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SECURE WEBINAR 20

PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS IN HEALTH CARE: EXPLORING CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES IN ASIA AND THE PACIFIC 20 FEBRUARY 2025 2:00-3:30 PM Manila time



Welcome and Opening Remarks

Dr. Alexo Esperato

Senior Health Specialist, Human and Social Development Office (HSD), ADB

Context Setting and Panel Introduction

Dr. Vasoontara Yiengprugsawan

Senior Universal Health Coverage Specialist (Service Delivery), HSD, ADB

1. Introduction & Context

Introduction to the Asian Development Bank

- The Asian Development Bank (ADB), established in 1966, is a leading regional development finance institution with 69 member countries—49 from within Asia and the Pacific and 20 from outside the region
- Headquartered in Manila, the Philippines, ADB collaborates with governments, the private sector, and development partners to provide both public and private sector operations, advisory services, and knowledge support.



ADB Health: Key trends, focal areas, and links to Universal Health Coverage



Key trends: Provide long-term direction, guide knowledge activities, and multi-sectoral endeavors



Opportunities and challenges in urbanization



Demographic trends (e.g., ageing and non-communicable diseases)



Decentralization and regionalization (e.g., health security)



Digitalization of society and processes

Focal areas: Health system strengthening (delivery and financing), workforce skills-building



Governance, policy and public goods: regulation, legislation, and stewardship



Architecture: infrastructure, data systems and supply chains



Financing and incentives: both publicand private-led

Workforce: clinical, technical and managerial including allied health

Universal Health

Progress towards achieving UHC and resilient health systems

Affordable, highquality infrastructure & services for the poor and vulnerable

More inclusive and effective regulatory and institutional environment for health

Cross-cutting priorities: Enhance projects' development effectiveness

Gender equality across all domains

Climate change mitigation and adaptation

Address lingering impact of COVID-19

Read the Health Sector Directional Guide in full here:

https://www.adb.org/documents/ strategy-2030-health-sectordirectional-guide

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Health Systems Strengthening and ADB's Regional Technical Assistance

This webinar will explore the role of Public-Private Partnership (PPP) in health care, share best practices and lessons learned, and discuss the opportunities and challenges associated with implementing PPP projects in the sector.

Experience Sharing	Amit Goyal, Partner, Ernst and Young LLP	
	Alok Kumar, Principal Secretary, Government of Uttar Pradesh, India	
	Rohit Sigh, CEO of International Business, Nephroplus	
Lessons Learnt from PPP	Dhawal Jhamb, Principal Markets Development Advisory Specialist, ADB	
projects	Paul Da Rita, Founder and Principal, PdR Infra Advisory, Health PPP	

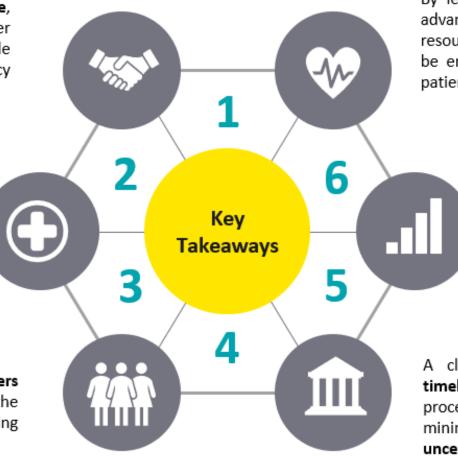
Q & A	Synthesis
Jae Kyoun Kim, Health Specialist, ADB	Eduardo Banzon, Director, Health Practice Team, ADB

Key Takeaways

PPPs **leverage** private sector **expertise**, efficiency, and innovation to deliver public infrastructure and services while ensuring alignment with public policy goals

PPPs can be utilized across the for hospital sector infrastructure development, medical equipment healthcare procurement, service delivery, integration of solutions. digital health tele-radiology, deploying networks, pathology and mobile units

Collaboration with relevant **stakeholders** ensures that the project addresses all the needs and concerns thereby promoting broad-based support and ownership



By leveraging **shared accountability**, advanced technology, and efficient resource use, healthcare quality can be enhanced, costs can reduce, and patient outcomes can improve.

> A clear risk allocation and mitigation strategy, performance-based contracts tied to measurable key performance indicators, is required for ensure longterm sustainability

A clear regulatory framework with **timely approvals** and streamlined processes is imperative for PPPs, minimizing delays and **reducing uncertainty** for both public and private partners.