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# SOUTH ASIA SUBREGIONAL WORKSHOP INCLUSIVE CLEAN ENERGY TRANSITIONS IN BHUTAN AND NEPAL

### **Managing Change: South Asia**



### Outline

- Global Trends
- South Asia Energy Policy Highlights
- ADB Energy Policy
- Energy Sector Operations









### **Global Investment Trends and Financing Needs**

#### **Global Investment Trends**

# Energy Access and RE Investment

RE Integration, Energy Equity & Inclusiveness

- > Investments in renewables exceed fossil fuel.
- Grids and renewables expansion
- Strengthening grid infrastructure.

- Digitalizing and modernizing grids
- Emerging markets and developing economies.
- No community is left behind.

### **Investment and Financing Needs**

#### **Global Requirements**

- ✓ Annual investments in grids: \$600 billion
- ✓ At least \$350 billion needed in emerging markets
- ✓ Over 80 million kms of transmission lines by 2040

### Regional Focus: Asia

- ✓ Rapid increase energy demand and affordability
- ✓ Smart grids and digitalization for RE
- ✓ Interconnections for regional power trade









### **South Asia Energy Policy Highlights**

Country	Energy Policy Highlights	Inclusive Developments & Potential
Bangladesh	Strong push for energy security and Renewable Energy Development and diversifying energy mix.	Women-led solar entrepreneurship; inclusive rural electrification and clean cooking programs.
Bhutan	Hydropower-focused with increasing other RE development (solar & wind) - export-oriented to support decarbonization	Clean energy access for rural women; community-based planning and engagement.
India	Ambitious RE target- 500 GW non-fossil capacity by 2030; investments in solar, green hydrogen, smart grids and digitalization	Women-led solar cooperatives; rural digital skilling; inclusive energy entrepreneurship programs.
Maldives	Strategic Action Plan 2019–2023 (being updated); aims for 33% RE share by 2028; solar and battery focus.	Gender-sensitive RE training; inclusive energy access in outer islands through community engagement.
Nepal	Hydropower Development Policy; cross-border energy trade with neighbors; major projects like Upper Arun and Dud Koshi to support decarbonization	Women's participation in energy cooperatives; gender-mainstreamed hydropower planning and training.
Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka Electricity Act 2024 sets 70% RE target by 2030; supports floating solar, offshore wind, and utility reform.	Virtual net metering for SME and low-income households; gender-responsive training and RE jobs programs.

Decentralization and Digitalization Policies Support : Inclusiveness and Communitive Participation









### **ADB 2021 Energy Policy Principles**



Principle 1.
Securing Energy
for a Prosperous
and Inclusive Asia
and the Pacific

Support efforts to bring affordable, reliable, sustainable, and modern energy to all, so as to eradicate extreme poverty and reduce social inequalities.



Principle 2.
Building a
Sustainable and
Resilient Energy
Future

Provide support to its DMCs to tackle climate change, enhance environmental sustainability, and build climate and disaster resilience.



Principle 3.
Supporting
Institutions,
Private Sector
Participation, and
Good Governance

Support the institutional development, financial sustainability, and good governance of energy sector institutions and companies, as well as private sector participation.



Principle 4.
Promoting
Regional
Cooperation and
Integration

**Promote** regional energy cooperation and the integration of energy systems to strengthen energy security and increase crossborder access to cleaner energy sources.



Principle 5.
Integrated CrossSector Operations
to Maximum
Development
Impact

Combine finance, knowledge, partnerships, and its country-focused approach to deliver integrated solutions with comprehensive and magnified development impacts.









### **Areas of Delivery**

**Decarbonization** 

Decreasing energy intensity

**Digitalization** 

**Decentralization** 









### **ADB** Initiatives



### **Power Evacuation and Strengthening Rural Grids**

- RE integration and efficiency improvement
- Digitalization



### **Cross Sectoral Interventions Using RE**

- Supporting water-energy-food nexus
- Greening transport and hard to abate sectors



#### **Battery Energy and Emerging Storage Solutions**

- > BESS (grid scale and distributed)
- Pumped hydro (long term storage options)



### **Enhancing Community Involvement**

- Support local employment and RE skilling
- Develop skilled workers in RE sector



#### **Distributed RE and Productive Energy Use**

- Rooftop solar and virtual net-metering
- Empowering prosumers



#### Regional Power Trade and Interconnections

Potential SASEC, CAREC, BIMSTEC, ASEAN and GMS interconnections and power trade









### RE & Digital Solutions: Potential for Inclusive Development



# **Creating a Resilient Power Supply**



Predicting and Balancing Power Fluctuations



**Smart Maintenance to Extend Equipment Life** 



Helping Communities to Become Smart Prosumers



**Real Time Monitoring** 



### Sri Lanka:

- Al and Digital Transformation Project for integration of decentralized renewables
- ❖ Virtual Net Metering Project benefits low-income SME's and consumers with no possibilities to access own rooftop PV

#### **India:**

\* Maharashtra: Cross Sectoral Intervention to Solarize Agricultural Feeders Project developing resilient rural distributed RE 18 GW and digital twins. Supports green skilling and employment creation in rural areas.

#### **Pacific Islands and Maldives:**

- ❖ Mini grids and hybrid systems. Displace diesel-based generation to RE based systems
- ❖ Energy –water Food Nexus (Maldives). Renewable Energy based desalination plant to provide water for agriculture (including rainwater harvesting and modern irrigation solutions)
- ❖ Supporting Fisheries using RE (Maldives). Renewable Energy based ice making plants run by women development councils to support Fisheries.
- \*Renewable Energy Based Ferry (Maldives). Solar battery based renewable energy ferry to decarbonize Marine Transport.









# **Thank You**

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