



Impacts of Climate Change -

Risks and Opportunities for Financial Institutions

ADB Roundtable for Financial Institutions Clients

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- \rightarrow Why Climate Risk Analysis?
- \rightarrow The use case of NGFS scenarios
- \rightarrow Climate stress across countries and regions



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Scope ESG Analysis

Managing evolving risks from climate change

Importance of climate risk analysis





Regulation

Policy-makers require FMPs to use climate stress test analysis to measure their exposure

Risk management

Climate-related risks need to be incorporated in risk management systems



Portfolio strategy

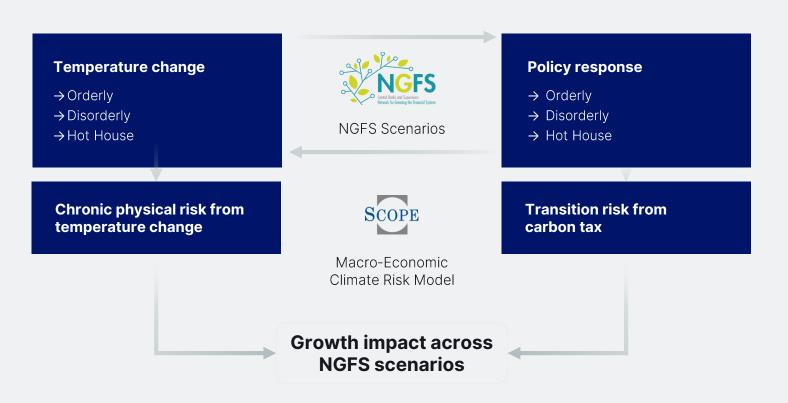
Climate stress tests can lead to a risk-averse portfolio strategy and ESG engagement



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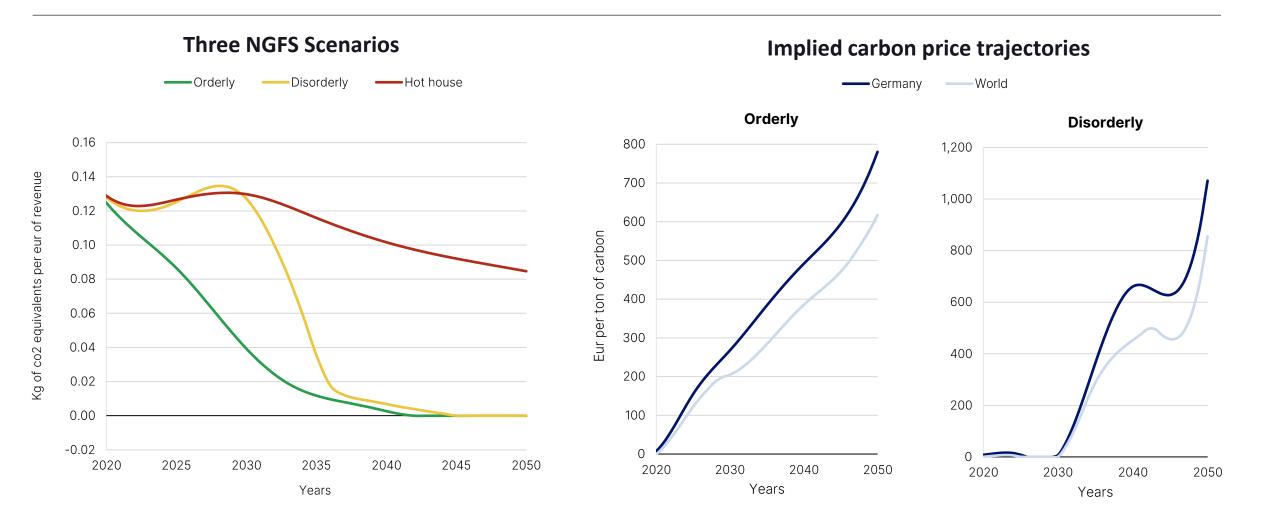
NGFS: Evolution of carbon trajectories across the globe

Methodology highlights



Carbon intensity and carbon price

The case of Germany



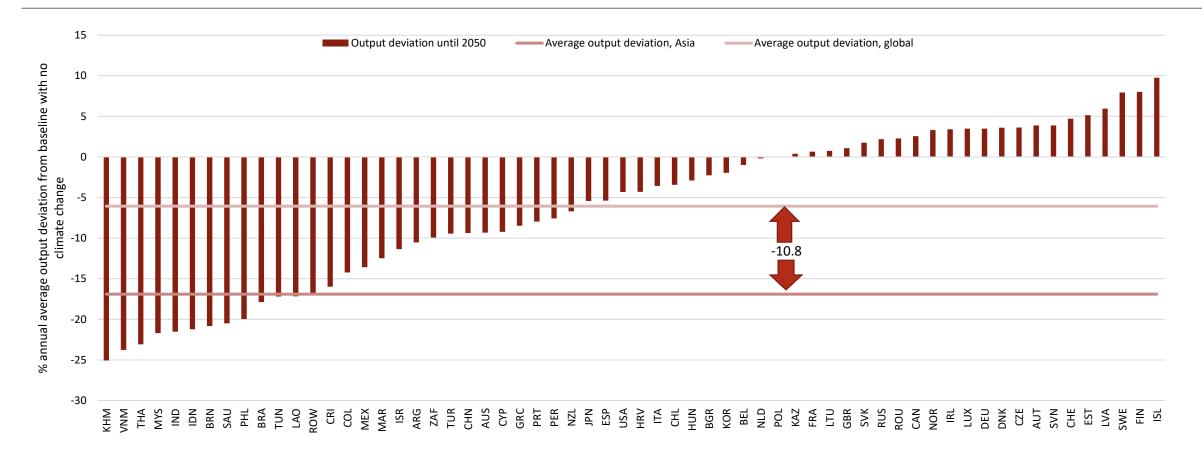
Macroeconomic Climate Stress Test | Innovative tool for climate risk assessment



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How does climate change affect long-term growth across countries?

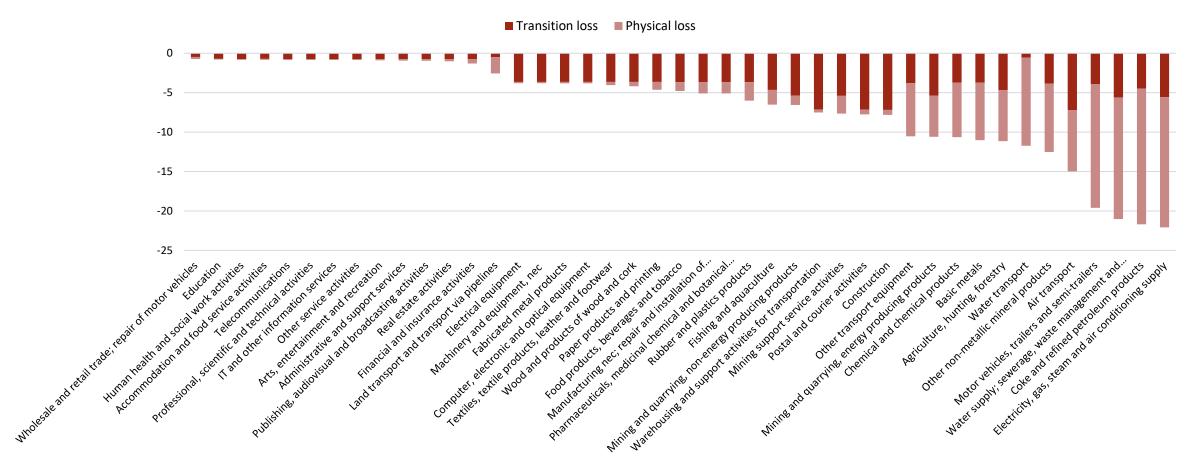
NGFS orderly scenario (average annual output deviation between 2020 – 2050)*



* Scenario Analysis based on 65 OECD countries, integration of carbon taxation scenarios from NGFS and physical risk evolution using historical data on growth and temperature; Sources: OECD input output tables, Emissions Database for Global Atmospheric Research (EDGAR)

How does the output response change across sectors?

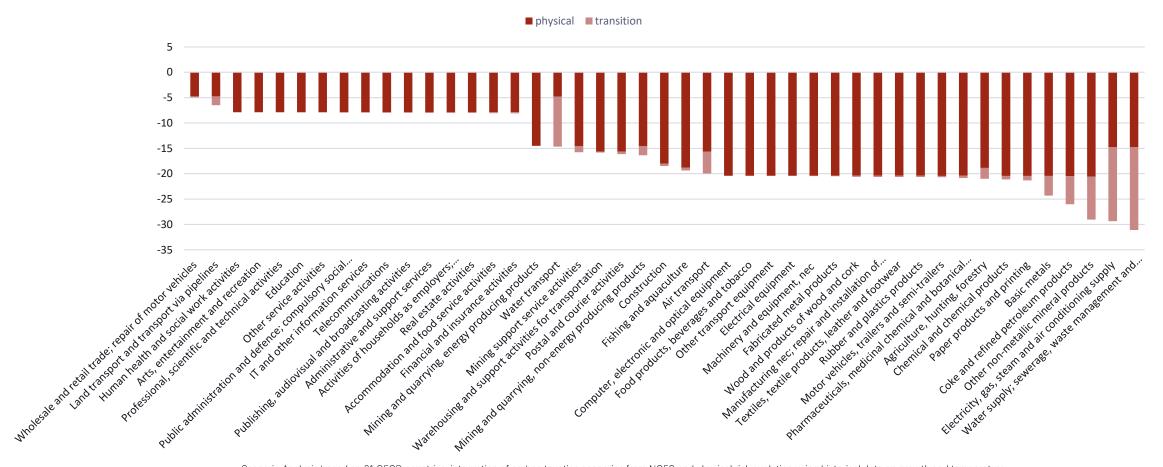
NGFS orderly scenario (average annual output deviation in 61 countries, 2030)*



* Scenario Analysis based on 61 OECD countries, integration of carbon taxation scenarios from NGFS and physical risk evolution using historical data on growth and temperature; Sources: OECD input output tables, Emissions Database for Global Atmospheric Research (EDGAR)

Climate risk distribution on country-level

NGFS orderly scenario in Viet Nam (average annual output deviation, 2030)*



Scenario Analysis based on 61 OECD countries, integration of carbon taxation scenarios from NGFS and physical risk evolution using historical data on growth and temperature; Sources: OECD input output tables, Emissions Database for Global Atmospheric Research (EDGAR)



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