Mapping the Energy Storage Value Chain Capabilities in Australia and Indonesia:

Identifying Opportunities for Collaborations & Partnerships

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Purpose

- → Indonesia and Australia are emerging as dominant participants in many aspects of the energy storage value chain, and strengthened global collaborations and partnerships are increasingly viewed as essential to collectively succeeding in the energy transition
- → Mapping bilateral capabilities will help us identify and focus collaboration and partnership opportunities





Background

- →2022 (Asian Development Bank + Bappenas + MoECRT) + (ITB, IPB, UI, UGM) = PRIME STeP investing in research and innovation
- →2022 Australia and Indonesia advancing partnerships in critical minerals and future battery industries
- → 2022 Nationally Determined Contributions submissions to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.

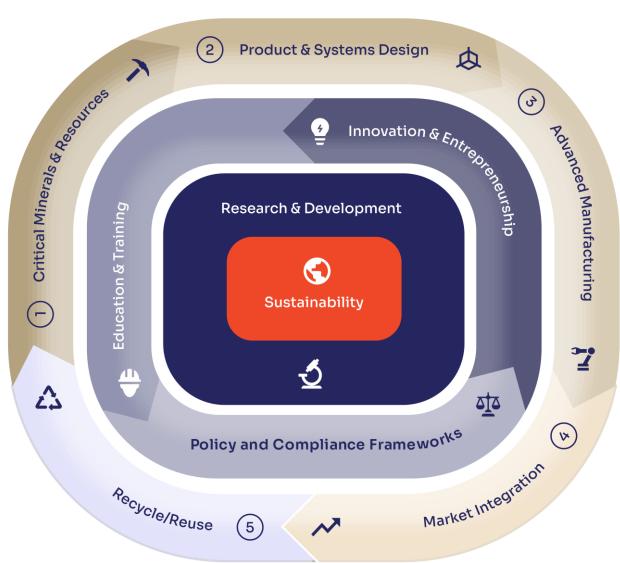


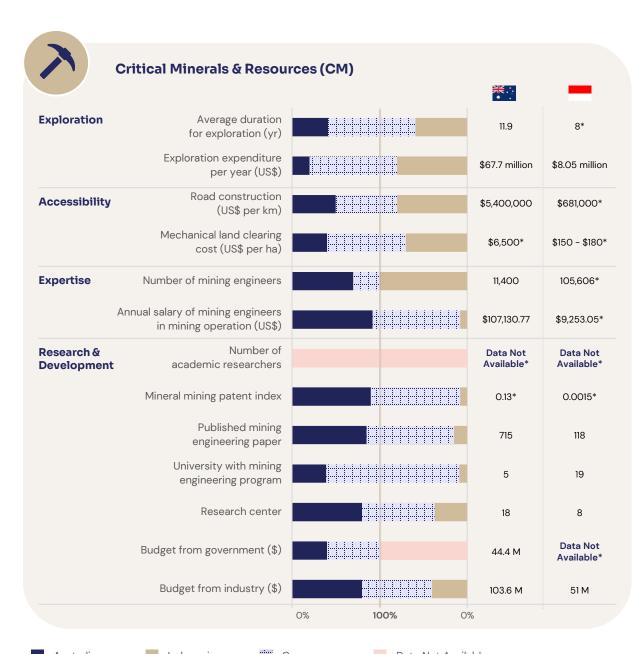


Concepting the Circular Value Chain Model

- → Sustainability at the core
- → R&D driven innovations and entrepreneurship
- → Knowledge and Skills through education and training
- → Good Policies and Compliance Frameworks accelerate solutions and protect consumers
- → Circularity from raw materials to second life and recycle.



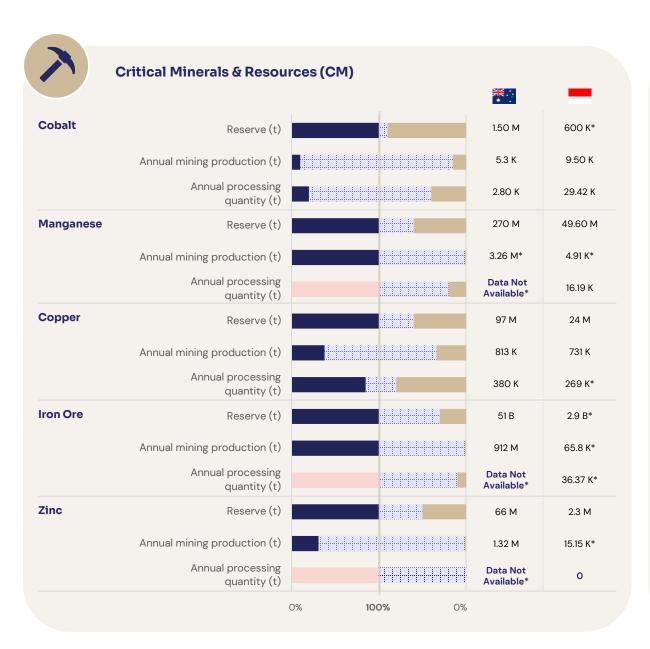








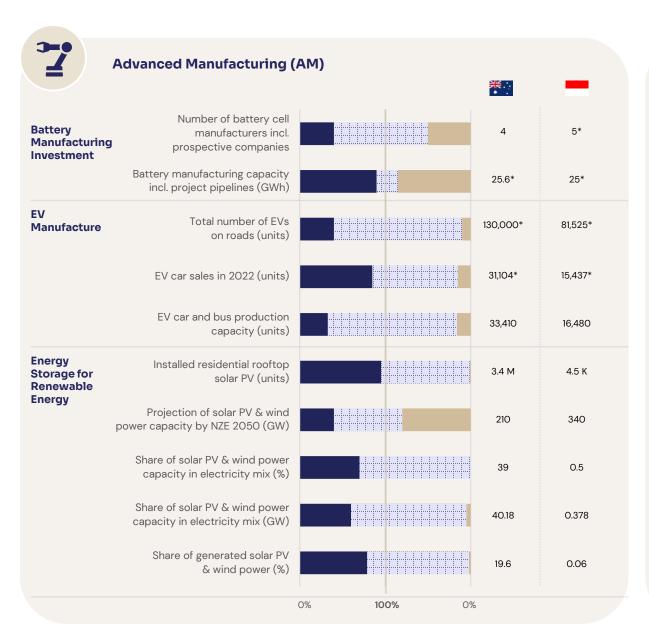


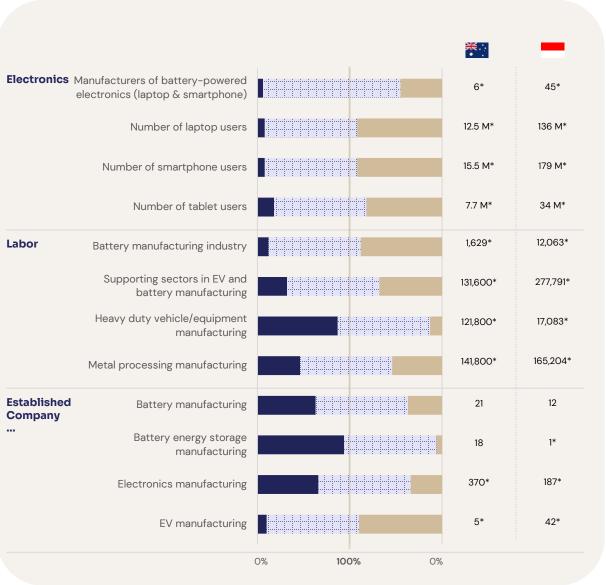














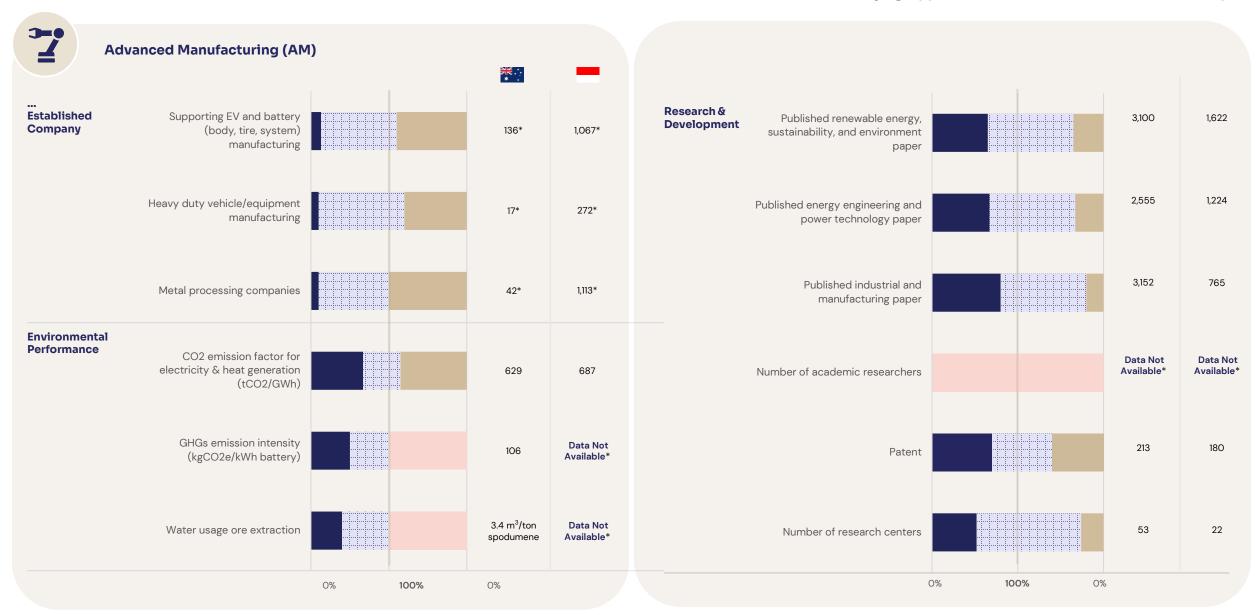






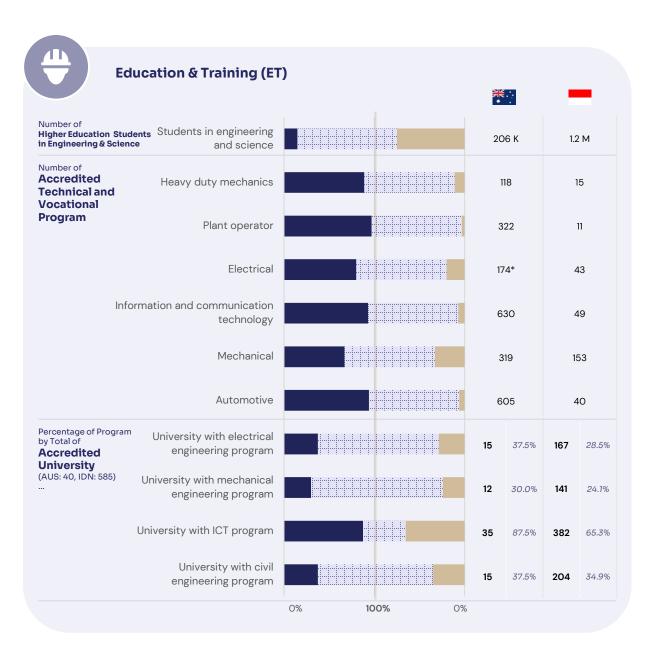
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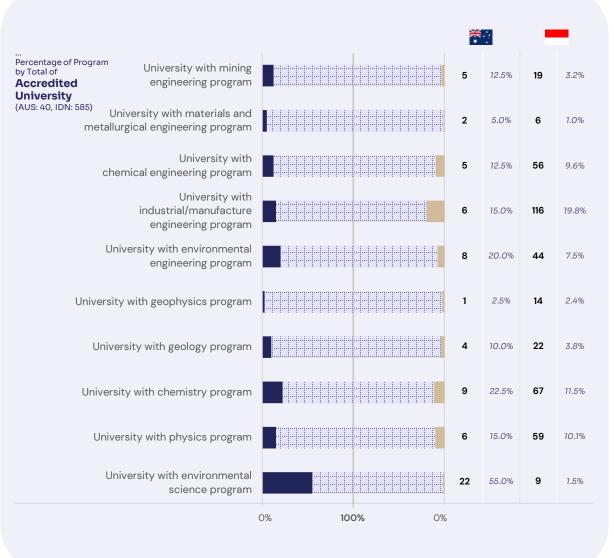
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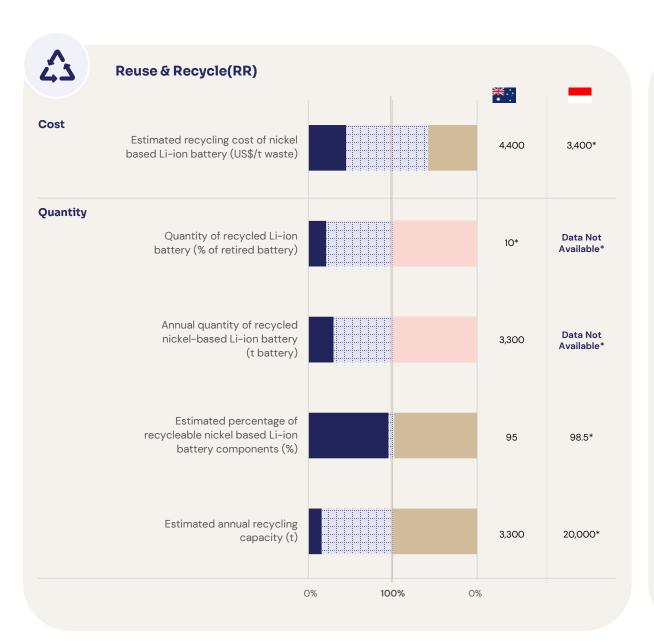


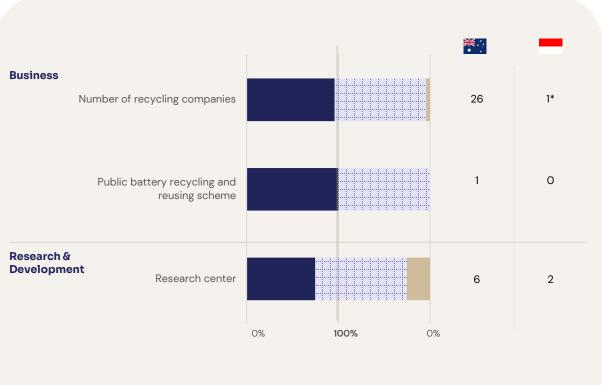








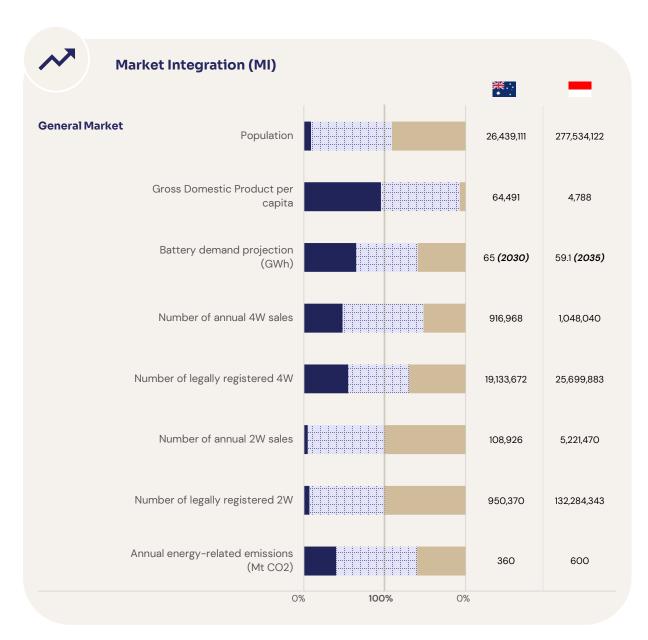


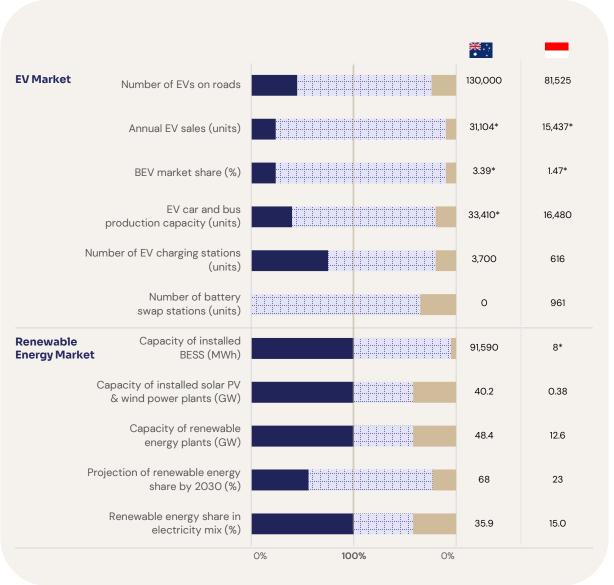
















Australia

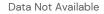






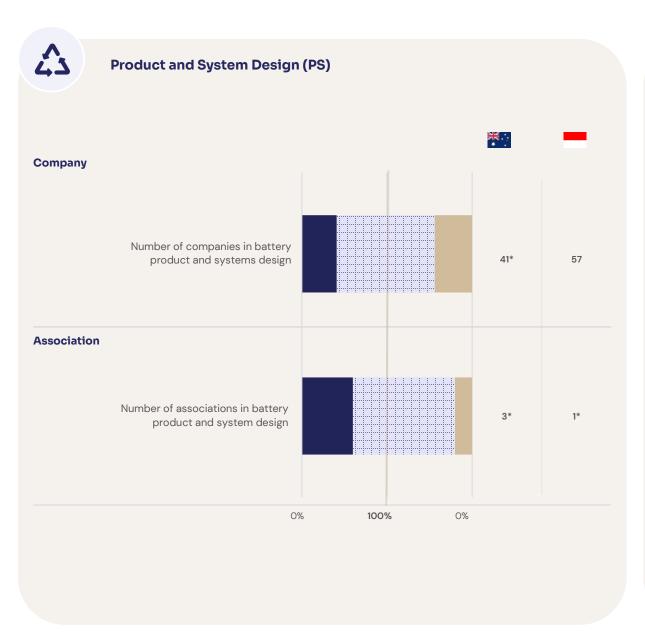


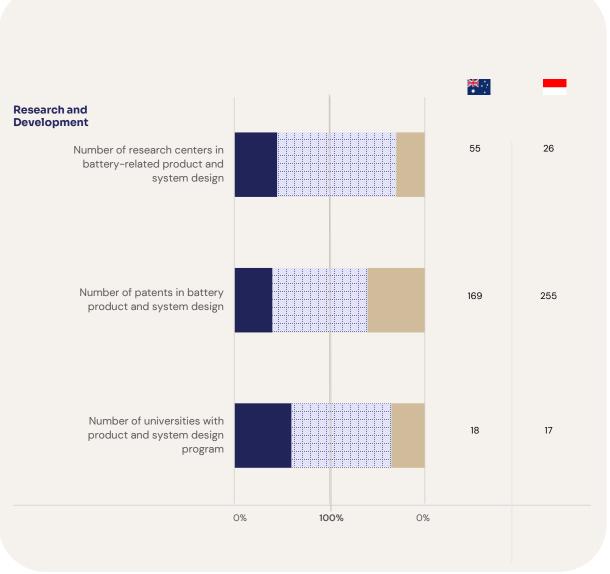






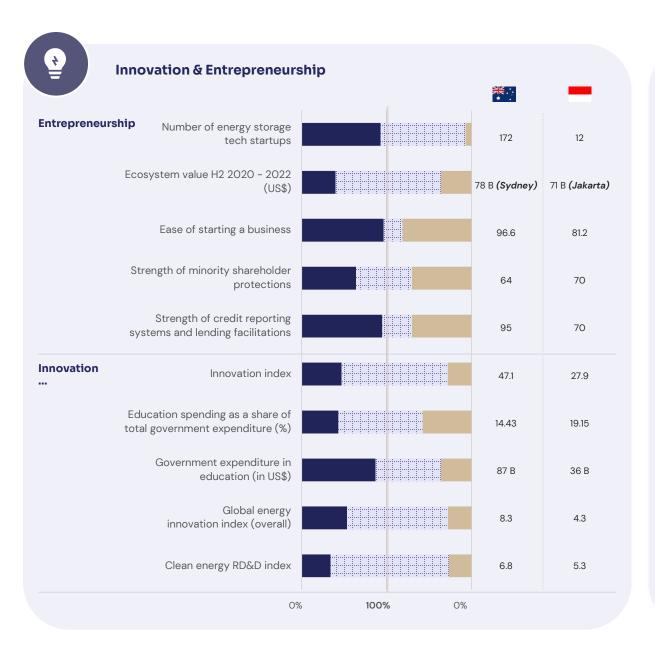


















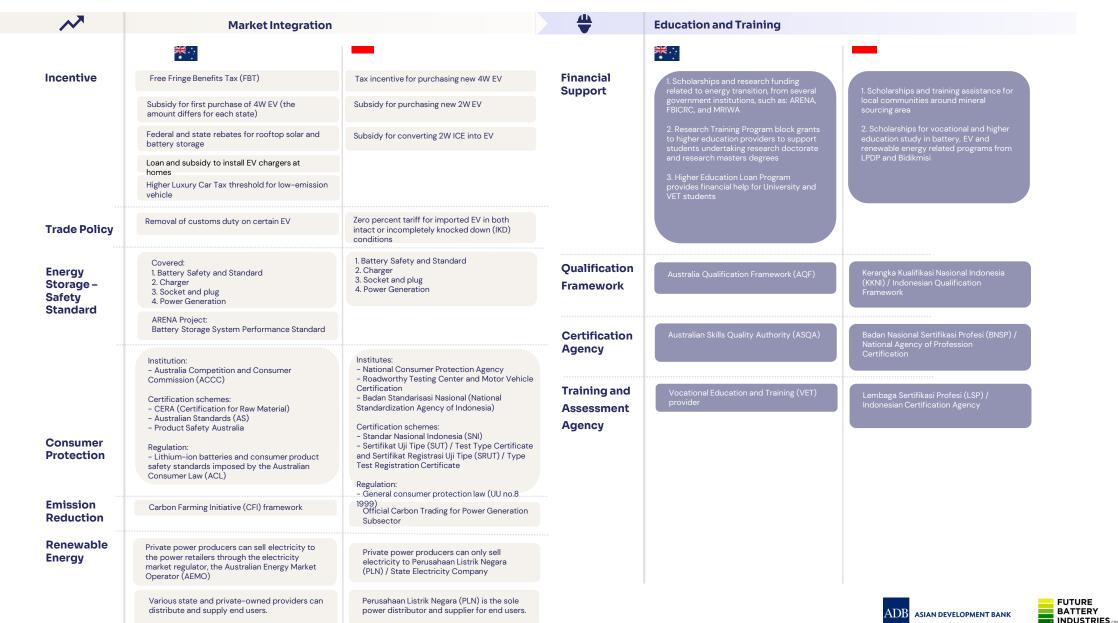


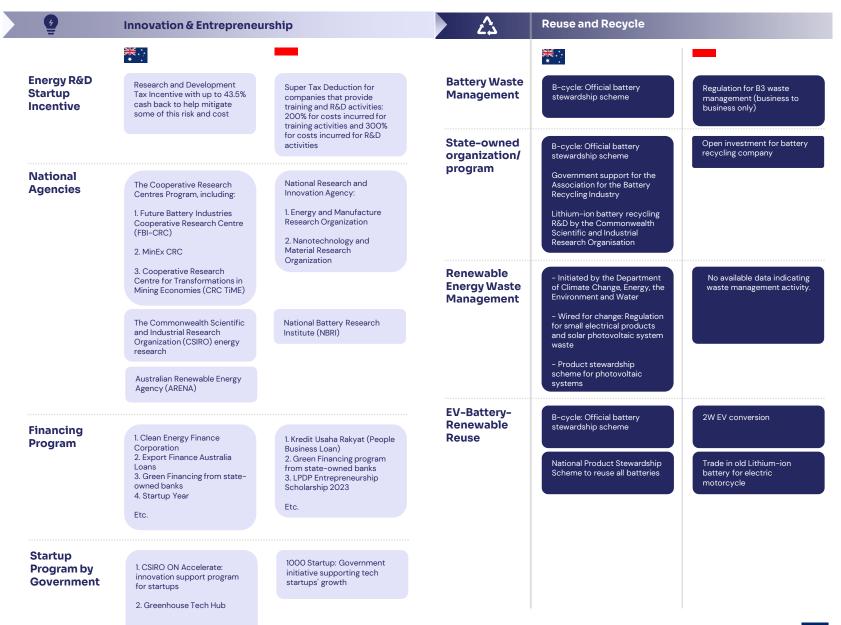
>	Critical Minerals & Resources		ぬ	Product and System Design		<u> </u>	Advanced Manufacture	
	* *			NZ NK	_		SIZ AK.	_
Import - Export	Regulated by Australian Trade and Investment Commission	Regulated by Directorate General of Customs and Excise and Ministry of Mining RI	Standard for EV design	Covered by Standards Australia: 1. Safety 2. Material 3. Installation 4. Electricity and Energy Storage 5. Charging Facilities 6. Electromagnetic Radiation Limits	Covered by Badan Standarisasi Nasional (National Standardization Agency of Indonesia) and the Ministry of Industry: 1. Safety 2. Material 3. Installation 4. Charging Facilities 5. Battery Testing	Standard for EV production	Covered by Standards Australia: 1. Safety 2. Material 3. Installation 4. Electricity and Energy Storage 5. Charging Facilities 6. Electromagnetic Radiation Limits	Covered by Badan Standarisasi Nasional (National Standardization Agency of Indonesia) and Ministry of Industry: 1. Safety 2. Material 3. Installation 4. Charging Facilities 5. Battery Testing
	Mining companies are permitted to export and import raw materials	Indonesia stops raw material export activities (UU No.3/2020)						
Refining	Mining companies can build smelters by considering environmental impacts of mining and minerals processing	Mining companies are obligated to build their smelter (UU No.3/2020)						
Expertise	Min. requirement: VET, Diploma, and Standard 11 Certification	Min. requirement: Regulated by the Ministry of Energy & Mineral Resources, referring to SKKNI standards	Renewable Energy	Regulated by Electrical Equipment Safety System (EESS), Australian Energy Market Operator (AEMO), and Standards Australia: 1. Safety 2. Battery Energy Storage System (BESS) 3. System Reliability 4. Consumer Protection	Badan Standarisasi Nasional (National Standardization Agency of Indonesia) and Perusahaan Listrik Negara (PLN) get direct deposition by Indonesian Government. 1. Photovoltaic 2. Battery Energy Storage System (BESS)	Battery	Adopts international battery standards from International Electrotechnical Commission and International Organization	standards from International Electrotechnical Commission
	Minimum salary: National Minimum Wages (per hour)	Minimum salary: Regional Minimum Wages (per month)					for Standardization	
	Safety Certification ISO 45001	Safety Certification ISO 45001				Renewable Energy	Regulated by Electrical Equipment Safety System (EESS), Australian Energy Market Operator (AEMO), ARENA, and Standards Australia: 1. Safety 2. Battery Energy Storage System (BESS) 3. System Reliability 4. Consumer Protection	Badan Standarisasi Nasional (National Standardization Agency of Indonesia) and Perusahaan Listrik Negara (PLN) receive direct deposition by the Indonesian Government: 1. Photovoltaic 2. Battery Energy Storage System (BESS)
National Strategies or Initiatives	Australia does not have a holding state-owned enterprise of its mining industry	Establishment of a holding state- owned enterprise of the mining industry, MIND ID:						
	Critical Minerals Strategy 2023– 2030, including incentives, grants, and support for CRCs: 1. Future Battery Industries Cooperative Research Centre (FBI-	1. PT ANTAM Tbk 2. PT Bukit Asam Tbk 3. PT Freeport Indonesia 4. PT Indonesia Asahan Aluminium (Persero) 5. PT Timah Tbk	Battery	Adopts battery standards from the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC)	Adopts battery standards from the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC)			
	CRC) 2. MinEx CRC 3. Cooperative Research Centre for Transformations in Mining Economies (CRC-TIME)	Indonesia does not have a national critical minerals strategy				National program / strategy	National Battery Strategy (awaiting completion)	Establishment of Indonesia Battery Corporation as the national strategy to run end- to-end battery industry
Sustainability	Certification of Raw Materials (CERA)	Government Regulation for Implementation of Environmental						development
	Initiative for Responsible Mining Assurance (IRMA)	Protection and Management (PP no.22 2021) *general, not specific to mining				Environment Performance Standard	Environmental standard referring to Certification of Raw Materials (CERA) and ISO 14001 Environmental	Obligated environmental assessment and analysis for industry (AMDAL)
Worker Assurance	Work, Health, and Safety in the mining industry is regulated by states and territories	Work, Health, and Safety in the mining industry is regulated by the central government through UU					Management	





Policy and Compliance Frameworks









Practical Recommendations



Coordination of Continuing Australia-Indonesia Focused Research for the Energy Transition

We recommend an independent focal point for coordinating continuing Australia-Indonesia focused energy transition research, and that energy storage technologies and industries, critical minerals, sustainable mining, policy and compliance frameworks, trade and investment issues, and human capital development be prioritized in its purpose.





Coordination of Skills Exchanges in High Impact Areas of Sustainable Critical Minerals Mining

We recommend a coordinated and deliberate strategy to support the critical minerals mining sector to develop a program of strategic skills exchanges, and people-to-people collaborations that promote advanced sustainable mining.





Promoting Energy Storage Industry Partnerships

We recommend that Indonesia's leading university science and technology parks (STP's) develop industry connect events to promote research, development, and innovation services to Australian energy storage industries, particularly those that are concurrently exploring market entry strategies and ongoing research at the technological readiness levels around testing systems in operational environments.





Expanding Professional Human Resource Development in Environmental Science

We recommend a more detailed analysis of the landscape of professional environmental science education in Indonesia and the capacity for bilateral academic and research partnerships, and human capital development planning initiatives to accelerate ongoing professional expertise that secures the future for environmental and sustainability oversight.





Promoting Green Skills Development

We recommend that Australia and Indonesia accelerate their partnerships around skills training with particular focus on the broad range of green skills throughout the energy storage value chain and the energy transition more generally.





Government Renewable Energy Agency Cooperation

We recommend the establishment of an Indonesia-Australia joint working group to explore cooperation amidst the compliance and standards frameworks throughout the energy storage value chain identified in this study.





Innovation and Entrepreneurship Partnerships

We recommend that Indonesia's PRIME STeP program, and other innovation and start-up incubation communities actively strategize to co-opt industry partners, investors, tech innovators, and researchers to connect, co-innovate, and catalyze start-up incubation and job creation throughout the energy storage value chain.





Isolated and Small Community Grid Networks

We therefore recommend a practical project initiative to explore industry—based technology solutions specific to isolated and small communities. One form that the project could explore is that of a technology solution challenge, in which industry leaders, entrepreneurs, investors, climate tech experts, scientists, or policymakers connect, collaborate, and co-innovate.





Summary

We aimed to highlight with compelling evidence, the opportunities for Australia and Indonesia to expand on decades of collaborations and partnerships and work together to co-create value, create meaningful jobs, and innovate together to solve an integral part of a just energy transition.





