ADB

THE ADB CIRCULAR ECONOMY WORKING GROUP WEBINAR SERIES 2022

The views expressed in this presentation are the views of the author/s and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the Asian Development Bank, or its Board of Governors, or the governments they represent. ADB does not guarantee the accuracy of the data included in this presentation and accepts no responsibility for any consequence of their use. The countries listed in this presentation do not imply any view on ADB's part as to sovereignty or independent status or necessarily conform to ADB's terminology.

ADB CEWG Webinar Session 7 ADB's Roadmap for Circular Economy Zero Waste Cities in the People's Republic of China

Stefan Rau Senior Urban Development Specialist, EARD

10 November 2022, Thursday 1400 - 1500H GMT +8 via Zoom



Effectively address increasing waste generation, environmental and ocean pollution

- Global consumption of materials such as biomass, fossil fuels, metals and minerals is expected to double in the next forty years, while annual waste generation is projected to increase by 70% by 2050.
 2016 2050: 2.01 3.4 billion tons of Municipal Solid Waste globally
- East Asia and Pacific highest contribution among world's regions generating 468 million tons or 23% (2016) (World Bank Group)









Regional View o, Coastal China

Effectively address scarcity of resources, water, and land

- Accelerated by climate change
- Rare earth, metals, minerals, sand, fossil fuels, food, animal feed, clean water, agricultural land - all scarce



Capture wasted economic resource

Take-Make-Waste linear economic model wastes 80% of \$ 3.2 trillion of global consumer goods each year.

"The circular economy...offers an alternative that can yield up to \$4.5 trillion in economic benefits to 2030".(World Economic Forum, 2014)



Decoupling natural resource use from urban and economic growth Core challenge to sustainable development is current link between increasing natural resources consumption along urbanization (bigger cities = more waste) and increased well-being. UNEP concept of resource- and impact decoupling

What is Circular Economy?



How to Conceptualize Circular Economy Actions?



Example for Action: European Union



Source: European Commission. 2020. *Circular Economy Action Plan: For A Cleaner and More Competitive Europe*. Luxembourg: Publications Office of the European Union. The European Union accelerates transition towards regenerative growth model that gives back to the planet more than it takes, advance towards keeping resource consumption within planetary boundaries, and reduce consumption footprint and double circular material use rate by 2030.

- A Sustainable Product Policy Framework
- Key Product Value Chains
- Less Waste, More Value
- Making Circular Economy Work for People, Regions and Cities
- Crosscutting Actions
- Leading Efforts at Global Level
- Monitoring Progress

Circular Economy Policies in the PRC

Circular Economy Promotion Law of the People's Republic of China, enacted 1.1.2009 (a comprehensive law, first focus on industrial synergies in circular economy industrial parks to address challenge of industrial waste)

12th, 13th FYPs included objectives of CE and pilot program for CE projects and pilot cities (from the 2013 CE action plan by State Council)

Ministry of Ecology and Environment: Pilot Zero Waste Cities Program (2019)

14th FYP: "Fully implement concept of circular economy and build a multi-level resource efficient recycling system."

- Circular industrial parks and circular production chains
- standardize remanufacturing
- circular agriculture and organic agriculture
- "reverse recycling" model of production enterprises
- extended producer responsibility system
- reduction, standardization and recycling of express packaging
- waste materials recycling and sorting system of urban waste
- resource recycling system that integrates online and offline and has a controllable flow

(PRC's 14FYP, CHAPTER 11: Promote green development and promote harmonious coexistence between man and nature; Chapter 39: Accelerating the Green Transformation of Development Mode; Section 2: Build a resource recycling system)

Solid Waste Management Improvement in the PRC



Previous and Current ADB Operations in Circular Economy

Clean and Sustainable Ocean Initiative and Plastic Pollution Reduction

Circular economy industrial parks supporting industrial symbiosis

Circular agriculture and bio-economy

Solid Waste Management: improvements with 3R/5R principles and increased segregation, and recycling rates and decreased landfilling, and optimized waste-to-energy inclusive of collection, management and treatment with characterization and segregation, mining of old dumpsites, kitchen-waste management pilot, construction and demolition waste management. Also waste-to-energy investment support to private sector.

Water supply and Wastewater management: water efficiency improvements inclusive of non-revenuewater reduction, treated wastewater reuse, sludge treatment and use in many urban and rural projects

River pollution reduction, river rehabilitation and flood risk management: water quality improvement increases higher level of water usability and retaining value of otherwise damaged areas, infrastructure and assets, and river greenways increases land value and enables local recreation and reduces urge for travel

Sponge city projects: local rainwater recovery and reuse (in addition to river works above)

Mining and land remediation and wetland rehabilitation: follows principle of bringing back land to higher value uses as brownfield redevelopment

Sustainable urban mobility, public transport, non-motorized transport, road safety and road maintenance

Energy efficiency, local energy cycles and renewable energy generation



Selected CE Related ADB Strategies and Papers



循环经济也支持亚行的清洁和可持续海洋倡议

compendium.pdf

document/659991/waste-energy-age-circular-economy-



Concept: Circularize Four Linear Activity Areas

For the PRC we have prepared a roadmap for circular economy as one of five frameworks to guide implementation of the country partnership strategy 2020-2025 and we have a related TA under implementation.

We conceptualize this through four areas of activity we support as transformation from the linear take-make-use-waste model into a circular system.

Arrows in this simplified diagram should go both ways.

We are building on the original work by, among others, Michael Braungart with biological and technical cycles and the cradleto-cradle concept and on international best practice cases from Asia, Europe, Oceania and US.

And we build on the fundamental work by UNEP, UNIDO, OECD, European Union (i.e. CE Action Plan) Ellen MacArthur Foundation, and the PRC government, and others.





Integrate Top-Down and Grass-Roots Approach

Circular Economy Zero Waste Cities (CEZWC)

Institutions, Policies, Standards, Governance, Taxes, Incentives, Disincentives, Education and Capacity Development, R&D, IT Platform, Engage Private Sector, Develop business models, Promote Behavior Change in Community

Design, Resources and Materials Input

Lifecycle design of products and processes

Component reuse from disassembly

Materials from renewable sources and from urban mining and recycling

Input from sustainable extraction as still needed

Source: S. Rau, Asian Development Bank

Circular Economy Lifecycles Production

Bio-economy agriculture

Circular urban planning, infrastructure, buildings

Circular industrial parks with industrial synergies and lifecycles production

Circular economy in energy

Circular economy in transport, vehicles

Distribution and Use, Share, Reuse

Reusable packaging and circular logistics

EPR (extended producer responsibility), repair, reuse, replacement

Sharing economy pilots and mainstreaming

Products as service pilots

Business Models

Zero Waste Cities

Improved household waste management 3R/5R

Increased recycling rates and local materials reuse

Construction and demolition waste management

Kitchen/organic waste management

Medical waste management

Avenue 1: ADB Roadmap and TA promote Circular Economy Zero Waste Cities – initiate policies and pilots

Avenue 2: Institutions, Policies, Standards, Governance, Taxes, Incentives, Disincentives

Avenue 3: Education and Capacity Development, R&D, IT Platform

Avenue 4: Engage Private Sector, Develop business model

Avenue 5: Promote Behavior Change in Community



Avenue 1: ADB Roadmap and TA promote Circular Economy Zero Waste Cities – initiate policies and pilots

Avenue 1, Step 1: Develop ADB CE Roadmap with NDRC and MOF and define objectives, knowledge activities and lending pipeline

Avenue 1, Step 2: Implement TA on Circular Economy Zero Waste Cities in the PRC and initiate policies and pilots

ADB Technical Assistance Circular Economy Zero Waste Cities in the PRC, approved in 2020

The TA will conceptually and programmatically link into biological and technical cycles current linear upstream, midstream, and downstream processes.

- (i) Green circular industrial production plan of Qinghai Province advanced targeting upstream heavy industrial production with raw material processing.
- (ii) Zero municipal waste action plan for Guangdong Province developed targeting downstream waste management, increase recycling and resource recovery in highly developed urban centers with state-of-the-art light industry manufacturing and services, and less-developed towns displaying differentiated levels and patterns of consumption and waste generation.
- (iii) Green circular e-commerce packaging and logistics pilot program for the People's Republic of China developed. pilot cities of different sizes and development levels will be working together with industry partners to circularize midstream e-commerce packaging and logistics
- (iv) Capacity and institutions to implement green circular economy in the People's Republic of China enhanced above three outputs will be linked and lessons drawn for policies, technical guidance, and business models aiming at green circular economy zero waste cities.



Avenue 1, Step 2: Implement TA on Circular Economy Zero Waste Cities in the PRC and initiate policies and pilots

ADB Technical Assistance Circular Economy Zero Waste Cities in the PRC, approved in 2020

The TA will conceptually and programmatically link into biological and technical cycles current linear upstream, midstream, and downstream processes.

- (i) Green circular industrial production plan of Qinghai Province advanced targeting upstream heavy industrial production with raw material processing.
- (ii) Zero municipal waste action plan for Guangdong Province developed targeting downstream waste management, increase recycling and resource recovery in highly developed urban centers with state-of-the-art light industry manufacturing and services, and less-developed rural towns displaying differentiated levels and patterns of consumption and waste generation.
- (iii) Green circular e-commerce packaging and logistics pilot program for the People's Republic of China developed. pilot cities of different sizes and development levels will be working together with industry partners to circularize midstream e-commerce packaging and logistics
- (iv) Capacity and institutions to implement green circular economy in the People's Republic of China enhanced above three outputs will be linked and lessons drawn for policies, technical guidance, and business models aiming at green circular economy zero waste cities.

Avenue 2: Institutions, Policies, Standards, Governance, Taxes, Incentives, Disincentives

Avenue 2, Step 1: Engage national, provincial and local governments

Avenue 2, Step 2: Support development of policies, standards, and market-based instruments like incentives and disincentives

Avenue 3: Education and Capacity Development, R&D, IT Platform

Avenue 3, Step 1: Engage national, provincial and local governments

Avenue 4: Engage Private Sector, Develop business model

Avenue 4, Step 1: Engage national, provincial and local governments

Avenue 5: Promote Behavior Change in Community

Avenue 5, Step 1: Engage communities and people and raise awareness and showcase and promote positive behavior

Top-Stream: Design, Resources, Materials Input

Avenue 1: Promote Lifecycle design of products and processes product longevity, "disassemblability", repairability

Avenue 2: Component reuse from disassembly

Avenue 3: Materials input from renewable sources and from urban mining and recycling

Avenue 4: Material input from sustainable extraction as still needed





Ave. 3, Past: TA Policy on Circular Economy Qinghai

ADB Technical Assistance approved in 2011

The provincial economy is heavily dependent on mineral and natural resource exploitation to produce iron and steel, oil and natural gas, and nonferrous and rare earth metals. These damaged natural environment, causing soil and vegetation degradation, desertification, increased salinization, and decline in available underground and surface water. Qinghai promotes circular economic as strategy to mitigate environment degradation and fundamentally transform economic development.

Three outputs:

- (i) comprehensive review of Chaidamu Circular Economy Pilot Zone conducted and strategy and action plan developed;
- (ii) monitoring and evaluation system for circular economy development in Qinghai Province established; and
- (iii) policy recommendations on promoting circular economic development in Qinghai Province proposed.

Policy recommendations included:

- (i) optimizing industrial policies and organization, promoting synergetic development of industrial parks, prioritizing SMEs, and accelerating development of a new industrial system;
- (ii) optimizing economic policies, including finance, investment policies, pricing policies, government procurement policies, and waste reuse policies;
- (iii) optimizing talent policies, empowering human capital and allocation, talent development and promotion, institutionalizing talent clustering;
- (iv) optimizing science and technology policies and innovation capacity especially in priority fields, reinforcing commercialization of science and technology outcomes, innovation platforms, and opening and exchange; and
- (v) optimizing social policies, including developing multiple incentives, promoting sharing economy, encouraging green consumption, promoting green buildings, advocating green travelling, developing a recycling system, and establishing circular economy communities.

Upstream: Circular Economy Lifecycles Production

Avenue 1: Bio-economy agriculture

Avenue 2: Circular urban planning (brownfield redevelopment), infrastructure, buildings (adaptive reuse, disassembly)

Avenue 3: Circular industrial parks with industrial synergies and lifecycles production

Avenue 4: Circular economy in energy

Avenue 5: Circular economy in transport, vehicles





Ave. 1, Step 1: Circular Bio-Economy for Rural Vitalization

Circular bioeconomy in primary industry agriculture, forestry and fisheries as key rural vitalization initiative aiming at: food security, climate resilience, environmental sustainability and rural prosperity.

Production of renewable biological resources and use as value-added products and conversion of waste stream back into the value chain, such as food, feed, bio-based products, and bioenergy; organic waste composting registration and licensing of firms, brands, and products.

TA: Agriculture Green Production and Waste Management is scaling up comprehensive use of rural biological resources.



Source: EU (2018) Updated Bioeconomy Strategy



Ave. 2, Step 1: Anhui Hefei Rehabilitation of Former Landfill Site





Anhui Hefei Urban Environment Improvement Project (ADB Ioan completed) Landfill remediation and closure along a river: before and after...





Ave. 2, Step 2: Heilongjiang Green Urban Economic Revitalization









- ADB loan catalyzes economic transformation to a non-coal economic future of four coalbased cities in East Heilongjiang and urban transformation from dirty coal-mining cities to livable, green and clean cities.
- Mining remediation strategies and pilots cleaning up and make available for reuse
- of environment that is polluted from more than 60 years of coal-mining and industries.



Ave. 2, Step 3: Treated Wastewater Reuse: ADB TA and Loan

Urban Wastewater Reuse and Sludge Utilization Policy Study (TA 7083-PRC)

The TA focused on the development of:

- policy recommendations related to planning procedures and regulations, technology applications, and institutional capacity for promoting wastewater reuse; and
- a national policy framework for the promotion of beneficial sludge utilization.

The policy study has played a catalytic role in promoting policy innovation to regulate and promote beneficial sludge utilization and wastewater reuse. Consistent with the recommendations of the policy study, MOHURD and the National Development and Reform Commission have published the National Technical Guideline for Urban Sewage Sludge Treatment and Disposal (Trial) in March 2011.

This TA also enabled private sector engagement.

Beijing Enterprises Water Group Limited and BEWG Environmental Group Company Limited Wastewater Treatment and Reuse Project

ADB Private Sector Operations Ioan. A-Ioan \$120 million and B-Ioan \$288 million.

Loans supported acquisition and operation of wastewater treatment plants, which treated 760 million tons of wastewater to grade 1A standard annually and reused 40 million tons, helping to reduce water pollution and increase water use efficiency. Project also helped improve energy efficiency in wastewater treatment and reuse. In 2015, BEWG conducted 96 technological transformation projects, which saved in total 12.69 million kilowatt-hours of electricity and about 6% in chemicals used for treatment.

ADB enabled BEWG secure a large credit facility on its own and become more independent from its parent, enhancing market confidence in BEWG's capacity.



Ave. 2, Step 1: Nanjing Qinhuai River Environment Improvement





ADB loan project improves urban environment, public health, quality of life of residents and businesses and management of surface water resources in Nanjing.







Mid-Stream Distribution and Use, Share, Reuse



Avenue 2: EPR (extended producer responsibility), repair, reuse, replacement

Avenue 3: Sharing economy pilots and mainstreaming

Avenue 4: Products as service pilots

Avenue 5: Business Models to ensure private investments in CE





Ave 2, Step 1: midstream (upstream – downstream): Plastic



RETA: Promoting Action on Plastic Pollution from Source to Sea in Asia and the Pacific

Activities:

- Government led national and city action plans
- National Financing Roadmaps and task forces
- Policy and regulatory reforms to stimulate circular economy and promote 3R
- Plastic pollution reduction investments and pilot demonstrations (e.g. Integrated SWM, behavior change, support for local circular business models and women's economic empowerment)
- Studies on investment needs; technology solutions; circular economy and green jobs potential; sustainable and innovative financing solutions
- Circular business hub and test facility in Indonesia
- Knowledge-sharing workshops, regional cooperation, cross-country site visits, city twinning.

Status: TA Cluster and Subproject 1 approved, Subproject 2 proposed for 2021
Amount: \$13 million total (\$8 million Indonesia project)
Duration: December 2019 – June 2023
Participating countries: Indonesia, Myanmar, Philippines, Thailand, Viet Nam, with regional knowledge sharing
Key partners: Governments of Japan and Korea: Global Environment Eacility: Global Plastics

Key partners: Governments of Japan and Korea; Global Environment Facility; Global Plastics Action Partnership; WWF, ADB sub-regional cooperation programs



Down-Stream Zero Waste Cities: 3R/5R SWM increase

Avenue 1: Improved household waste management 3R/5R

Avenue 2: Increased recycling rates and local materials reuse

Avenue 3: Construction and demolition waste management

Avenue 4: Kitchen/organic waste management

Avenue 5: Medical waste management





Ave. 1, Steps 1/2: Manage Solid Waste, Land, Urban Mining: Hunan

Hunan Xiangjiang River Watershed Existing Solid Waste Comprehensive Treatment ADB Loan Project ADB loan project improves environment in Xiangjiang River watershed in Hunan and reduces pollutants discharge to Xiangjiang River and directly benefit 6.9 million people and more indirectly.

- Substandard municipal solid waste landfills closed, and/or mined and remediated.
- New urban–rural integrated municipal solid waste management systems established.
- Sanitary landfill facilities upgraded.
- New kitchen waste treatment and management system established.



Ave. 1, Step 3: Scaled Waste to Energy

1. ADB Private Sector Operations Ioan to China Everbright Environmental Energy Limited Loan of \$200 million for PRC with six investments in Waste to Energy plants plus \$100 million for Viet Nam.

2. ADB Private Sector Operations Ioan to SUS Environment to invest in Waste to Energy plants in eco-industrial parks in 2nd and 3rd tier cities.

Use of advanced technologies including advanced flue gas emission control systems meeting EU emissions standards. This project supports the construction and operation of a portfolio of SUS Environment's WtE plants. The proceeds of ADB loan of \$100million will be channeled into portfolio of subprojects as project equity which is not available from the local commercial banks.



Support Institutional Strengthening

Institutionalization of cross-sector coordination and cooperation

(i.e. working group established among concerned national ministries and related local agencies, think tanks and academia)

Simultaneous multilevel engagement

(national, provincial and municipal pilots)

Policies, standards, governance

(taxes, market-based instruments with incentives, disincentives, education, technical training, capacity development, R&D, IT Platform, monitoring, and enforcement)

Private sector engagement, business models and pilots, capacity development amd education, support R&D

Community engagement and consumer behavior change

proactively promoted by government and private sector



Monitoring of Results and Achievements

Institutions strengthened, policies and governance improved as result of lessons learned from the pilot program and policy dialogue, digital platform installed

Circular Economy Zero Waste Cities Program and Pilots implemented and lessons for a number of key challenges captured from successes and failures

Waste management improved with 3R/5R principles and increased segregation, and recycling rates and decreased landfilling and optimized waste-to-energy in a number of cities

Private sector engaged resulting in a number of improved product designs with increased durability, reusability, upgradability, reparability, with increased recycled content, more products from remanufacturing eliminated hazardous chemicals, and increased energy and resource and land efficiency, reduced single-use introduced ban on the destruction of unsold durable goods

Improved digitalization, EPR, product-as-a-service, sharing economy in a number of pilots tested





THE ADB CIRCULAR ECONOMY WORKING GROUP WEBINAR SERIES 2022

Thank you for your Interest and support

srau@adb.org

