#### TRAINING ON



# Planning and Design of Smart Infrastructure for Biodiversity Protection

25–27 April 2022





## Practices of EIA in Nepal

(with reference to energy sector)



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#### **Outline of Presentation**

- 1. Background-EIA in Nepal
- 2. Policy and legal Provisions
- 3. Steps in EIA
- 4. Critical Habitats

5. Final Remarks

## 1. Background



- The need for EIA was stressed in the seventh Five-Year Plan (1985 1990).
- The Eighth Five-Year Plan reemphasized the need for EIA system.
- National EIA Guidelines prepared in 1993 by National Planning Commission.
- GoN, for the first time, promulgated Environment Protection Act (EPA) and Environment Protection Rules (EPR) in 1997.
- These legislations are replaced by EPA, 2019 (2076) and EPR, 2020 (2077) under the new federal governance system.

## 2. Policy and Legal Provisions



#### **Policy**

- National Environment Policy, 2019
- Hydropower Development Policy, 2001

#### **Federal Legislations**

- Environment Protection Act (EPA), 2019
- Environment Protection Rules(EPR), 2020/Recent Amendment (2078.02.10)
- Forest Act, 2019 and others

#### **Guidelines**

- Guidelines for Construction of Wildlife-friendly Infrastructures, 2022
- National EIA Guidelines, 1993
- EIA Guidelines for Forestry Sector, 1995

#### 3. Steps in EA

- **Screening** (as defined by EPR, 2020)
  - Brief Environmental Study (BES)
  - Initial Environmental Examination (IEE) Schedule 2
  - Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Schedule 3
- Preparation of ToR for BES/IEE and SD/ToR for EIA
- Approval of SD/ToR from concerned agency
- Preparation of draft BES/IEE/EIA Report
- Public Hearing
- Public Notice/Collecting of Recommendation letter
- Submission of Final BES/IEE/EIA Report
- Review of BES/IEE/EIA report
- Approval of BES/IEE/EIA report
- Monitoring and Evaluation
- Auditing for EIA



#### नेपाल विद्यत प्राधिकरण

भक्तपुर-ठिमी १३२ के.भी. भुमिगत प्रसारण लाइन आयोजनाको प्रारम्भिक वातावरणीय परीक्षण (IEE) प्रतिवेदन तयारी सम्बन्धी वातावरण संरक्षण नियमावली २०७७ को नियम ७ उपनियम २ बमोजिम

#### सार्वजनिक सचना

वागमती प्रदेश, भ	क्तपुर जिल्लामा नेपाल विद्युत प्राधिकरणद्वारा निम्न बमोजिमको प्रस्ताव कार्यान्वयन गर्न लागिएको छ ।	
प्रस्तावकको नाम र ठेगाना	नेपाल विद्युत प्राधिकरण, दरबार मार्ग, काठमाडौँ	
प्रस्तावको व्यहीरा	भक्तपुर जिल्ला भक्तपुर नगरपालिका बडा नं. १, ब्यासीस्थित विद्युत सबस्टेसनदेखि मध्यपुर थिमी नगरपालिकाको बडा नं. ६, थिमीमा स्तरोन्नित गरिने सबस्टेसनसम्म १३२ किलोभोल्ट क्षमताको डबल सर्किट भूमिगत विद्युत प्रसारण लाइन निर्माण गर्न प्रस्ताव गरिएको छ । प्रस्तावित प्रसारण लाइन देको मिवा इटापाके जग्गा एकीकरण आयोजना, कासँगकुसुँग खोलाको कानवादा पुरानो सडक निस्किएर दुवाकोट जाने चोक, निकोसेरा हुँदै थिमी सबस्टेसनसम्म विद्यमान सडकमा डिलाइ वा ओपन कट ट्रेन्च खनेत विद्युतको केवल जमिन मुनिवाट लिग्नेछ । प्रस्तावित लाइनमा ७ वटा ज्वाइन्द्रस पिटकर स्टेनेछ । केवल ट्रेन्च र मिटर चीडा २ मिटर गहिरो हुनेछ । ज्वाइन्द्रस पिटकर स्टेनेछन । केवल ट्रेन्च र मिटर चीडा २ मिटर गहिरो हुनेछ । ज्वाइन्द्रस पिटक पिटर चीडा, ६ मिटर लामो र २ मिटर गहिरो हुनेछ। सबस्टेसन र भूमिगत विद्युत मार्गका लागि कुनै पनि प्रकारको जग्गा अधिग्रहण गरिनेछैन ।	
	मक्तपुर जिल्लाको भक्तपुर नगरपालिका बडा नं. १ र २,	

गिथ उल्लेखित प्रस्तावको प्रारम्भिक वातावरणीय परीक्षण प्रतिवेदन तयार गर्ने क्रममा सो क्षेत्रको प्राकृतिक मौतिक प्रणाली, जैविक प्रणाली, सामाजिव णाली, साँस्कृतिक प्रणाली र आर्थिक प्रणालीबीच के-कस्तो प्रभाव पर्दछ भनी यकिन गर्ने सो स्थानको न.पा. तथा त्यस क्षेत्रका विद्यालय, अस्पतार व्यास्थ्य चौकी तथा सरोकारवाला व्यक्ति वा संस्थाको लिखित राय सुभाव लिन आवश्यक भएकोले यो सार्वजनिक सुचना प्रकाशन भएको मितिले सार



Schedule 1

#### राय सुकावका लागि पत्राचार गर्ने ठेगाना नेपाल विद्यत पाधिकरण



#### 3. Steps in EA...

## ADB

Screening (for energy sector)

BES (Schedule 1)	IEE (Schedule 2)	EIA (Schedule 3)
Utilizing up to 1ha forest area for other purpose (other than TL)	Utilizing 1ha-5ha forest area, FCA, CA, BZ or ECA for other purpose (other than TL)	Utilizing more than 5ha of <b>forest land</b> for other purpose (other than TL)
TL up to 66kV utilizing forest area	-132kV or above capacity TL -Outdoor substation from existing 220kV or above TL	-
Hydro-project < 1MW capacity in BZ, FCA, CA, Environment CA or Ramsar listed wetland.	Hydro-project 1MW-25MW capacity in BZ, FCA, CA, Environment CA or Ramsar listed wetland.	Hydro-project >25MW capacity in BZ, FCA, CA, Environment CA or Ramsar listed wetland.
-	1-50 MW hydro project	> 50MW hydro-project
-	1-5 MW fossil fuel or gas based power plant	<ul><li>For coal or nuclear based power plant</li><li>&gt;5 MW fossil fuel or gas based power plant</li></ul>
-	Water resources development project permanently displacing 25-100 people	Water resources development project permanently displacing >100 person

>10 MW solar

- 1-10 MW wind power >10 MW wind power

- 0.5 -2 MW bio energy >2 MW bio energy

- Any project in NP, WR or HR

- Multipurpose project; interbasin transfer

1-10 MW solar plant

## 4. Critical Habitats encountered during EIA



- Critical habitats are areas with high biodiversity value, including
  - (i) habitat of significant importance to Critically Endangered and/or Endangered species;
  - (ii) habitat of significant importance to endemic and/or restricted-range species;
  - (iii) habitat supporting globally significant concentrations of migratory species and/or congregatory species;
  - (iv) highly threatened and/or unique ecosystems; and/or
  - (v) areas associated with key evolutionary processes.

(MoFE, 2018)

- Natural and critical habitats encountered during EIA;
  - National Protected areas (NPs, Reserves, CA, Buffer Zones)
  - International designated protected areas (Ramsar sites)
  - Biological corridors/hotspots
  - Critical habitats

#### 4. Critical habitat ... Assessment Practices....



- Prior approval/consent from designated authority is required for carrying out EIA in areas of critical habitats including National PAs or International designated PAs (Ramsar sites).
- Consent letter is received with terms and conditions.
- Multiple season data for generating baseline information during EIA is required/done in most cases.
- Mitigation measures are proposed accordingly.
- Additional studies (to EIA) carried out in some cases.



STUDY OF THE IMPACT OF ASIATIC WILD ELEPHANT (ELEPHAS MAXIMUS) IN HETAUDA- DHALKEBAR-

#### 4. Critical habitat ... Assessment Practices....

Nepal Electricity Authority **Engineering Services** 

Study of Monkey in Hetauda - Dhalkebar - Duhabi 400 kV Transmission Line Project Area









Submitted to:

Hetauda- Dhalkebar- Duhabi 400 kV **Transmission Line Project** 

**ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIAL STUDIES DEPARTMENT** 

Telephone: +977 1 6611580; Fax: +977 1 6611590 E-mail:neaessd@wlink.com.np

June, 2013

Study of Large Marrimals in Hetauda-Dhaikebar-Duhabi 400 kV TL Project

FINAL REPORT (MAY 2012 - APRIL 2013)

STUDY OF LARGE MAMMALS (LEOPARD, ROYAL BENGAL TIGER AND JUNGLE CAT) IN HETAUDA-DHALKEBAR-DUHABI 400 kV TRANSMISSION LINE PROJECT



Hetauda- Dhalkebar- Duhabi 400 kV Transmission Line Project Darbar Marga, Kathmandu

Submitted by:

**ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIAL STUDIES DEPARTMENT** Kharipati, Bhaktapur, Nepal

MAY 2013

FINAL REPORT (MAY 2012 - APRIL 2013)

STUDY OF BIRDS IN HETAUDA-DHALKEBAR-DUHABI 400 kV TRANSMISSION LINE PROJECT



Hetauda- Dhalkebar- Duhabi 400 kV Transmission Line Project Darbar Marga, Kathmandu

Submitted by:

ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIAL STUDIES DEPARTMENT. Kharipati, Bhaktapur, Nepal

MAY 2013

FINAL REPORT

**DUHABI 400 KV TL PROJECT** 



Submitted to:

Hetauda- Dhalkebar- Duhabi 400 kV Transmission Line Project

Darbar Marga, Kathmandu

Submitted by:

ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIAL STUDIES DEPARTMENT.

Kharipati, Bhaktapur, Nepal

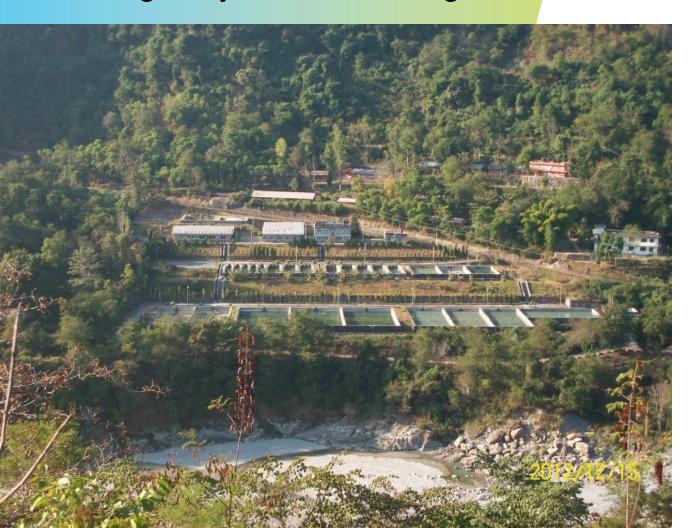
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#### 4. Critical habitat....What EIA does?.....

 finds ways of reducing/compensating for the damage, by the use of mitigation measures





#### 4. Critical Habitat....Issues

#### a. Site Clearance

- Creates habitat fragmentation (common in TL Projects) and habitat loss (more common in HPP)
- Impact of wildlife (biodiversity) and critical habitat are inevitable.









### 4. Critical Habitat....Issues

#### **b.** Environment Flow

For Nepal there exist two main challenges

- i) **quantification of environmental flow**. whether the quantifications (specified by Policies) are just the minimal flow or e- flow??
- ii) **implementation** of such provision of water release as guided by policies or referred by EA of hydropower projects.
- What is constantly being neglected is the implementation of the riparian release in dewatered stretch of the river.











### 4. Critical Habitat... Issues...

- Enforcement of EIA and post-construction monitoring needs are not made stringent.
- Limited information on habit/habitat of Wildlife
  - Migration of fish and suitability of fish ladder or other structures.
  - Bird flight/migration zone and collision with TL
  - Cumulative Impacts of Hydro and TL Projects
  - Need of SEA (acknowledged by EPA, 2019)







#### 4. Final Remarks.....

Nepal has legally adopted the practice of EIA.

EIA is of no use unless implemented.

Data on critical habitats/wildlife needs to be enriched.

 There are new/emerging challenges in EIA demanding for more holistic and integrated approach. (EIA >> CIA >> SEA) Draft Report

Cumulative Impact Assessment (CIA)

Marsyangdi Corridor (Manang-Udipur and Udipur-New Bharatpur) 220kV Transmission Line Project

<u>Submitted to:</u>

Marsyangdi Corridor 220kV Transmission Line Project
Project Management Directorate
Nepal Electricity Authority

Prepared and Submitted by:
Nepal Electricity Authority
Environment and Social Studies Department

Lazimpat, Kathmandu, Nepal Phone No.: 01-4435500 Email: env.social@nea.org.np

April, 2022

#### **Draft Report**

Biodiversity Impact Assessment (BIA)

of

Marsyangdi Corridor 220kV Transmission Line Project in Annapurna Conservation Area

Prepared and Submitted by: Nepal Electricity Authority Environment and Social Studies Department

Phone No.: 01-4435800 Email: env.social@nea.org.np





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