



Development Finance Assessment in Kazakhstan

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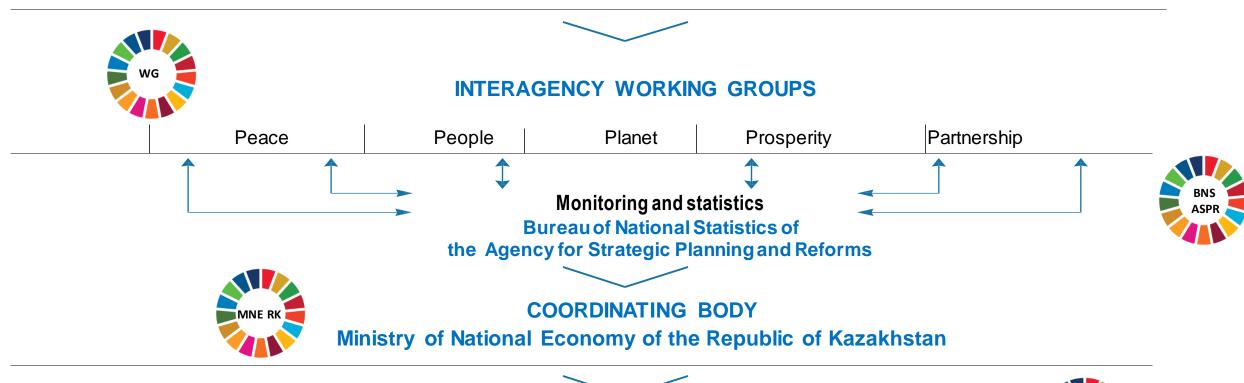
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## Architecture for coordinating the implementation of the SDGs in Kazakhstan



## COORDINATING COUNCIL Chaired by the First Deputy Prime Minister of the Republic of Kazakhstan





The Secretariat of Economic Research Institute JSC



## Systematic measures are being implemented to implement the SDGs

#### **Institutional measures**



Involvement of all stakeholders on the principle of "Leaving no one behind"



**Analytical work** 



- ✓ The national architecture of the SDGs has been created
- ✓ Integrated the SDG principles into the SDP methodology
- ✓ Localization of SDGs in 17 regions
- ✓ On the site <u>www.economy.kz</u> (SDG tab) publishes up-to-date information about the SDGs in Kazakhstan and abroad
- ✓ On the site <u>www.stat.gov.kz</u> Statistics of SDG indicators are published
- ✓ The Mission 2030 business game is being developed to involve a wide range of society in the SDGs (<a href="https://mission-2030.kz/">https://mission-2030.kz/</a>)
- ✓ Rapid integrated assessment
- ✓ Development Finance Assessment
- ✓ Gender analysis





### Involvement of all stakeholders on the principle of "Leaving no one behind"





#### **Videos on the 17 SDGs**





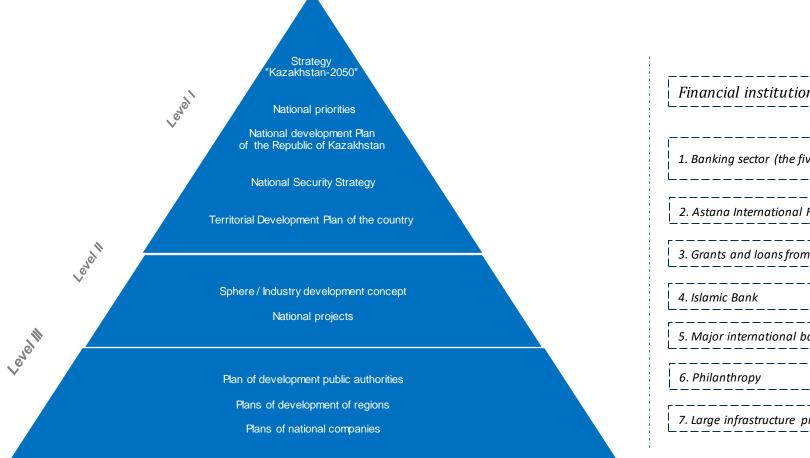




https://www.youtube.com/user/UNDPKAZ/videos

### **Financial policy and institutions**

Development financing is carried out within the framework of the program documents of the state planning system



Financial institutions and financial entities in Kazakhstan

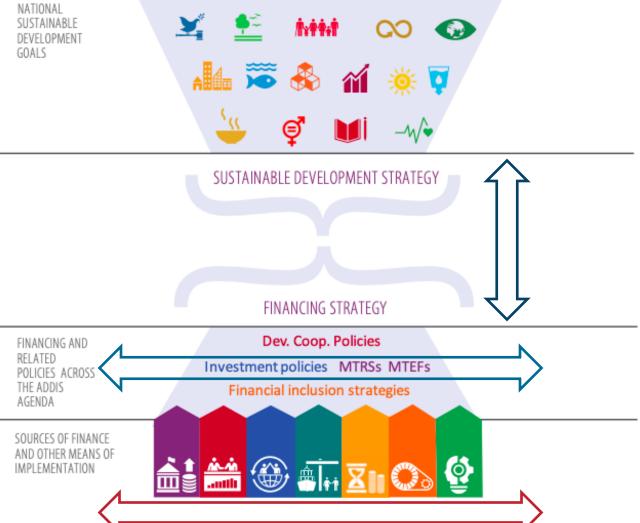
- 1. Banking sector (the five largest banks account for more than 75% of all banking assets)
- 2. Astana International Financial Center
- 3. Grants and loans from international organizations (UNDP, UNICEF, etc.)
- 5. Major international banks (ADB, EBRD, EU, IMF, etc.)
- 7. Large infrastructure private investments (PPPs) and FDI

Source: Economic research institute, 2020

#### **Conclusions:**

- The state planning system in Kazakhstan does not contain the SDG standards in the methodology of construction, although it contains many of the SDG priorities and objectives (79.9%)
- Kazakhstan has favorable conditions for attracting international investment and developing the financial sector

## **Integrated national funding mechanisms**



1. Integrating sustainable development planning with fiscal and financial policies

- 2. Integrating public and private finance policies into a holistic SDG financing strategy
- 3. Collaboration between partners through SDG monitoring and accountability mechanisms



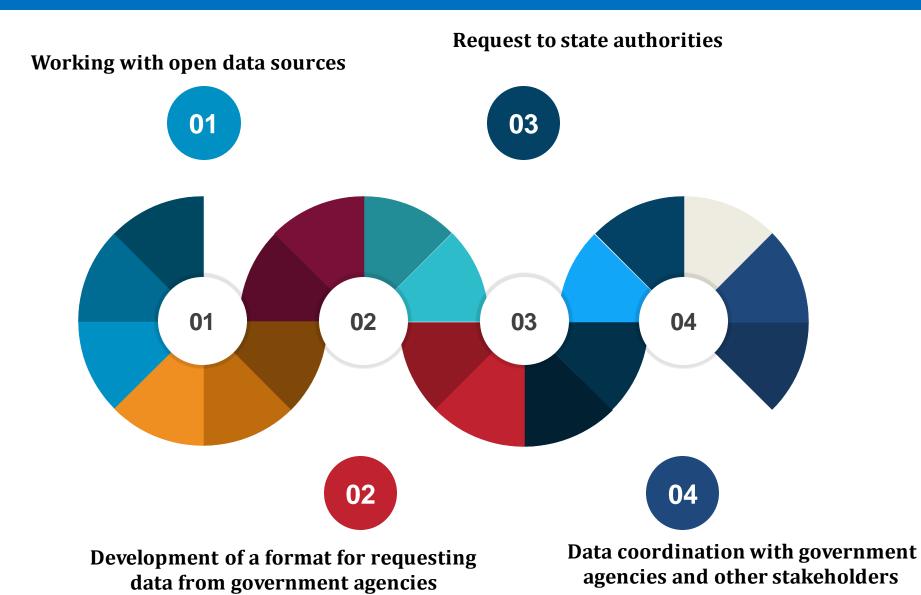
## The need to implement the INFM

- Accelerating progress towards the SDGs requires a variety of measures, some of which require significant financial resources
- Understanding the scope and structure of investment needs can help the government develop an effective financial strategy
- Even for the implementation of those Goals, the achievement of which directly depends on institutional and legal changes, it is necessary to calculate the costs
- Cost estimation can also improve transparency and accountability by matching the resources allocated to the expected results

Necessary steps for the implementation of the INFM in Kazakhstan

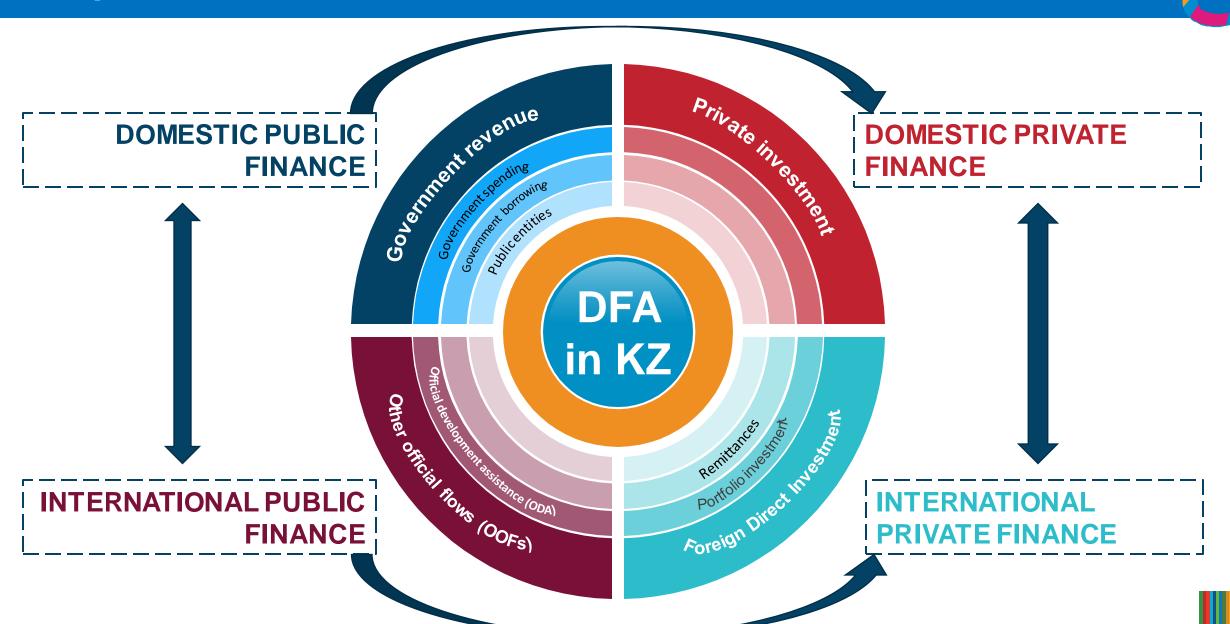
- 1 Regulatory amendments to the budget legislation
- 2 Audit of budget programs for SDG financing

## **Creating a database for research**





## **Development Finance Assessment in Kazakhstan**



### **Conclusions**

- 1 There is no clear understanding of the overall scale of financial resources that will be required to achieve the SDGs
- The composition of financing is shifting towards a gradual increase in dependence on private finance
- 3 Government revenue remains the main component of development finance
- Domestic and international private finance is becoming relatively larger, but their contribution to sustainable development is difficult to establish
- The country's ability to mobilize large-scale private climate finance will be key to realizing its "green" transition

# Thank you!