

Rijkswaterstaat Ministry of Infrastructure and the Environment

Financing of Water Programmes in the Netherlands

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Rijkswaterstaat: responsible for managing roads and waterways since 1798.

1798 - Rijkswaterstaat established for national coordination on flood protection

19th century - Rijkswaterstaat digs almost 500 kilometres of new canals. King William I also invests in new polders and improvements to existing waterways (for trade purposes).

Increase of people living under sealevel (up to -12 meter)

Rijkswaterstaat



Long history of water management Illustrated by the Province of North Holland





around 1580

around 1700

2000



Dutch challenge: flood protection

- Delta of 3 major rivers
- 50% of the Netherlands below sea level





1953 Great Flood & Deltaworks

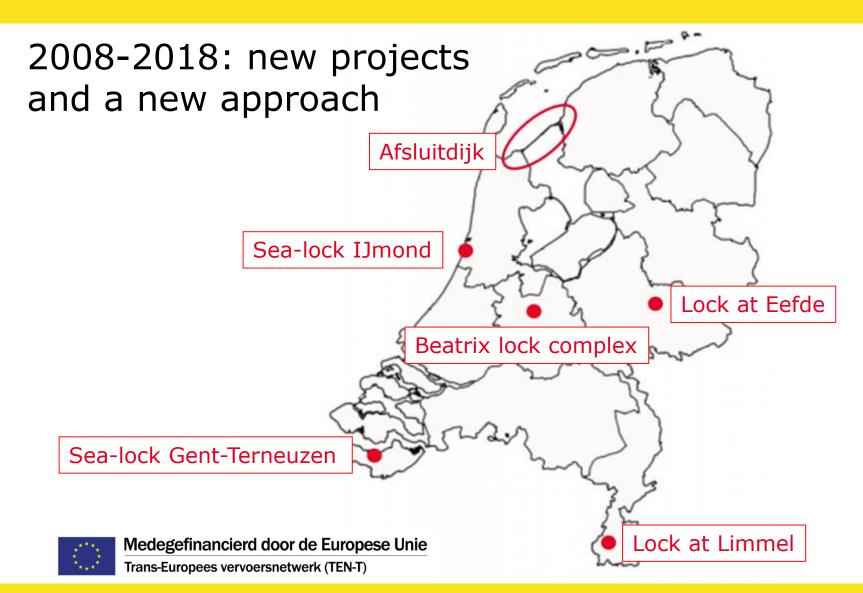
Collapse of weakened dyke system. More than 1800 people die.

The government decides to build the Delta Works.

Construction of the first element of the Delta Works commenced in 1954 and the final piece, the Maeslant storm surge barrier, was completed in 1997.









Lock at Eefde

Building a second chamber in this lock complex

Capex: about € 70 million







Beatrix Lock complex

Building a third chamber in this lock complex

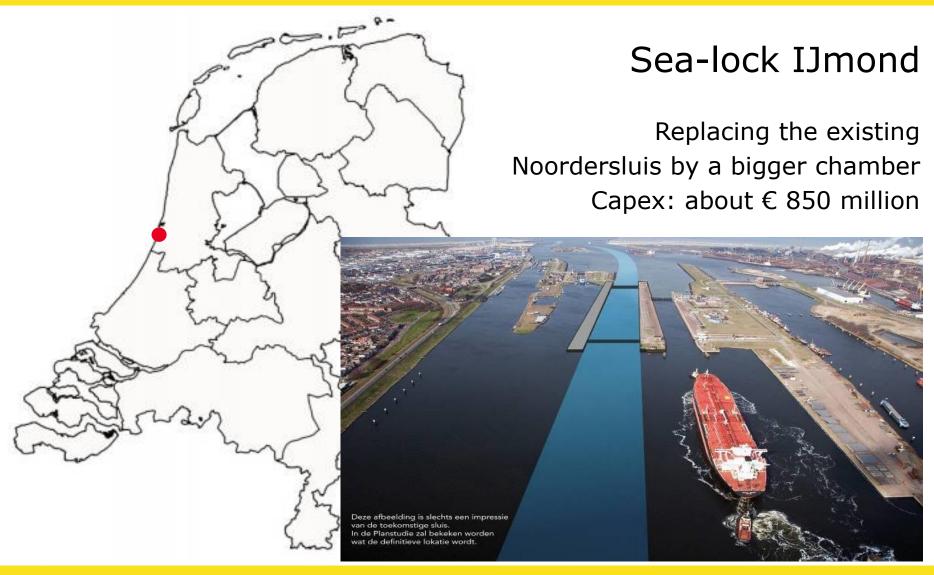
Capex: about € 225 million



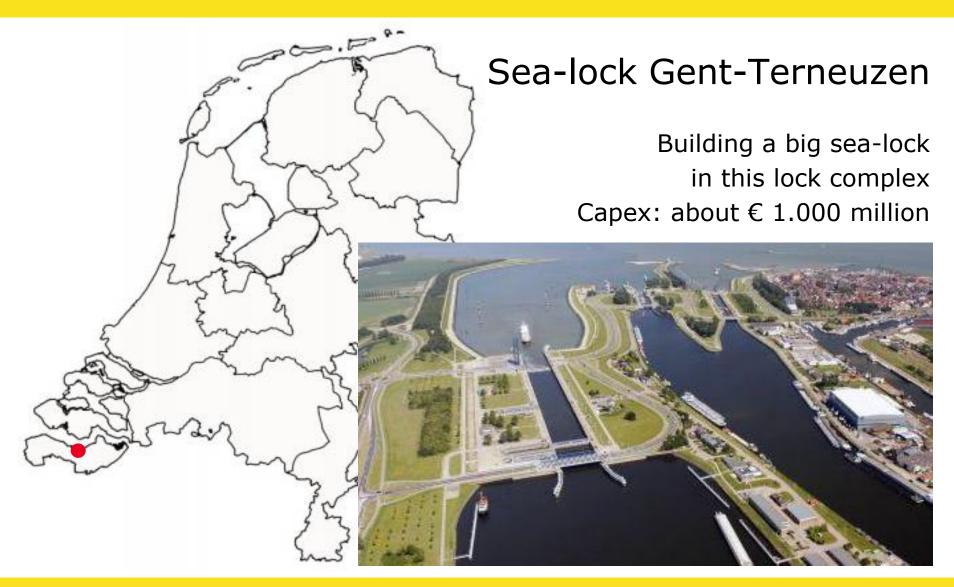


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Afsluitdijk

Strengthening of the dike

Renovation of the structures (sluices & locks)

Capex: about € 800 million







Rijkswaterstaat Ministry of Infrastructure and the Environment

Performance Regime

Locks in the Netherlands Update on the New Asset Class



Functions road infrastructure



- Passing traffic
- ...

Functions maritime infrastructure



- Flood protection
- Passing shipping
- Flushing water
- Maintain level separation
- Locking shipping
- Sweet / salt water separation
- ...

Control by availability of functions



Main Challenges

- Differences between locks and roads
 - Locks have more functions
 - Functions have different impact and timing (continue vs. on-demand)
 - Water- and shipmanagement remain Government tasks
- Risks
 - Social risks (f.a. costs of flooding) are far bigger then project costs
- Water law
 - 5-yearly obligation of Authority to theoretically demonstrate the safety of the locks
 - Small amount of (unexpected) non-availability is allowed in the law



Lock at Limmel

Replacing the existing lock by a floodgate

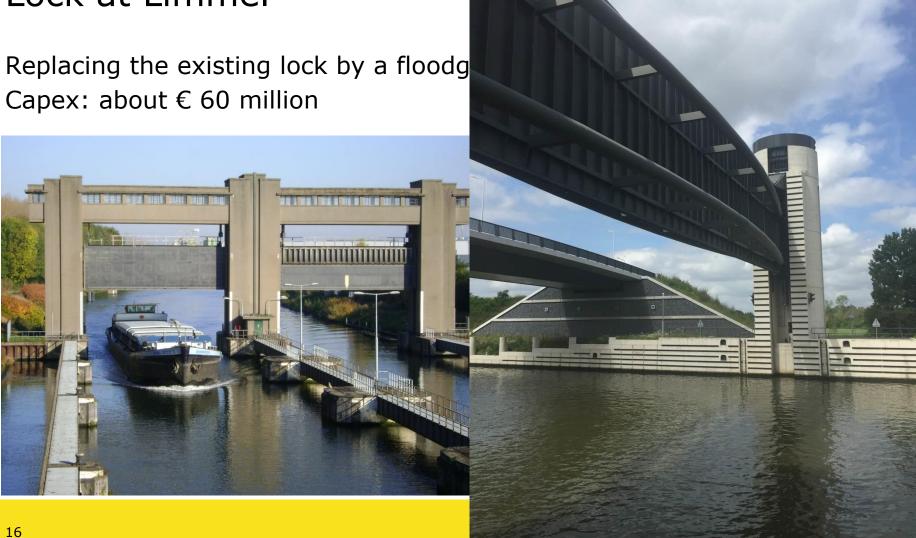
Capex: about € 60 million







Lock at Limmel





Performance Regime Limmel

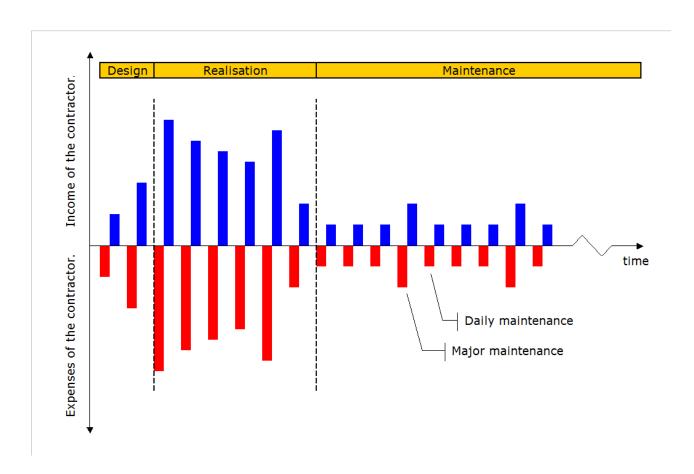
Based on the functions:

- Flooding
 - Closed floodgate within 15-30 minutes
- Passing of ships
 - Available profile of ships (above and under water)
 - Buffer for unavailability (corrective / preventive)





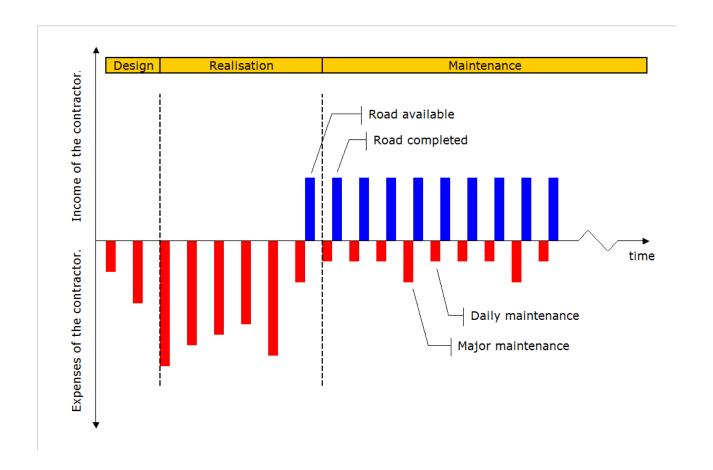
Traditional payment mechanism: DB+M contracts



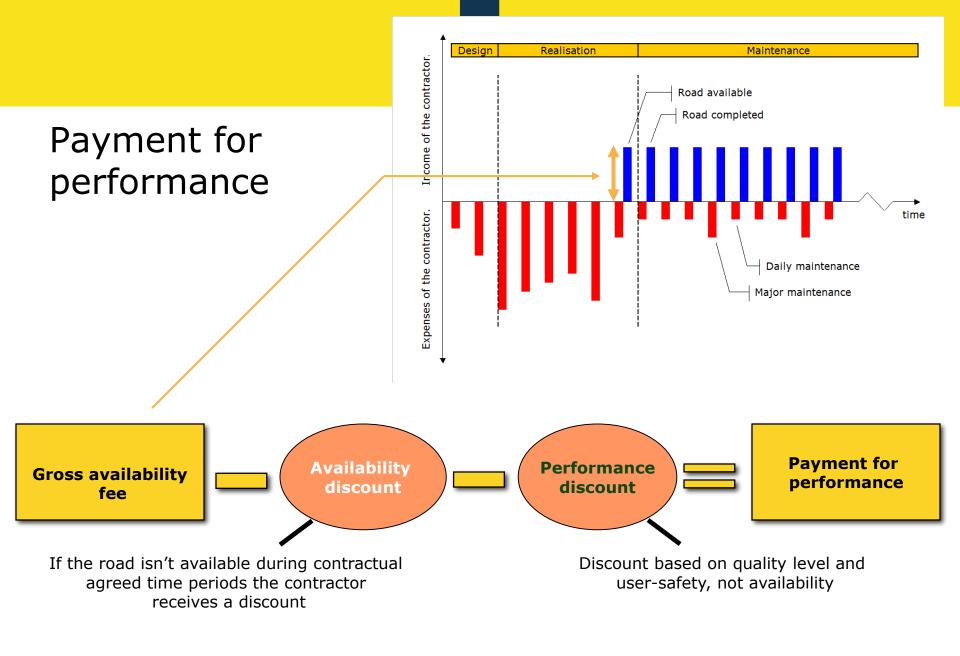
Rijkswaterstaat Kleve PPP Meeting



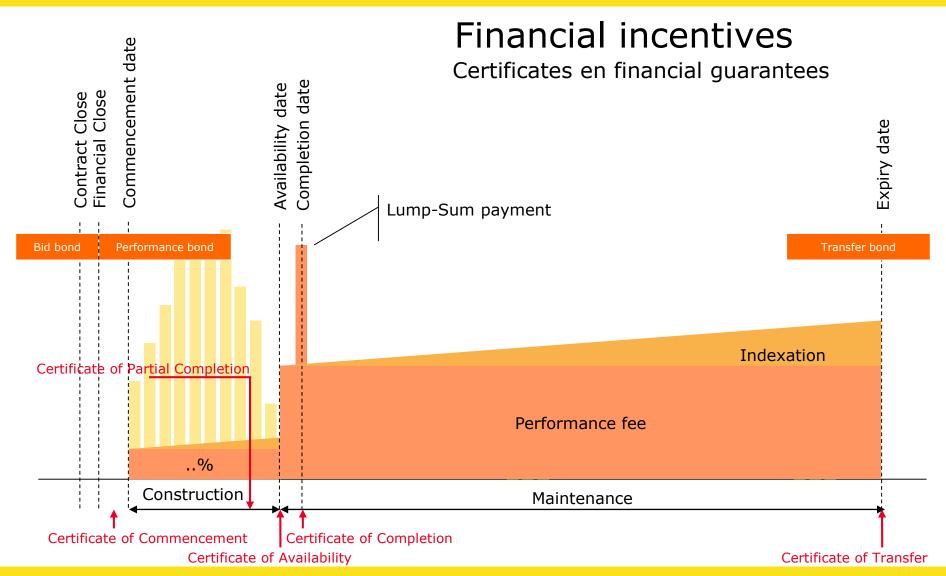
Payment mechanism: DBFM



Rijkswaterstaat Kleve PPP Meeting









Colofon

Ministry of Infrastructure and the Environment Rijkswaterstaat



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