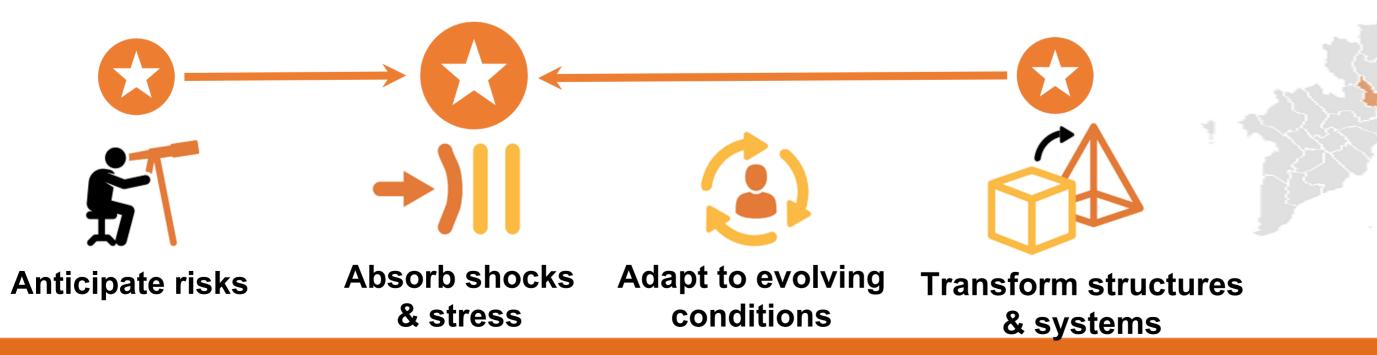
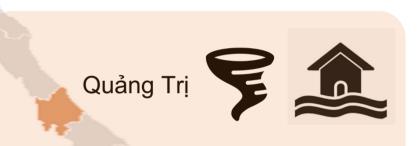


Nguyen Thi Yen CARE Climate change and DRR Advisor

Overview: Forecast-Based Early Action (FBEA)

- **Goal:** support 6,500+ people to improve their adaptive capacity to climate extremes via an inclusive & gender responsive FBEA with cash transfers
- Why FBEA? support resilience building via improved early response actions before climate shocks occur.
- Why gender & disability inclusion focus: complements
 FAO's FBEA to deliver a bottom-up, community focus,
 with focus on gender, age, & disability inclusion





Bình Thuâ



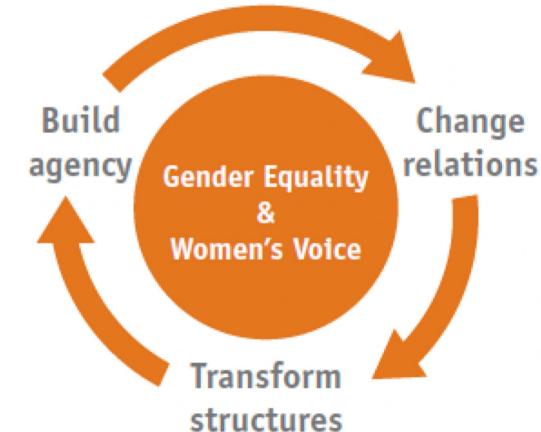
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Key approach: ensuring inclusion & gender responsiveness

- In Vietnam women, girls & people with disabilities disproportionately impacted by CC; excluded from policies, strategies & decision making due to their domestic roles, lack of agency building, illiteracy & cultural traditions prioritizing male leadership & control over major assets
- Why? Ensure anticipatory funding & actions equally benefit women & people with disabilities to provide flexibility
 for their own resilience building actions.

How?

- Applying CARE's Gender Equality Framework & Gender Marker to understand how to address agency, relations & structures so people of all genders & ages can participate & benefit
- Gendered climate risk analysis to understand the different vulnerabilities,
 hazards & needs faced by women, men, children, elderly & people with disabilities
- Prioritizing women, children, elderly & people with disabilities as participants in FBEA mechanism & trigger development, dedicated training & awareness raising



1. Gendered Climate Risk Analysis 2. Early Warning
System
establishment

3. Early Action identification N

4. Early Action mechanism identification and planning

5. Finance disbursement arrangement preparation

6. Trigger activation, finance disbursement and early action implementation

7. Post operation Evaluation and learning



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Lesson learnt

- Bottom up triggers development & intersectionality consideration helps ensure vulnerable groups (women, children, elderly and PwD) timely take early actions and benefit more equally - also reducing costs and more effective resource allocation
- FBEA aligns with local DRR structure and roles: a greater sense of ownership, participation, and empowerment, leading to better outcomes and sustainable disaster risk reduction.
- Communication blocks + better dissemination of information: Identify blockers/issues e.g.
 EW communication and information to reach the communes/communities, and how to add value using the traditional ways of working and existing systems

Challenges

- short term nature of humanitarian funding (with implications for future L&D funding) to address complex gender norms and relations at household & community level;
- more evidence required from Gov to integrate the FBEA and triggers into formal disaster risk financing
- complex and time consuming to address gender norms, relations & structures required for gender equality programming, inclusiveness of people with disabilities



Titel presentatie

Opportunities for scaling-up FBEA

By well partnering with government, we are more readily able to multiply our impacts and support the enabling environment for gender responsive FBEA

- Integration into cross-government policy: using experiences to advocate for integration into e.g. circular implement Decree No. 78/2021/ND-CP regulating the establishment, management & use of Disaster Management Funding on cash distribution
- Regional framework: influences the ASEAN Framework for Anticipatory Action to be more inclusive of vulnerable groups
- Other opportunities:
 - Pilots for adaptive social protection in Can tho and Tra Vinh Provinces
 - Vietnam's post-disaster social assistance program
 - > Agricultural & other weather based insurance

Possibilities for climate responsive social protection in Vietnam

- Weather index-based insurance for crops & livestock
- Vocational training supporting livelihood diversification
- Public works promoting resilience
- Minimum income assurance for seasonal laborers during flood seasonal
- Vouchers & cash for training in pest & disease recognition & management
- Public works for mosquito breeding sites
- Payments for ecosystems services for better NRM

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Source: CARE Vietnam (2015)







CARE's tools & resources for gender equality & resilience

Frameworks:

- Community Based Adaptation (CBA) Framework
- Gender Equality & Women's Voice Guidance Note
- Good Practices Framework for Gender Analysis

Guidance:

- Gender in Emergencies Guidance Notes
- Making it Count: Integrating gender into climate change & DRR
- Towards Resilience: A Guide to DRR & CCA
- Win-Win Results: Gender Equality within Climate Change Programming
- Engaging Men & Boys Technical Resources
- Gender Dynamics in a Changing Climate

Analysis, design & implementation:

- Gender Sensitive Climate Vulnerability & Capacity Analysis (GCVCA) Toolkit
- CBA & Gender Analysis Practitioner Brief
- Planning for Resilience Practitioner Manual, in Vietnam
- Gender Toolkit
- Gender & Inclusion Toolbox
- CBA Toolkit
- Integrate Climate Change into the Project Cycle Toolkit
- Gender Marker
- Gender Action Plans (GAPs)

Analysis, design & implementation:

- The Participatory Monitoring, Evaluation, Reflection & Learning Manual (PMERL)
- Women's Empowerment Impact Measure Initiative Guide



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