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Low Carbon Development

Day 2: Plenary 6



ADB

Achieving the Promise: Delivering on the Green Economy

- Opportunities: Clean Energy
- Key Challenges for Policymakers
- Assessment Framework
- Key Lessons for Policymakers
- In-country Challenges
- More Information on Assessment
- Beyond Renewable Energy

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Opportunities: Clean Energy in Low Carbon Development

- Clean energy sector is growing rapidly:
 - In 2011, approx. ½ of new electric capacity installed from renewables; record investments
 - Growth in Asia has played important role





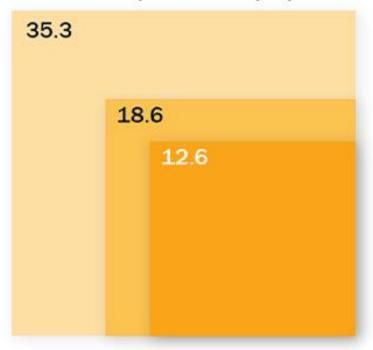
Opportunities: Clean Energy in Low Carbon Development

The Role of Solar PV in reducing emissions 50% by 2050 using past, present, and future technology

2008 \$2.68/Wp 170 Wp/m²

\$0.50/Wp 250 Wp/m²

Billion square meters of PV needed for 3,155 GW_{peak} of installed capacity



Trillion dollars (2010\$) needed to purchase 3,155 GW_{peak} of installed PV



Key Challenges for Policymakers

- Delivering benefits of economic growth
 - Jobs, investments,
 market share of a growing industry
- Delivering low cost energy domestically





Assessment Framework: Methodology

- 2 technologies
 - Solar PV and on-shore wind
- 5 country cases
 - Comparable metrics from national and international sources

Assessment Framework: Countries and Partners

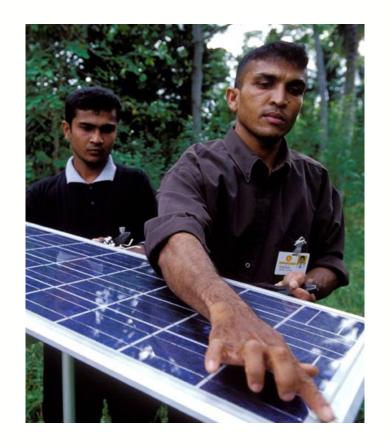


Assessment Framework: Policy Strategies and Co-benefits

- Policy strategies that support innovation critical approach to driving competitiveness
 - Policies to support broader value chain (R&D, manufacturing, installation, power generation)
 - Looking beyond single interventions

Assessment Framework: Policy Strategies and Co-benefits

- Indicators of cobenefits:
 - Domestic industry
 growth; growth in
 installations; trade; lower
 average system costs



Key Lessons for Policymakers

- Cannot use the same policy strategies for all clean energy sectors:
 - Size and tradability of components; structure of industry; grid integration considerations



Key Lessons for Policymakers

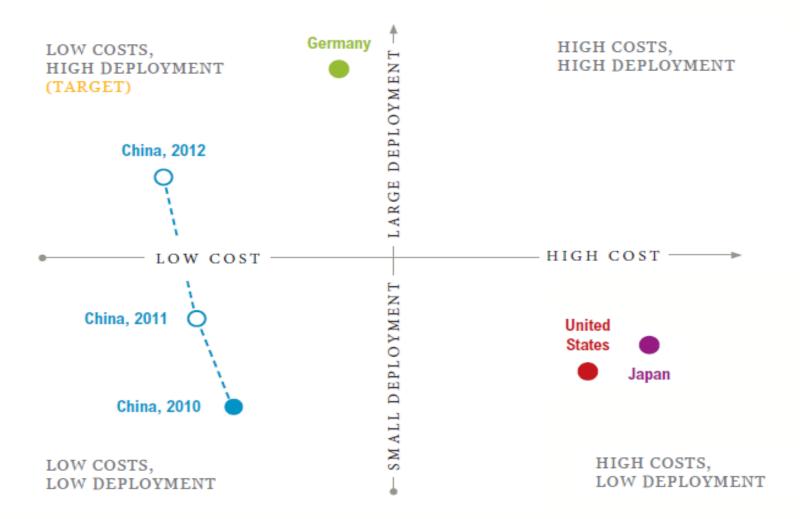
 Politics tend to focus on visible upstream manufacturing – need to draw attention to opportunities in broader value chain



Key Lessons for Policymakers: Solar PV

- Highest annual installation rates where lowest average system prices
 - Success seen where policies drive down vs. subsidize system prices
 - Creates a positive feedback loop





Key Lessons for Policymakers: Solar PV

- Large domestic
 manufacturing industry
 and significant domestic
 installations do not
 necessarily go hand-in hand.
 - China, India and Japan have pursued export focused strategies



Key Lessons for Policymakers: Solar PV

 Domestic manufacturing industry driven through cost and niche competitiveness strategies



Key Lessons for Policymakers: Wind

 Unlike with solar PV, supporting domestic installations key to building both upstream (manufacturing) and downstream domestic industries



Key Lessons for Policymakers: Wind

 Policy stability for at least 3-4 years seems critical to effectively supporting the wind industry



Key Lessons for Policymakers: Wind

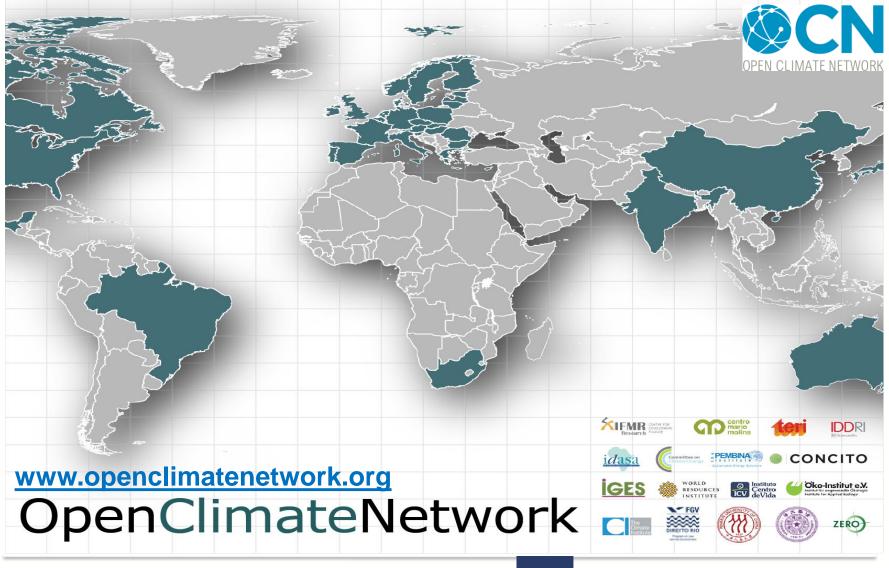
 Most export opportunities emerge from strong domestic manufacturing industry



Remaining In-Country Challenges



More Information on Assessment

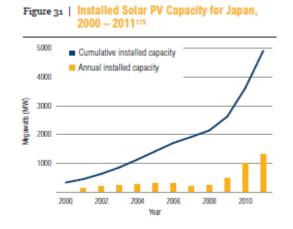


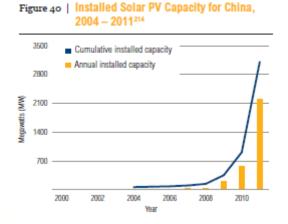
Beyond Renewable Energy

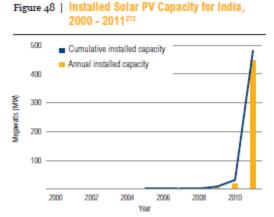
- Looking at broader value chain for economic development opportunities and impacts
- Recognizing that there may be varying needs of individual sectors
- Looking beyond single interventions

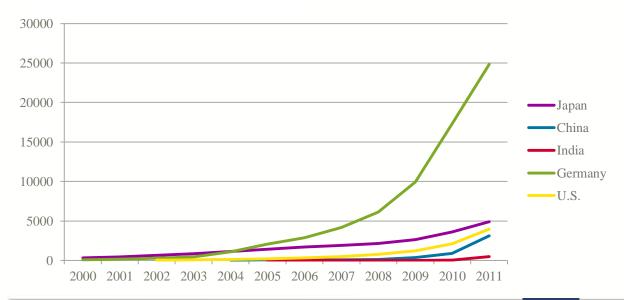


Additional Slides: Solar PV









Additional Slides: On-shore Wind

Figure 7 | Cumulative Installed Wind Capacity, 2000–2011⁵³

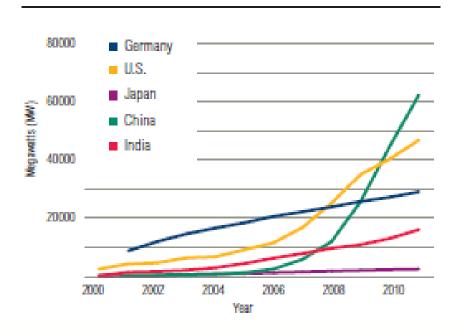
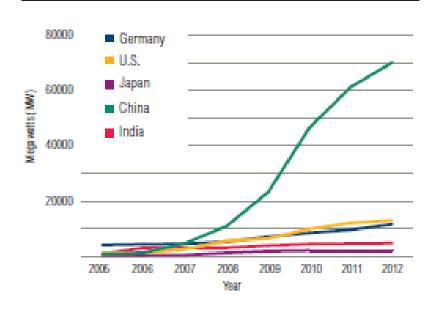


Figure 8 | Comparison of Wind Turbine Manufacturing (Final assembly) Capacity, 2005–2012⁶²



PV Production vs. Deployment

Figure 1 | Comparing Solar PV Production to Deployment in Japan³⁶

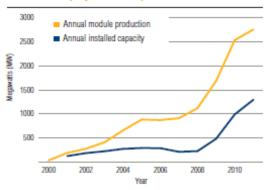


Figure 2 | Comparing Solar PV Production to Deployment in China³⁷

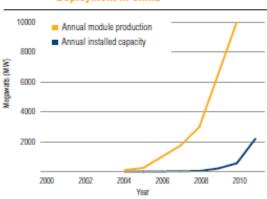


Figure 3 | Comparing Solar PV Production to Deployment in India³⁸

