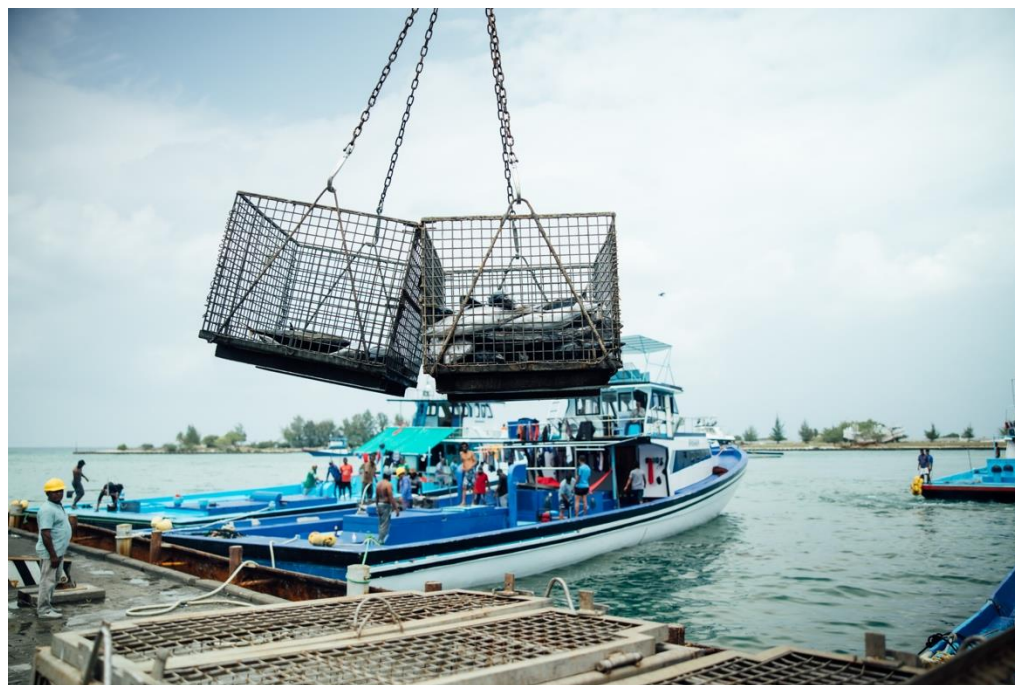


# Maldives Tuna Think Tank

## Welcome







# Day 1 Recap

Maldives Tuna Think Tank



# Sustainability in Business & Storytelling

- Met sustainability
- Looked at the seascape
- Met the stakeholders
- Mapped value chains
- Explored the Blue Economy
- Discovered how to approach challenges
- Defined storytelling and its role
- Introduced risk assessment



# Day 2: Investment Readiness & Finance Mechanisms

- Financier / financee needs
- Risk mitigation
- Opportunities for finance facilities
- Market access as a driver of finance
- Barriers to success
- Roles & responsibilities to reduce barriers / risk
- Charting a course
- Concrete next steps



# The search for funding



Notes on the Strategic Development Goals 2nd Level Matrix



1. The below matrix details the UN Strategic Development Goals (SDGs) and their second level goals by outcome (e.g. 1.1) and action (e.g. 1.a)
2. The first level goals are more general; therefore, the second level goals provide a practical focus for impact measurement with precise objectives for each sub-goal.
3. At the start of an impact journey, it is better to select and focus on a few specific sub-goals that are most relevant to your activity, adopting common, standard measures where practical.
4. Therefore, the matrix is useful to work out which goals your activity touches upon and the degree to which your activity directly affects the outcomes of the sub-goals, whether you can influence them or not.
5. Start with the scope column, if it is not in scope do not spend more time on it. If it is in scope, please continue to fill out the importance of your activity on the sub-goal.
6. Then, state (Yes/No) you think you could have direct control over influencing the specific SDG sub-goal or not.

	Target	UN Definition	Is this sub goal in scope for your activity?	If your activity has an impact on this sub-goal, show the level of importance by marking X under Low, Medium or High			Do you have direct control over this sub-goal?	Notes for Yourself
				Low	Medium	High		
<b>1 NO POVERTY</b> 	1.1 Eradicate extreme poverty	By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.90 a day	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	1.2 Reduce poverty by at least 50%	By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	1.3 Implement social protection systems	Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	1.4 Equal rights to ownership, basic services, technology and economic resources	By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	1.5 Build resilience to environmental, economic and social disasters	By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	1.a Mobilisation of resources to end poverty	Ensure significant mobilisation of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions	Yes or No				Yes or No	
<b>2 ZERO HUNGER</b> 	2.1 Universal access to safe and nutritious food	End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	2.2 End all forms of malnutrition	By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	2.3 Double the productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers	By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	2.4 Sustainable food production and resilient agricultural practices	By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	2.5 Maintain the genetic diversity in food production	By 2030, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	2.6 Invest in rural infrastructure, agricultural research, technology and gene banks	Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	2.7 Prevent agricultural trade restrictions, market distortions and export subsidies	Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	2.8 Ensure stable food commodity markets and timely access to information	Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility	Yes or No				Yes or No	
<b>3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING</b> 	3.1 Reduce maternal mortality	By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births. In addition, all countries should reduce the maternal mortality ratio to less than 140 per 100,000 live births	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	3.2 End all preventable deaths under 5 years of age	By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	3.3 Fight communicable diseases	By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	3.4 Reduce mortality from non-communicable diseases and promote mental health	By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	3.5 Prevent and treat substance abuse	Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	3.6 Reduce road injuries and deaths	By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	3.7 Universal access to sexual and reproductive care, family planning and education	By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes	Yes or No				Yes or No	
	3.8 Achieve universal health coverage	Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all	Yes or No				Yes or No	



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Notes for Yourself



# What are the risks





# Finance facilities for change



# The case for mas huni

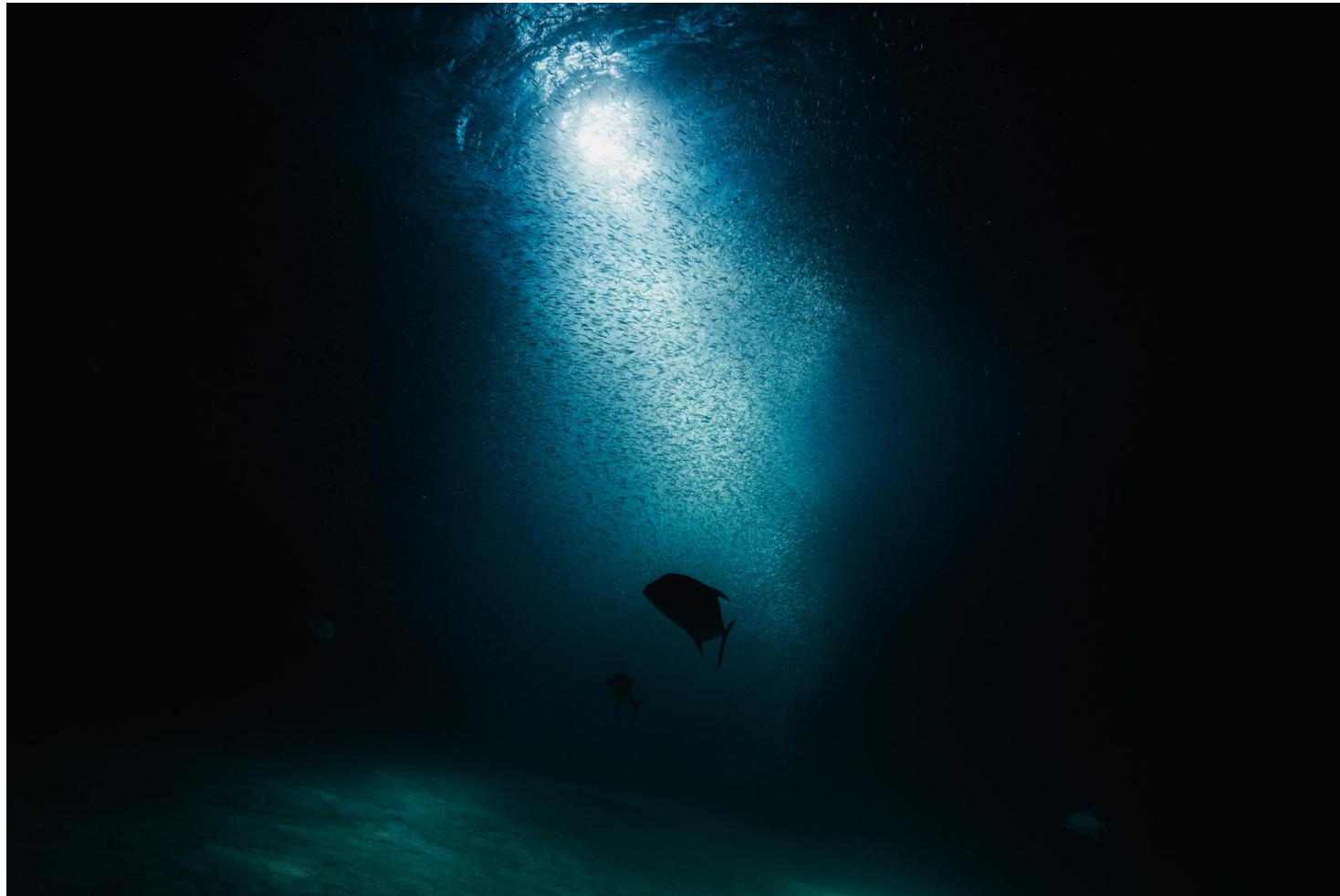




# The case for mas huni



# Barriers to success





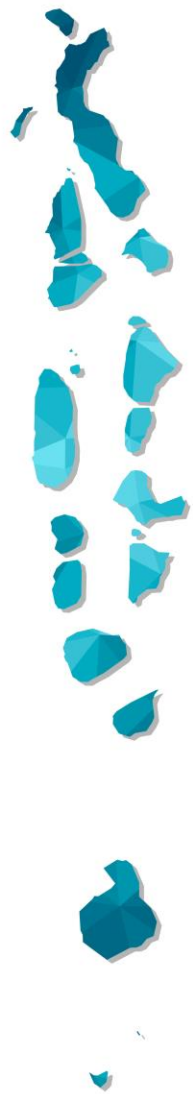
# Roles & responsibilities



# Where to go from here







# Maldives Tuna Think Tank

Thank YOU

