





REGIONAL FLYWAY INITIATIVE TRAINING SERIES: Workshop on Wetland Ecosystem Services and Nature-based Solutions BANGLADESH

27–29 May 2024

East Asian-Australasian Flyway - Regional Flyway Initiative

Introduction to the Preliminary Scoping Appraisal of the Toolkit for Ecosystem Service Site-based Assessment (TESSA)

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Preliminary Scoping Appraisal

Step 1.

Preparation



What is the t site'? site context

Who are the stakeholders?

How will you communicate the results?

Step 2. Preliminary scoping appraisal

What will change in ecosystem service delivery as a result of a management or policy decision? What impact will this have on different groups of people in terms of the benefits they get from the site?

Step 3. Determine the alternative state

How do I define the plausible alternative state? How do I collect data for the alternative state?

Step 4. Planning the full assessment

Which services to assess

Which methods to use

Step 5.

Collect data at the assessment and comparison sites

Coastal protection Cultivated goods Cultural services Harvested wild goods Global climate Nature-based tourism

s Pollination

Water services

Step 6. Analyse and communicate the results

regulation

Presenting and Communicating results



TOOLKIT FOR ECOSYSTEM SERVICE SITE-BASED ASSESSMENT

Version 3.0

Kelvin S.-H. Peh, Andrew P. Balmford, Richard B. Bradbury, Claire Brown, Stuart H. M. Butchart, Francine M. R. Hughes, Lisa Ingwall-King, Michael A. MacDonald, Anne-Sophie Pellier, Ali J. Stattersfield, David H. L. Thomas, Rosie J. Trevelyan, Matt Walpole & Jenny C. Merriman.



Preliminary Scoping Appraisal (PSA)

- Scoping exercise.
- Initial understanding of the dynamics of a site.
- Helps us understand:
 - Ecosystem services provided by a site.
 - Changes on provision of ecosystem services under plausible future changes.
- *This workshop*: we will use the PSA (with elements from other tools):
 - 1. Site boundaries.
 - 2. Habitat types.
 - 3. Provision of ecosystem services.
 - 4. Drivers of change.



Documentation of ES in RFI wetland sites of Bangladesh

- This workshop: Combination of toolkits and resources:



Step 1. Site boundaries

- First step for documenting the ecosystem services provided by a site.
- Can define it manually, or by using available maps, reports, internet resources (e.g., Google Earth), etc.



Downloads

ountry:	Mexico
te number:	1777
rea:	4,257 ha
esignation date:	02-02-2008
oordinates:	21°04'N 86°48'W



Step 1. Site boundaries – this workshop

- We compiled site boundaries from five databases:
 - 1. Asian Waterbird Census: **P**
 - 2. Government of Bangladesh:
 - 3. World Database on Protected Areas:
 - 4. IBA (BirdLife International): 2
 - 5. EAAF: 🛙











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Step 2. Habitat types

- Classify the habitat types within each site.
- Resources: recent land cover/vegetation maps, etc.
- TESSA habitat classification is based on the Ramsar Classification System for Wetland Type:
 - 1. Marine/coastal.
 - 2. Inland.
 - 3. Human-made.



Step 2. Habitat types – this workshop

- We will follow TESSA: framework and habitat classification of wetlands.
- Total area and % of each land cover type.



	Current state			
(TESSA)	Cover (%)	Area (ha)		
1. Shrub-dominated wetlands	25	62.5		
2. Seasonal / intermittent / irregular rivers / streams / creeks	5	12.5		
3. Karst and other subterranean hydrological systems, marine / coastal	44	110.0		
4. Freshwater, tree-dominated wetlands	26	65.0		
TOTAL	100%	250.0		



Step 3. Ecosystem services – this workshop

- We will cover provisioning, regulating, and cultural services.
- We will follow:
 - RAWES toolkit: ecosystem services classification.
 - Recommended documentation for ecosystem services delivered by KBAs: recommended fields.
 - TESSA toolkit: Top 5 ecosystem services.

	RAWES	ES				KBAs]	TESSA			
Eco	system services	Ecosystem service provided by the site	Service is essential or non- substitutable	Benefici (<u>tick all</u> Within the site	aries of this that apply): Adjacent to the site	ES live Distant to the site	A high proportion of people in the surrounding area benefit from this ES	Additional detail on the ES, beneficiaries and/or importance	1. Top 5	2. Past	3. Future
Pro	visioning services: Compr	ise primarily m	aterials that can	be harves	sted or collec	ted from w	etlands and energ	gy taken from ecosystems.			
1	Provision of fresh water E.g., Water used for domestic drinking supply, for irrigation, for livestock, etc.										
2	Provision of food E.g., Crops, fruit, livestock, capture fisheries, uaculture, wild foods.										

Step 4. Drivers of change

- How activities will affect the site's habitats and biodiversity.
- TESSA framework: three components (0 3 code numbers):



Step 4. Drivers of change – this workshop

- We will follow: Ramsar R-METT 'Data sheet 3: Ramsar site threats'.
- Impact:
 - High: Serious impact.
 - Medium: Moderate impact.
 - **Low**: Driver is present, but with minimal impact.
 - **N/A**: Driver is not present.

Dri	ver of change	High	Medium	Low	N/A	Notes	
Res agri	sidential and commercial development wit cultural land uses with a substantial footpri	hin the nt.	wetland site	: Drivers	of change	from human settlements o	ar u
1	Housing and settlement						
2	Commercial and industrial areas						
3	Tourism and recreation infrastructure						

The alternative state - TESSA



Stakeholder engagement

The alternative state – TESSA rationale

- Most plausible change (e.g., management, land cover, habitat quality).
- TESSA: comparisons between current state vs. alternative state.
- Difference from changes in land use is useful to decision-makers.
- Measurements can be taken from a **real place.**



The alternative state – this workshop

- Area of each habitat type within the alternative state.
- We will follow the TESSA framework: total area and % cover.

Habitat type	Curre	nt state	Alternative state (business as usual)		
(1233A)	Cover (%)	Area (ha)	Cover (%)	Area (ha)	
1. Shrub-dominated wetlands	25	62.5	10	25.0	
2. Seasonal / intermittent / irregular rivers / streams / creeks	5	12.5	6	15.0	
3. Karst and other subterranean hydrological systems, marine / coastal	44	110.0	2	5.0	
4. Freshwater, tree-dominated wetlands	26	65.0	4	10.0	
5. Urban areas	0.0	0.0	70	175.0	
6. Bare ground	0.0	0.0	8	20.0	
TOTAL	100%	250.0	100%	250.0	

Documentation of ES in RFI wetland sites of Bangladesh



1. Scoping Exercise:

- Site boundaries.
- Habitat types.
- Ecosystem services.
- Drivers of change.
- 2. Alternative states.







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Assessment of cultivated goods, harvested wild goods, and nature-based recreation and tourism

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Cultivated goods

- Economic value of cultivated goods:
 - Include: e.g., aquaculture or plantation products, food and biofuel crops, livestock.
 - *Do not include*: e.g., timber from non-cultivated species.
- Data collection: Existing data, questionnaires.



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Cultivated goods – household questionnaire

1. General information	
Name/number of respondent (household)	U Aye Khaing (Male 4, Female 3)
Date	7 Feb 2015
Location/name of village	Pyin Pon village

2. Rice		1	
Do you grow rice?	Yes√	No	
If NO, do you intend to farm rice at the site in the			
future? (Yes/No)			
If YES, what is your total size of the land you farm in the	8 8	acres	
area (use local units of area if appropriate):			
Do you intend to expand your farm in the area in the	Yes,	4 acres	
future? If yes, by how much?			
Unit of measurement for that crop	1	in.	
Last year, how much rice did you produce?	70	0 tins	
Last year, what was the average price obtained per	600) tins	
unit**?			
Percentage for own use	2:	L %	
Percentage sold/bartered	7	9%	
Did you, or family members, spend (unpaid) time	ne Yes		
cultivating/ harvesting/ processing this crop? (Yes/No)			
If yes, how many person-days did you or your family	Cultiva	ting = one	
spend cultivating/ harvesting/ processing this crop last	m	onth	
year*?	Cultivatir	ng = 15 days	
	Processi	ng = 5 days	
Did you hire people to cultivate/harvest/process this	Y	es.	
crop? (Yes/No)			
If yes, how many person-days did hired people spend	50 per	son-days	
cultivating/ harvesting/ processing this crop last year*?			
What is the average daily wage rate you paid these hired	3500 kyats per day per		
people (outside of any reciprocal arrangements)?	pe	rson	
What is the cost of other inputs for this crop (seed,	570000 k	yats (570 \$)	
fertiliser, pesticide, water, fuel for machinery)*?			
What capital items (tools, materials or equipment) do	6,430,000	kyats (6430	
you need for cultivating/ harvesting/ processing this	_	\$)	
tools, mery)?	(Inclu	Ruffalo =	

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Harvested wild goods

- Volume, economic net value, and relative importance to people.
- From uncultivated areas:
 - *Include*: e.g., plants for food and medicine, animals hunted for food (fish) or decoration (feathers), fibres (timber, bamboo, rattan), livestock feed.
 - *Do not include*: e.g., crops, products from aquaculture or plantations.
- Data collection: Existing data, questionnaires.



Harvested wild goods – questionnaire for harvesters

Name/number of respondent					
Date					
Location/name of village					
Name of product (if more than 3 products, use additional forms)	1.	2.	3.		
Quantity and value of product					
Do you harvest this product from the site? (Y/N)					
a. Total days harvesting per year					
b. On average, total harvest per day over that period					
c. Estimated total quantity collected from the site per year*					
d. Unit					
e. Percentage for own use					
f. Percentage sold/ bartered					
g. Average price obtained per unit**					
Family labour					
h. Annual time taken by respondent and family members (unpaid) to harvest and process the product (person days)*					
Hired labour					
 Annual input of hired labour for harvesting and processing (person days)* 					
j. Typical daily wage rate paid for hired labour					
Equipment costs***					
k. What capital items (tools, materials, equipment) do you need for harvesting and processing this product?					
 How long do you expect each of these tools etc. to last? 					
m Tow much did each item cost to buy?					

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Nature-based recreation and tourism

- Annual total income from tourism/recreation.
- Data collection: Existing data, questionnaires, interviews to experts.



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Nature-based recreation and tourism

- Day trippers, domestic, and international tourists:
 - Origin.
 - Mode of transport.
 - Group size.
 - Length of the trip.
 - Money spent.
 - Reason of travel.

Site name/Location interviewed: Entrance Gate					
Date/Time: 5.2.2015 / 10:15 am					
Respondent number: ET002					
 Mode of Transport: Walk/Car/Bus/Motorcycle/Bicycl 	e/Others(please specify) Car				
Type: National day-tripper/Domestic tourist/Internat	tional tourist National day-tripper				
If applicable, how many persons in the travel	Number of adults 5 person				
group?	Number of children (under 5)				
4. Where are you from?	For national day-trippers and domestic tourists:				
	Indicate which town/city:				
Bago	Within 10 km of this site 🗆				
	Within 25 km of this site 🗆				
	More than 25 km of this site □				
	For international tourists				
	Indicate which country:				
5. Did you hav an entrance fee (normit to enter this	Marcate which country.				
site? (state currency)					
siter (state currency)	If yes, now much _300 MINIK (Indicate per				
	person or for the whole group)				
6. How much have you spent/do you expect to spend	Transport (e.g. petrol cost, bus fares etc; include				
in relation to this trip?	return trip)4000 MMK				
For each:	Food/drinks				
- indicate per person or for the whole group	Travel guides				
- indicate whether the suppliers are local (< 10 km) or	Souvenirs				
no-local (> 10 km). For example, a taxi/bus ride from	Others (please specify)				
Yangon is non-local, but the food/drinks bought at					
the stall outside the wetland is local					
Questions 7 – 10 for International tourists and domestic tourists only					
7. How many nights will you spend away from home					
whilst on this whole trip?					
8. Have you spent/do you plan to spend any nights at	Yes 🗆 No 🗆				
or near (less than 10 km) this site?	If Yes, state:				
	(1) Number of nights at or near this site:				
	(2) How much is the room rate per night:				
	(3) How much is the guesthouse meal				
	arrangement per person:				
9. In total, how much money do you expect to spend	Estimate (indicate per person or for the				
during your whole trip (state currency)	whole group)				
10. How many days will you spend at this site during	initia group/				
your whole trip?					
11. Please indicate what proportion of your reason	Landscape, nature or wildlife 50 %				
visiting this sit for the folling:	Cultural, spiritual (visiting reliaious or spiritual				
	an an spirite visiting is ous of spir dal				

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Example (Aung et al. 2021)

- *The site*: Moeyungyi Wetland Wildlife Sanctuary, Myanmar.
- Its value: Reservoir for birds.
- *The context*: Surrounded by 17 villages.
- *The issue*: Water used for rice cultivation (risk of increase).
- The tool: TESSA.
 - PSA / assessment of ecosystem services: current and alternative state.
 - Alternative state:
 - If water level of its permanent lake drops significantly.
 - Nearby site with plausible land use change.
- *Results:* Six important ecosystem services.
 - Will focus on:
 - Harvested wild goods: fish, molluscs, plants.
 - *Cultivated goods*: rice.
 - Nature-based recreation: bird watching. INTERNAL. This information is accessible to ADB Management and staff. It may be shared outside ADB with appropriate



1. Harvested wild goods

- Total annual net economic benefit from fishing = USD \$15.4 million (=).
- Mean annual net value of fish/household = USD \$3,360.
- 4,577 households.

2. Cultivated goods

- Total annual net value of rice cultivation = USD \$438,000.
- Alternative state = USD \$603,000 (1).
- 3. Nature-based recreation
 - Total annual recreation revenue = USD \$73,500 (=).
 - International tourists = USD \$54,200 (>70% of all revenue).
 - National tourists = USD \$19,300.

ANY QUESTIONS?