



High Level Summary of Stakeholder Feedback



DMCs

- Recognize the importance of safeguards.
- Still some implementation challenges with the SPS
- Avoid unnecessary transaction costs
- Support closer alignment with country safeguard systems (CSS)
- Greater consistency between MFI policies and procedures would reduce transaction costs
- Need improved guidance & enhanced capacity support from early stages for country and project

CSOs

- Don't weaken / water down safeguards
- Concerns on gaps and potential use of CSS
- Enhance stakeholder engagement and disclosure.
- Ensure safe space and address risks of retaliation.
- Concerns on safeguards for financial intermediaries
- Enhance focus on climate change, biodiversity, gender, vulnerable groups, sexual orientation and gender identity, labor issues, Indigenous People
- Include human rights due diligence

Private sector

- Convergence with International Finance Corporation (IFC) Performance Standards and Equator Principles.
- Closer alignment with CSS and national requirements
- Align disclosure requirements with IFC and other multilateral financing institutions (MFIs)
 (e.g., reduce 120-day disclosure for EIAs to 60 days)
- Greater clarity & guidance on requirements; provide technical support during preparation and implementation

Preparation Schedule





Proposed Policy Architecture



Environmental and Social Framework

Vision ASPIRATIONAL (linkage to SDGs, environmental and social development priorities) Env. & Social **Prohibited Environmental Standards Environmental MANDATORY** Investment and Social (ESS) for & Social Policy (E&S **Activities List Borrowers and Framework** Policy) **Clients Requirements for Different Financing Modalities MANDATORY ADB Operations Manual and Staff Instructions MANDATORY PROCEDURES** Training and awareness materials & Guidance Notes for each ESS **GUIDANCE & NON-MANDATORY SUPPORTING** tools, Outline terms of reference Good Practice Guidance **MATERIALS**

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Environmental and Social Policy Standards (ESS)

10 proposed standards build off the current requirements of the Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS





Assessment & Management of Environment and Social Risks and Impacts



Labor and Working Conditions



Resource Conservation and Pollution Prevention



Health, Safety and Security



Land Acquisition and Land Use Restriction



Biodiversity and Sustainable Natural Resources Management



Indigenous Peoples



Cultural Heritage



Climate Change



Stakeholder Engagement and Information Disclosure

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Environment and Social Policy (E&S Policy) ADB's Responsibilities



The E&S Policy sets out: (i) policy objectives; (ii) scope; and (iii) ADB responsibilities, including:

- Preparing environmental and social (E&S) risk classification in consultation with borrowers/clients
- 2. Reviewing of **E&S** assessments undertaken by a borrower/client, proportionate to the nature and scale of risks
- Assisting borrowers/clients in identifying assessment and management tools appropriate to the E&S risks
- 4. Supporting borrowers/clients with strengthening of their E&S systems and performance
- Agreeing with borrowers/clients on the conditions under which ADB will consider financing a project, which will be set out in an Environmental and Social Commitment Plan and/or Environmental and Social Action Plan (ESCP/ESAP)

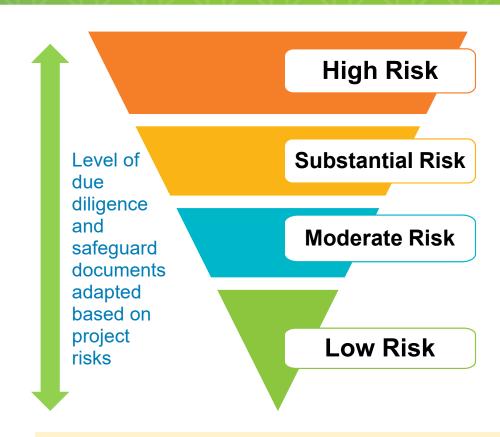
- 6. Supporting borrowers/clients to carry out early and continuing meaningful consultation with relevant stakeholders and provide project-level grievance mechanisms, consistent with the Environmental and Social Standards (ESSs)
- 7. Reviewing and monitoring the E&S performance of a project throughout a project life cycle in accordance with the ESSs and the ESCP/ESAP

Environment and Social Policy

A New Approach to Risk Classification



- » Risk screening determines standards triggered, risks to focus on, and resource needs. Not all standards may be triggered by a project
- » Integrated environmental and social risk screening and classification:
 - Direct, indirect and cumulative impacts
 - Inherent risk factors in different sectors
 - Vulnerability and sensitivity of people and environment
- » Also considers other risks (New)
 - Contextual risk factors
 - Performance / capacity related risk
- » There will be one risk classification assigned to a project (no longer a separate classification for ENV, IR and IP)
- » Safeguard documents will present the basis for risk classification, including risks related to individual standards

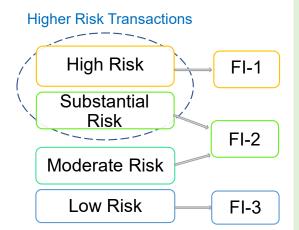


Simplified comparison to SPS categorization
Cat A (=High); Cat B (=Substantial or Moderate); Cat C (= Low)

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Risk Classification of Financial Intermediaries

All transactions involving FIs are classified as "FI" with the following sub-classification based on the E&S risk profile of the proposed portfolio of transactions supported with ADB's financing:



FI-1: financial exposure to business activities with potential significant adverse E&S risks and impacts that are diverse, irreversible, or unprecedented

FI-2: potential limited adverse E&S risks and impacts that are few in number, generally site-specific, largely reversible, and readily addressed through mitigation measures; or includes a very limited number of business activities with potential significant adverse environmental or social risks or impacts that are diverse, irreversible, or unprecedented

FI-3: financial exposure to business activities that predominantly have minimal or no adverse environmental or social impacts

Higher Risk Transactions- For Fls with portfolio and/or proposed activities and transactions that present high to substantial E&S risks (part or all of FI-1 and FI-2 portfolio). These transactions supported by ADB financing will apply the ESSs

Safeguards Application Across Financing Modalities



New Provisions and Improved Requirements

Financial Intermediaries (FI)

ADB's responsibilities:

- Undertake due diligence, determine the E&S risk classification, review and provide guidance on the need and adequacy of an ESMS to be used by an FI
- Review and disclose relevant FI information (e.g., summary of ESMS, monitoring reports, relevant assessment and management tools)
- ADB will review all higher risk transactions financed by ADB

Note: ESMS = environmental and social management system

FI requirements:

- Require FI-1 and FI-2 to develop an EMS, proportionate to the nature and scale of the E&S risks and impacts associated with activities and transactions supported by ADB financing. For FI-3, E&S screening procedures need to confirm minimal or no adverse E&S risks or impacts
- Higher risk transactions: refer all such transactions financed for ADB's review, clearance and disclosure; monitoring reports will contain details of each activity and transaction supported by ADB financing
- Require stakeholder engagement and grievance mechanism, and provide safe and healthy working environment for workers

