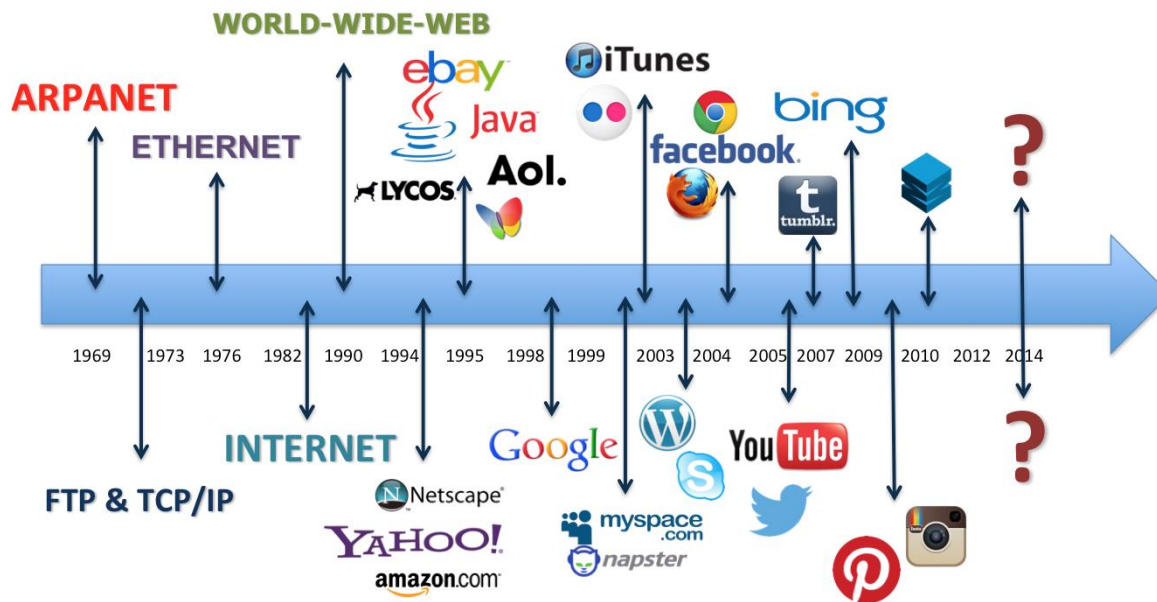


출처: 국토연구원(2020), 3기 신도시 특화 디지털트윈플랫폼 구축을 위한 마스터플랜수립연구 최종보고회

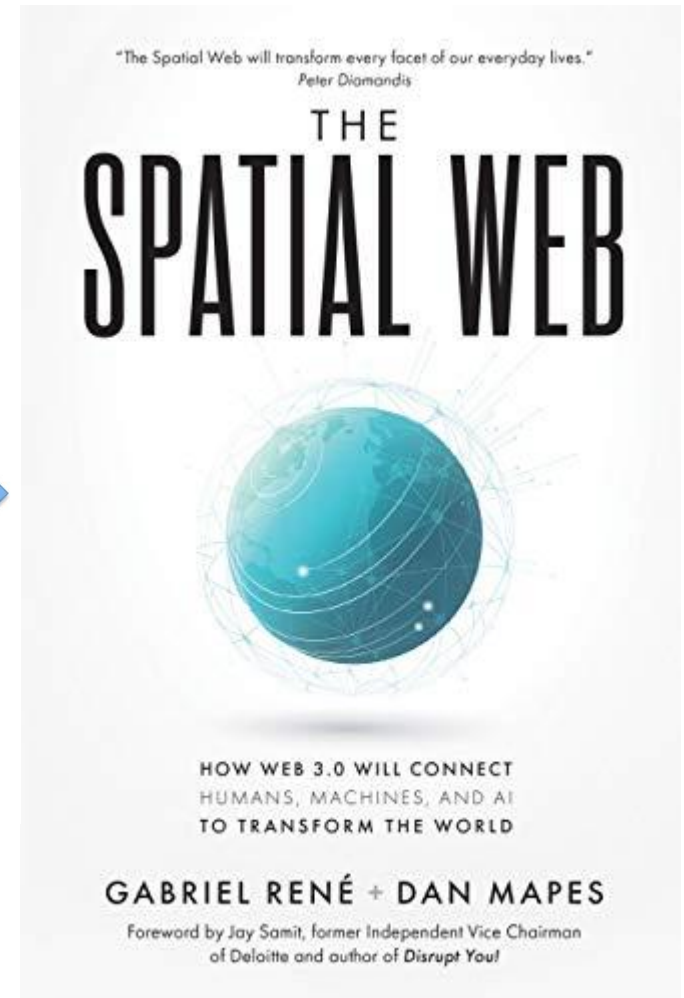
DT based game



Web 3.0 = spatial web



Source: <http://pykorry.com/25-years-of-the-internet/>



Convergence of real world and digital world

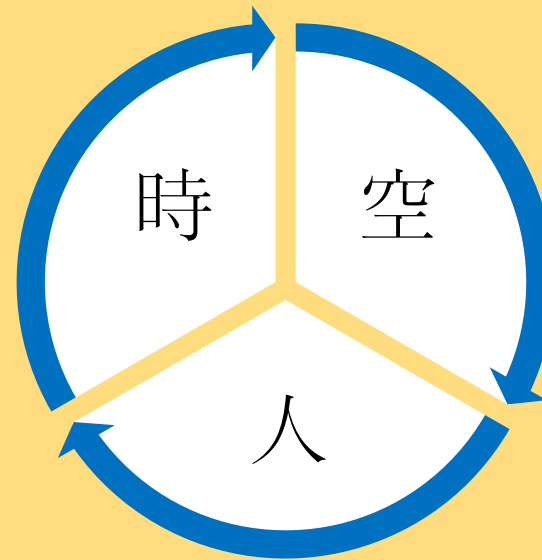
Offline

Online

→ Digital/virtual World
→ Digital parallel universe



Limited by space
and time



Eased limitations

Sharing info.
Resources
Hyper-connected
Interaction

⋮



Source: uploadvr.com/10-most-important-vr-developments-of-2015/

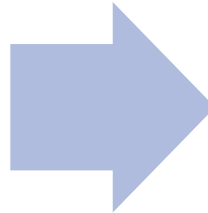
Digital parallel universe



국토교통부/과기부/산자부/행안부, 실감형 3D 도시모델 기술개발(2018-2022)

The future of NSDI

GEMINI Principle



NDTI

National Digital Twin Infrastructure

Public good
Must be used to deliver genuine public benefit in perpetuity

Value creation
Must enable value creation and performance improvement

Insight
Must provide determinable insight into the built environment

Security
Must enable security and be secure itself

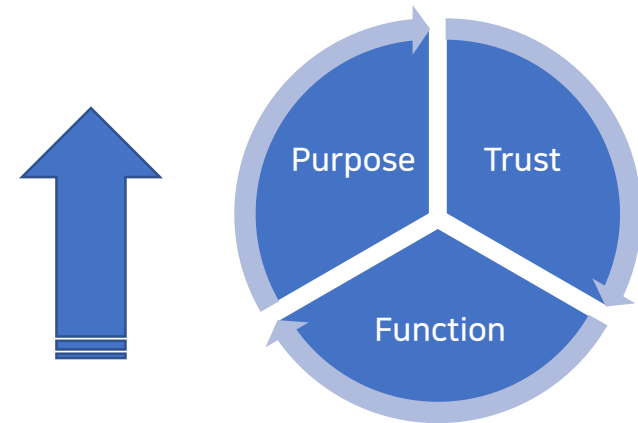
Openness
Must be as open as possible

Quality
Must be built on data of an appropriate quality

Federation
Must be based on a standard connected environment

Curation
Must have clear ownership, governance and regulation

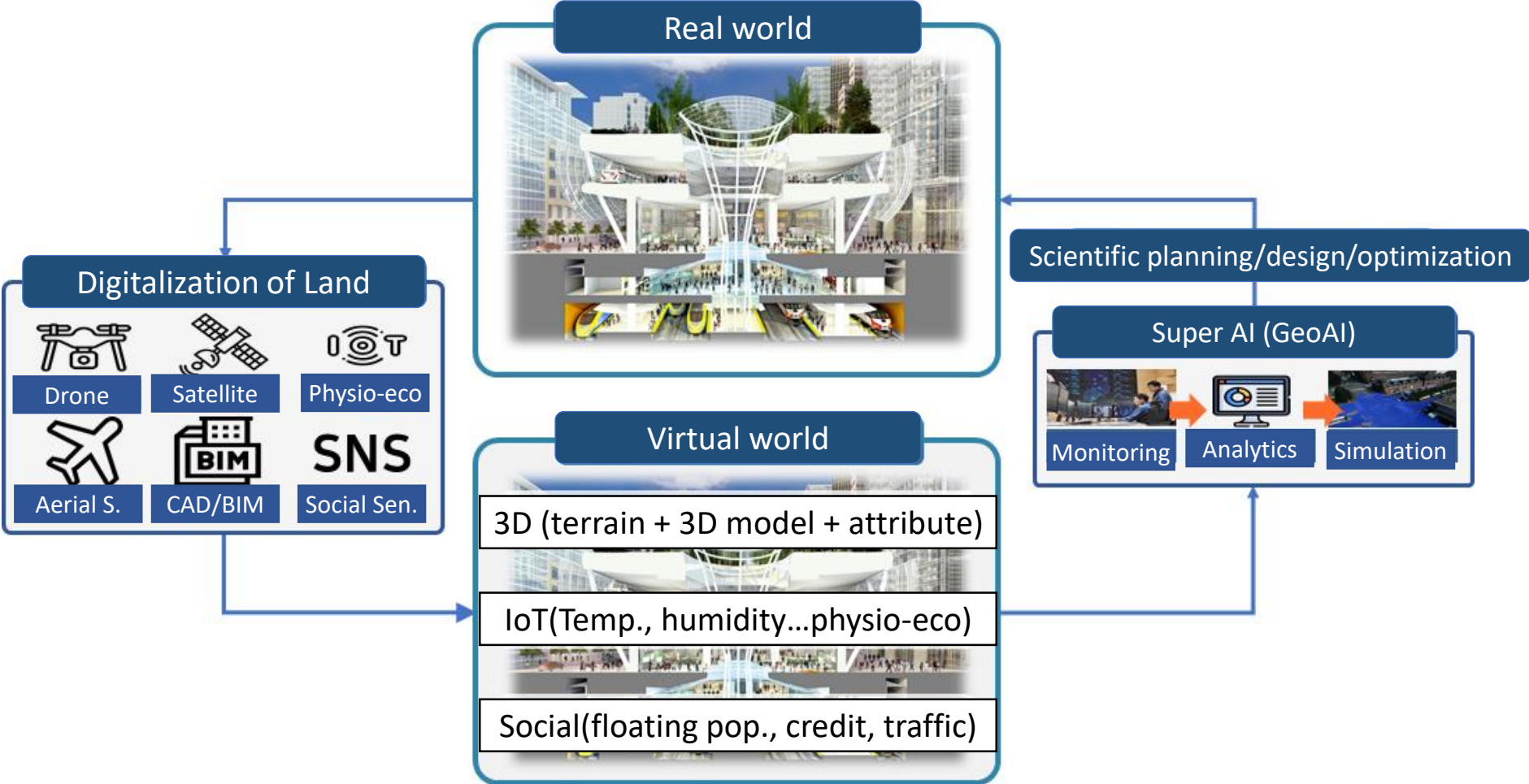
Evolution
Must be able to adapt as technology and society evolve



국가공간정보기반(NSDI)

National Spatial Data Infrastructure

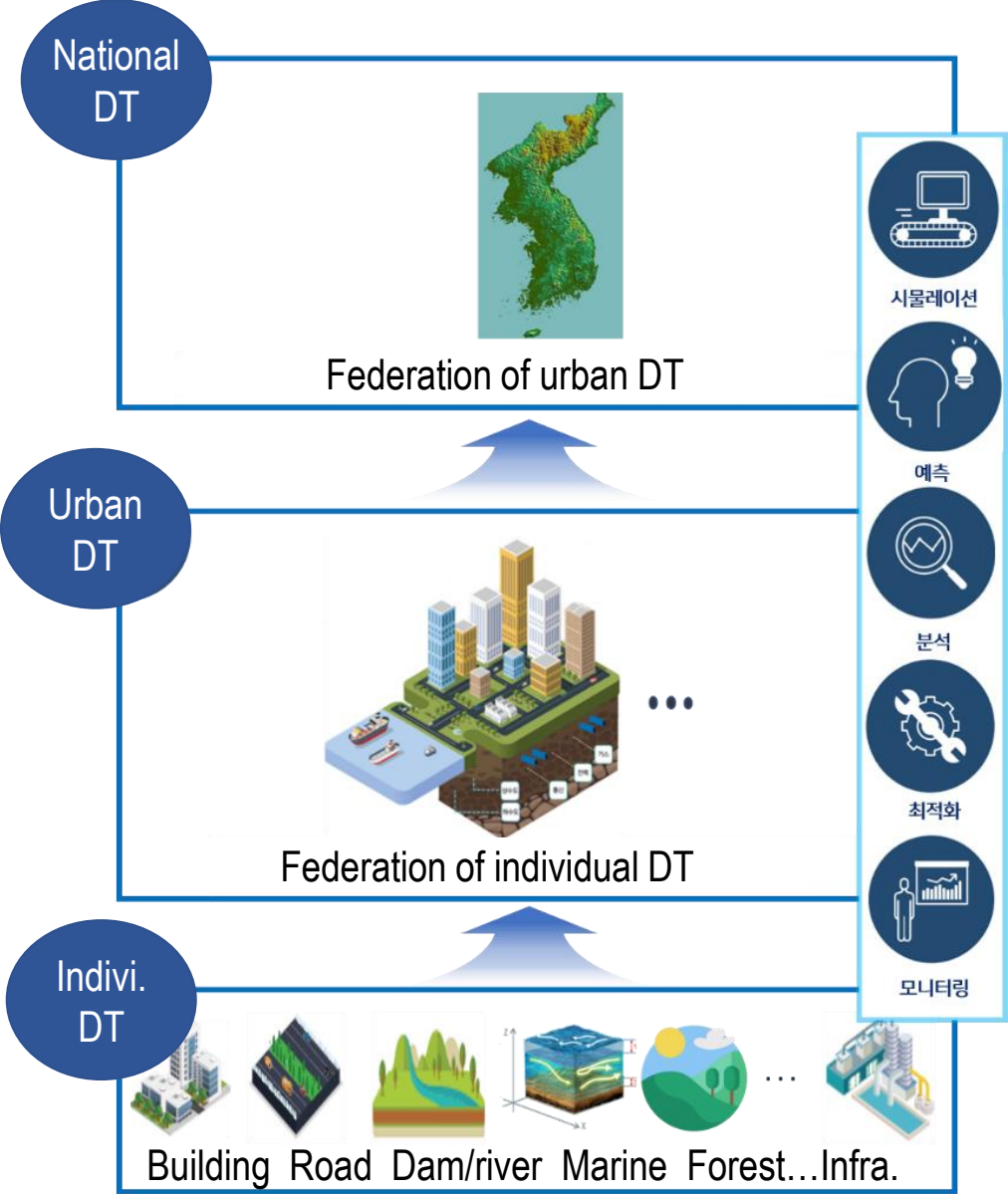
Establishing a nationwide system for building and utilizing DT in 7th Master Plan



National spatial data based Digital Twin

Establishing a nationwide system for building and utilizing DT

in 7th Master Plan






Lessons learned and policy directions

for NSDI and digital twin

Limitations of NSDI

- Low quality(accuracy, precision, fusion)
- High resolution data now opened
- No utilization of individual data(building/road...)
- Low consistency of legal systems
- No big but small companies
- Narrow ecosystem focused on data production

Lessons learned from the past

- 
- Collaboration system is critical
 - Institutional system required for sustainability
 - Data accuracy itself and consistency w/ others
 - Independent on commercial/specific software
 - Strong will and confidence required for leader
 - Transition from top-down to bottom-up



Thank you!

Any questions are welcomed!!

