



Global Montane Bioeconomy Framework 全球山地生物经济框架

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People and Nature in Harmony: Investing in the Mountain Bioeconomy

"If we invest in our mountains today, they will invest in our shared prosperity tomorrow."

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Jianchu Xu, PhD, Global Lead in Bioeconomy, CIFOR-ICRAF
Professor, Kunming Institute of Botany, Chinese Academy of Sciences
Professor, Institute of Animal Sciences, Chinese Academy of
Agricultural Sciences

Email: j.c.xu@cifor-icraf.org mobile: +86 13808708795

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Anthropocene and its Associated Crisis

History of Industrial Revolution

□1610: Columbus discovered the New World

□1784: Watt invented the steam engine

□ 1945: The explosion of atomic bomb

□1964: The green revolution

Emerging Crisis

■ Biodiversity crisis

☐ Climate change crisis

☐ Human health crisis (like COVID-19)

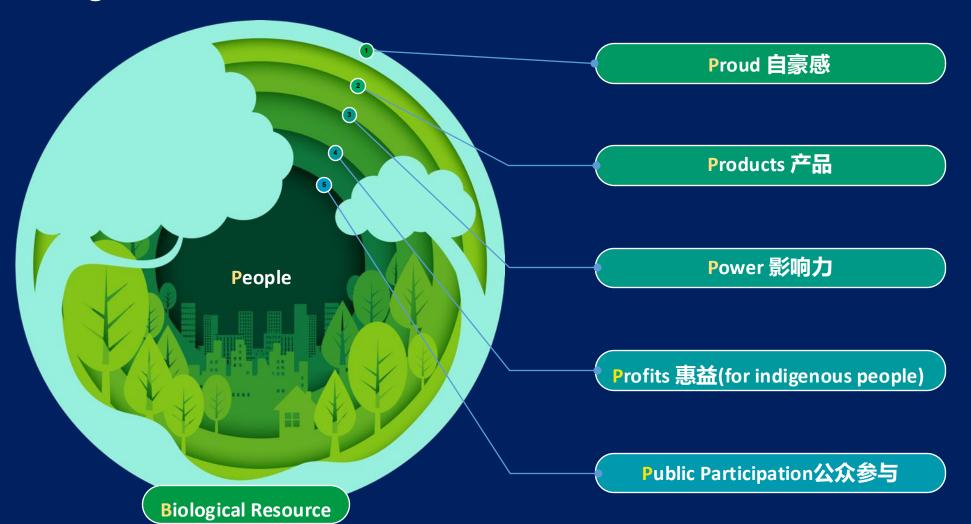
■ Energy crisis



Bioeconomy: Turning Crisis into Opportunities (危=机)



Bioeconomy is an economic framework that harnesses biological resources – plants, herbs, forests, biodiversity, and traditional knowledge – to generate sustainable growth.



Five "P" Elements of People and Plants

Cross-cultural learning and interdisciplinary innovation to co-create global impact



"Mountain Futures" is a global initiative jointly launched in 2016 by the United Nations Environment Program (UNEP), Mountain Partnership of the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), the World Agroforestry Centre (ICRAF), the International **Centre for Integrated Mountain Development** (ICIMOD), the Chinese Academy of Sciences, and the Chinese Academy of Agricultural Sciences. Its core objective is to leverage the inextricable link of biological and cultural diversity of mountain regions to foster synergistic development of a nature-positive and climate-resilient bioeconomy, thereby promoting the sustainable transformation of global mountains.



山地未來 MOUNTAINFUTURES







Future living lens

Global sustainability driven

Socio – ecological lens

Inclusivity driven

Ecosystem lens

Stakeholders driven

Financial lens

Profit driven

Glogal governance

Philanthropic model

Payment for Ecosystem services

Traditional
Business
Profit Driven





Target 2. Restore 30% of All Degraded Ecosystems;

Target 3. Conserve 30% of Land, Waters and Seas.

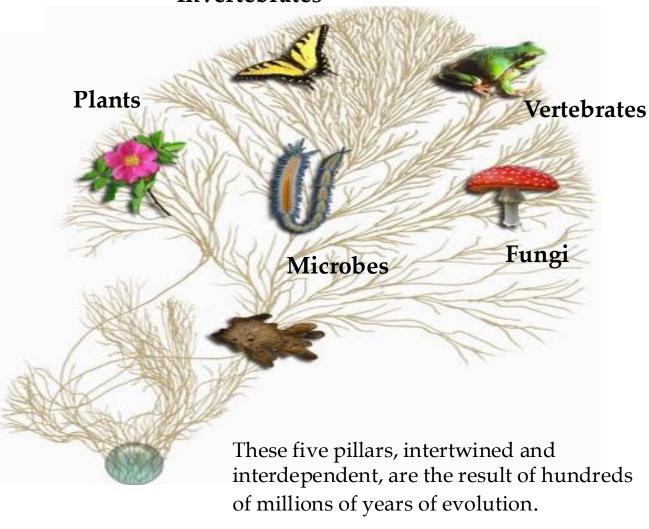
Coexist, Connecting and Circular



Microbes plants fungi insect animal

Biodiversity are sources of superior genes and species, which is sources for novel agri-food system and new bioeconomy. Our wealth, our health, our beauty, and our lives are maintained by countless other living things.

Invertebrates





Bioeconomy for Sustainable Mountain Development



Scientific Exploration

Mountain is sensitive to global change, many novel species yet to be discovered, there are numerous unresolved scientific questions.



Ecological Restoration

The unreasonable exploration has caused the large degradation, the trend of ecosystem degradation could be reversed, carbon neutrality could be achieved.



Indigenous Wisdoms

Cross-cultural learning, shared wisdoms, nature and community-based education are essential for building local resilient and innovations.



Future Living

Caring for life, green, low carbon and circular economy are key elements for building rural-urban social value chains and sustainable lifestyle.

On June 4th, 2018, leaders of the Chinese Academy of Sciences and the Chinese Academy of Agricultural Sciences unveiled the Honghe Mountain Future Innovation Center.









红河山地未来创新中心

• 愿景。

万物共生·万物互联·万物循环的 生命共同体!

(定位)

立足中国西南干热河谷,辐射南亚东南亚和撒哈拉南部非洲,在山地生态系统监测、生态修复与循环农业等领域取得重要突破,为我国乡村振兴与绿色"一带一路"战略做出重要贡献。

• 目标 •

一站一中心・一园一产业

山地农业生态系统科学观察研究站; 山地未来种质资源创新中心; 沪滇科技合作园; 循环农业产业园。





















Fragrant Limon Project

山地未来柠檬谷计划

十万亩标准化种植基地, 百亿级香水柠檬产业链





01 良种化苗木基地



02 生态化种植基地



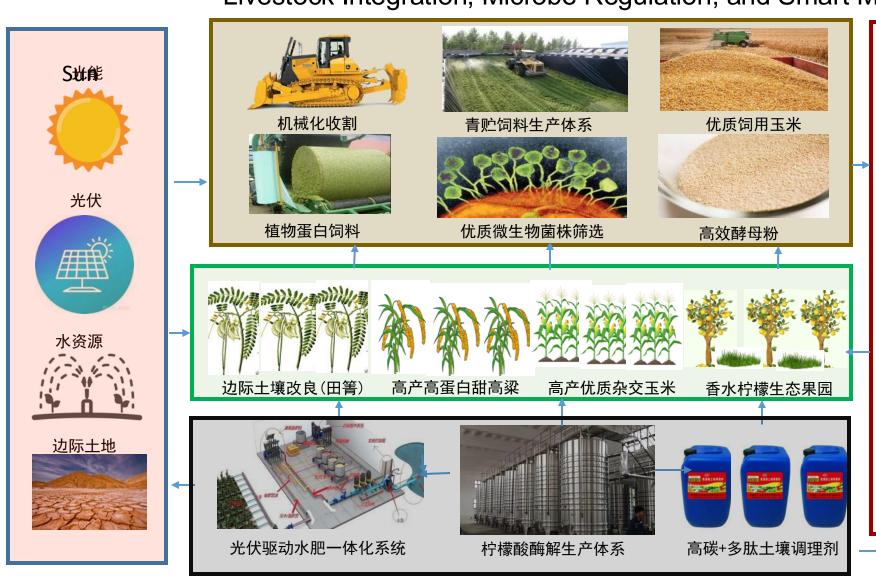
03 城市化生活方式



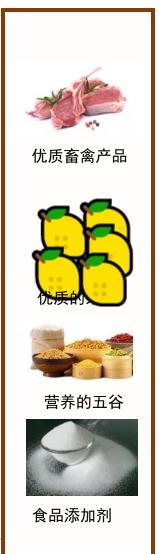
04 现代化加工产业



Agroforestry and Circular Agriculture for Restoration and Conservation: Livestock Integration, Microbe Regulation, and Smart Management

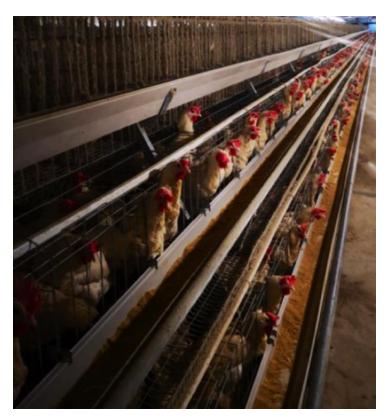






Animal Dung-Insect Farming

废弃物处理已经成为工厂化养殖的重大挑战。鸡虫肽生态循环项目依托10万只蛋鸡场的废弃物,利用流水线养殖腐食性黑水虻昆虫消化鸡粪便, 年产高价值的新鲜昆虫蛋白800吨,其虫粪是高级生物有机肥1000吨。 黑水虻成虫可以提炼脂肪油与虫蛋白。虫蛋白也可以发酵成多肽氨基酸生物肥。











科技 创新 <循环农业创新>

山地未来 MOUNTAINFUTURES

Mushroom Farm

山地未来科学家团队从红河阿姆山自然保护区中发现并成功栽培彩色木耳、微型香菇、白灵芝等多个新品种,开展了林菌符合林下仿生栽培,实现了"绿水青山就是金山银山";对农林业废弃物进行循环利用,开展了冬闲农地的羊肚菌、冬茸与竹荪生态种植,提高了农田土壤有机质,增加了农民收入,构建了"美丽乡村"。





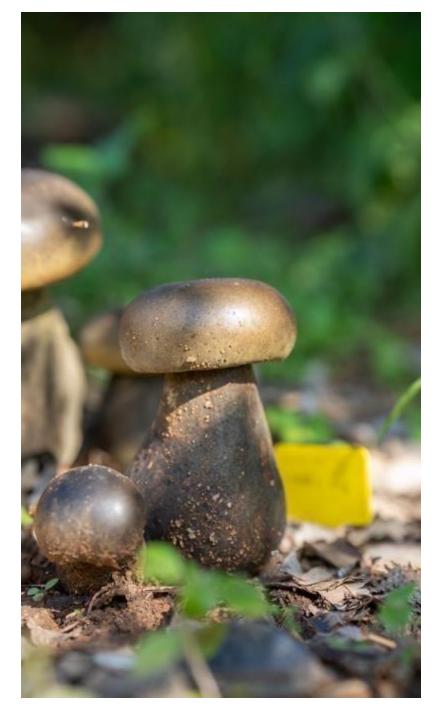
科技 创新





科技 创新







Symbiotic Fungi and Agroforestry (*Phlebopus portentosus*)









Small Ruminant

山地未来澳湖羊计划

千只澳湖羊良种基地,万只优质肉羊产业链



澳湖羊核心保种与育种技术



"育繁推管"一体化运作模式

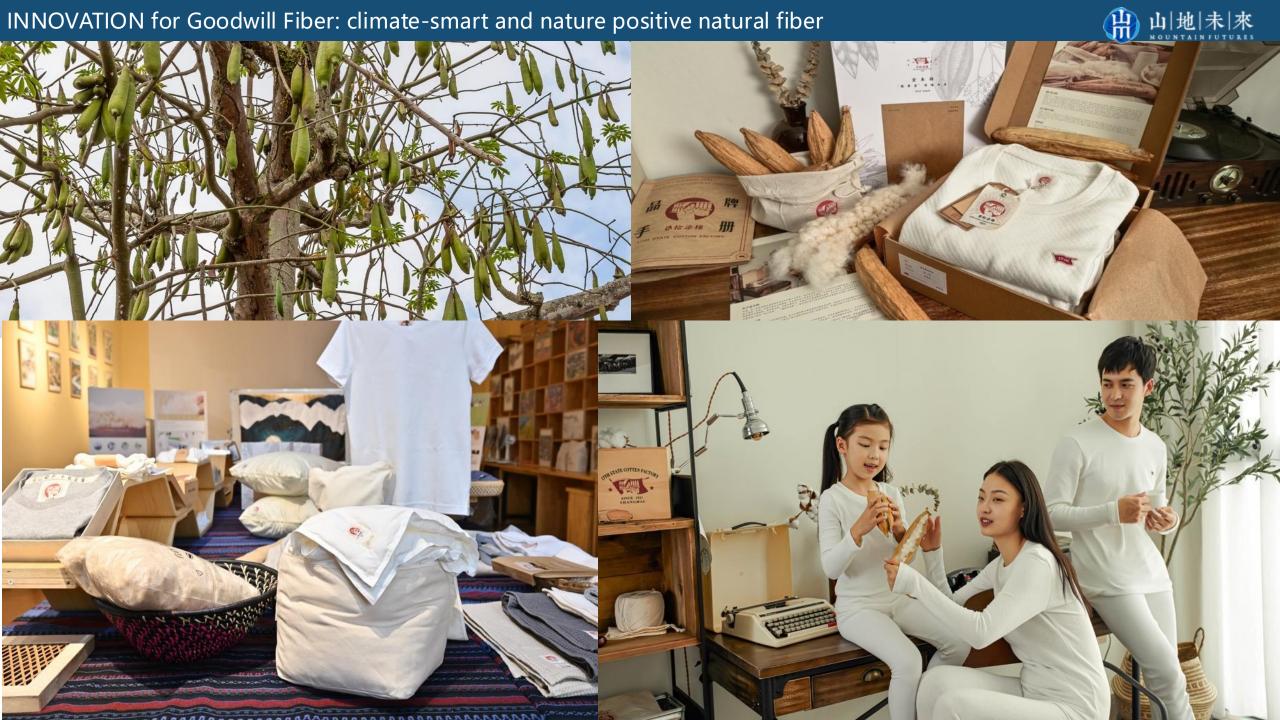


饲草种质资原制造与青贮发酵技术



"互联网+畜产品"全产业链







Collaborative planning with Indonesian kapok trading enterprises (May, 2023)





Plant-based
Cashmere from
Giant Milkweed
(Calotropis procera)

FASHION FROM FRAGILE ECOSYSTEMS





二、项目成果:肯尼亚马瓜尼(Makueni)辛巴镇牛角瓜植物羊绒栽培与收购基地







Nan represents a systemic blind spot whereby multidimensional poverty occurs concurrently with biodiversity degradation: a living lab for change



The Regenerative
Cohabitation of Human
and Forest:
Nan Sandbox

- Nan is a Northern province of Thailand
- 7,436 KM² (Approx. 85% of Nan Province) of Nan is a preserved headwater forest that contributes 40% of the waters that make up the Chao Phraya River.
- Today, Nan has lost 28% of the preserved forest due to illegal agricultural expansion

Hence, if we need to save the environment, we must also save the people who live within it



Still classified as National Forest Reserve, but agricultural cultivation is permitted

18% ---

Designated for reforestation, with only the cultivation of high-value shade-grown plants permitted

72%

Reserved for forest preservation



Mountain Future II: Lab, Office, Field Experiment, Recruitment of Students and Scientists









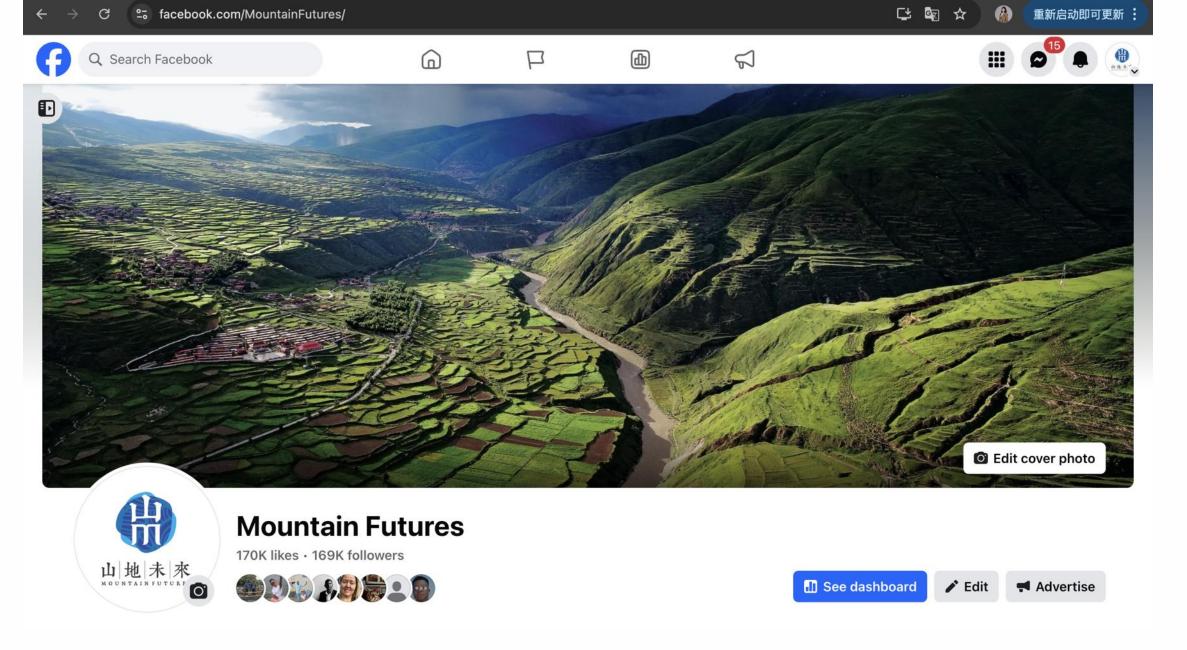








The project will use the Center of K Agro-innovate in Nan Province of Northeast Thailand as the core site for testing and demonstrating agroforestry systems and enterprises, while simultaneously supporting the ecological restoration and bioeconomy development in Montane Mainland Southeast Aisa, forming a comprehensive bioeconomic network between forest and agroforestry and human settlements, as well as regional salient agroforestry value chain.





让科学看见山地,让乡村开启未来! Let science see the mountains, let the countryside open up the future!