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Action Plan

IMPLEMENTATION OF AN ELECTRONIC PROCUREMENT SYSTEM

02/May/2025

Presenters Armenia, Mongolia, Samoa

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1. Background and Purpose

Background

The implementation of an Electronic Procurement System (e-Procurement) is not just a technological upgrade—it is a critical reform to address long-st anding, systemic issues in public procurement. Traditional procurement met hods often suffer from: Lack of transparency, cumbersome, manual process es, resulting in inefficiencies, delays, and costly administrative burdens, Po or data visibility, Fragmented systems

Purpose

The purpose of this action plan is to implement an electronic procurement sy stem (e-procurement) to streamline procurement processes, increase transp arency, reduce processing times, and achieve cost savings. This system will automate requisitions, approvals, vendor management, and reporting, ensuring compliance with organizational policies and regulatory requirement

2. Current Status and Issues

The e-Procurement system will address these challenges by:

- Improving transparency, efficiency, and accountability through traceable, real-time processes.
- Automating data processing, analysis, and monitoring, enabling evidence-based de cision-making.
- Fostering a competitive environment and increasing stakeholder participation through a user-friendly, accessible platform.
- Ensuring compliance with procurement legislation and enabling audit trails.
- Reducing opportunities for fraud and collusion, as noted in many countries that ha ve adopted e-Procurement platforms.

A modern e-Procurement system plays a crucial role in the fight against corruption. By ensuring that all procurement processes are digitized, traceable, and subject to real-time analysis, the syst em will enable early detection of irregularities, favoritism, and collusive behavior. Leveraging Artificial Intelligence (AI) and machine learning, the platform will deploy automated 'red flag' systems to identify suspicious patterns—such as repetitive awards to the same vendors, bid rigging indicators, or pricing anomalies—triggering alerts for audit and review.

2. Current Status and Issues – SWOT Analysis

W

A legal and regulatory framework for procurement already exists. Technical expertise is available to support system development.

Strength

Strong support from development par tners and donors can mitigate financi al and technical gaps.

- Availability of international experienc e and ready-made solutions (open-so urce or commercial off-the-shelf). Limited interoperability among curr ent databases leads to duplication and inefficiency.

Human resources often lack suffici ent IT skills to support and manage new systems.

Weakness

Institutional resistance to change may slow or sabotage reform efforts.

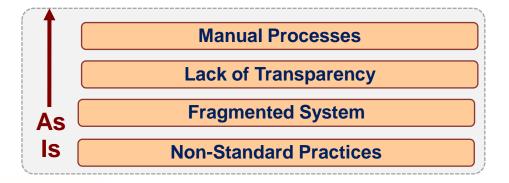
- Budget limitations may threaten full imp lementation and long-term sustainability.

Threat

2. Current Status and Issues - Gap Analysis

Proposed Overall Goals (Objectives)





Proposed Purpose

To bridge these gaps by implementing a secure, automated

Al-driven e-procurement system that enhances transparency, reduces corruption risks, and improves public trust in procurement processes.

3. Improvement Strategy

To overcome these issues, a strategic, phased approach will be adopted:

- ✓ Develop a comprehensive roadmap, informed by international best practices.
- ✓ Establish a Technical Working Group (TWG) for continuous oversight and coordination.
- ✓ Ensure adequate budgeting to cover development, training, and sustainability
- ✓ Plan system integration with existing FMIS and external platforms (e.g., tax systems, registries).
- ✓ Introduce capacity-building measures to equip staff with necessary digital skills.

4. Specific Action Plan

Obtain management approval of the implementation model (custom or COTS)	1 month
Develop detailed roadmap and action plan	1–2 months
Establish Technical Working Group	Parallel
Define detailed functional and technical requirements	2–3 months
System development or customization	8 months
Conduct data migration and system testing	2 months
Run pilot operations with feedback loop	3 months
Launch full system with long-term maintenance and updates	10 years

5. Outline of the Action Plan

Implementing Organization

- Name of the organization: Ministry of Finance or other Government agencies
- Nature or type of the organization: state body
- Major functions of the organization: public financial management: authorized body for regulation and coordination of public procurement policies and systems

Duration of the Project:

- Est. duration: 15 months

X Action Plan – Time Table (Examples)

• Duration: (0) Year(s), First Year Work Plan: 2013

No	Item	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Fund US\$
1	Action Plan presentation													
2	Report and dissemination													
3	Feedback from stakeholders													
4	Institutional reform, administrative approval													
5	Workshop to framework of activities													
6	Training for all concerns													
7														
8														
9														
10														

<u> Washing Strain Plan-Budget (if needed)</u>

Approximately 10 million USD

6. Expected Results – Outputs/Outcomes

Economic Effects

Cost Savings, Increased Competition, Reduced Fraud and Corruption, More Efficient Budget Use, Improved Tax Compliance

Technical Effects

Centralized data management, Interoperability, AI and Analytics, Real time Monitoring, Cybersecurity Improvements

Social and Environmental Effects

Greater transparency and trust, Improved Access for SME's, Inclusivity and Equal Opportunity, Paperless Processes, Public Engagement

6. Expected Results – Challenges/Solutions

- Challenges and Risks
- Strong challenge management program
- Political Endorsement
- Interagency Coordination Mechanism
- Phased Implementation and Pilots
- Capacity building
- Cybercity security strategy
- Legal gap analysis
- Policy updates

Action Plan