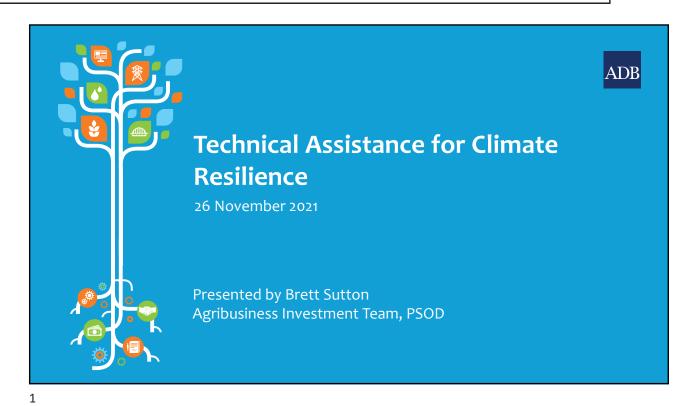
The views expressed in this presentation are the views of the author/s and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the Asian Development Bank, or its Board of Governors, or the governments they represent. ADB does not guarantee the accuracy of the data included in this presentation and accepts no responsibility for any consequence of their use. The countries listed in this presentation do not imply any view on ADB's part as to sovereignty or independent status or necessarily conform to ADB's terminology.



\*\*STATE\*\*

\*\*CLIMATE\*\*

\*\*ESILIENCE\*\*

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

\*\*OADManagement and staff it may be shared outside A



## **Climate Change Impacts**

#### Micro level impacts (smallholders)

- Suboptimal agriclimates and increased pest and disease prevalence
- Increased production costs
- Increased risk of crop failure due to extreme weather events
- Reduced yields, quality and farm profits

#### **Macro level impacts**

- Increased water demand and scarcity
- Increased prevalence of EIDs and the contribution of animal health
- Increased pest and disease prevalence; biosecurity, IPM and the impact on food security
- Nutrition





3

# ADB

# **Agribusiness Support for Resilience**

#### Investment

- Long and short-term loans, guarantees, and equity to agribusinesses at market rates
- Blended finance at concessional rates, often to support climate change adaptation and mitigation projects

#### **Technical Assistance (TA)**

- Concessional rates (often grant-based)
- Direct support to smallholder farmers, veterinarians or other supply chain participants
- · Expert consultants engaged







ADB Management and staff. It may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission



# **How Can TA Improve Resilience?**

- 1 Focus on outcomes for smallholders
- 2 Genetics and farming systems
- 3 Climate resilient farming practices



NDB Management and staff. It may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission

5



# 1 Focus on Outcomes for Smallholders



- Addressing gaps/needs
- Understanding context access and affordability
- · Continual assessment and refinement
- Empowerment of women farmers
- · Access to financial services
  - Savings
  - Credit
  - Insurance
- Appropriate use of technological innovations
  - Many technologies are difficult to adopt for smallholders
  - Communicating macro scale to micro scale (climate, plant/animal care)
  - Fintech







B Management and staff. It may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission

ADB

# **Genetics and Farming Systems**



- Improving climate resilience through genetics
  - Livestock and plant species/varieties resistant to heat
  - Plant species/varieties resistant to water-scarce conditions
  - More productive livestock and plants species/varieties
  - Plant species/varieties with higher nutrition
- Supporting existing climate-resilient farming systems
  - Agroforestry
  - · Forest gardening and multi-tier farming approaches
  - · Controlled environment agriculture

CLIMATE RESILIENCE

DB Management and staff. It may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

7



# Climate Resilient Farming Practices

- Integrated Pest Management (IPM)
  - Observing and reacting to emerging pests and adjusting pest life cycles
    - Economic thresholds to reduce use of chemical crop protection agents (CPAs)
    - Increased reliance on biological and cultural CPAs
- Planting and harvest timing adjustments to meet new climate realities
- Harvest and post-harvest practices
- · Soil quality management practices
  - Improving moisture holding capacity
  - Cultural practices to improve soil quality no/low till, crop rotation, use of legumes
  - Bio char, use of organic inputs
  - · Tailored use of chemical fertilizers only
- · Water availability and storage
- Diversification of income streams
  - Intercropping
  - · Multi-layer farming
- · Light filtration and shade

ADB Management and staff. It may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission





### **Climate-Resilient for Women Poultry and Fish Farmers**

Bangladesh, Philippines

Client: New Hope Singapore Pvt Ltd

ADB assistance: \$0.4m grant-based technical assistance to improve climate resilience of women smallholder poultry and fish farmers

Outcome: 7,200 women farmers trained



**Key features:** 

- Best farming practices capacity building
- Farmer financial literacy and access to finance
- Focus on acute support for farmers recovering from impacts of COVID-19 pandemic
- Scalability

#### Climate resilient features:

- · Improved biosecurity and animal health practices, including appropriate use of antibiotics
- Identifying heat stress and mitigating impacts on animals
- Importance of feed in adapting to climate change for inland fish farmers
- Flood and storm protections for fish farmers
- Low-cost passive ventilation for brood sheds
- Access to credit



#### **Case Study:**

## **Inclusive and Sustainable Coffee Value Chain**

**Timor Leste** 

**Client:** Olam International Limited

ADB assistance: \$1.2m grant-based technical assistance to improve climate resilience and farm productivity of smallholder coffee farmers

Outcome: 6,500 farmers trained, including 25% women



**Key features:** 

- · Good agriculture practices capacity building
- ICT solutions for extension support services
- Farmer financial literacy and access to finance
- Gender inclusion and elimination of child labour practices

#### Climate resilient features:

- · Climate-smart farming methods
- Improvements to post-harvest processing and storage
- · Bio char kilns and use
- Improved traceability





# **Sustaining and Scaling TA Impact**

- Focus on sustainability of support to farmers
  - Partner company
  - Grower cooperatives
  - · Industry groups
  - Government ministries

- Scalability
  - · Achieved through sustainability
  - OneADB approach partner with or pilot solutions for ADB sovereign operations programs





ADB Management and staff. It may be shared outside ADB with appropriate permission.

11

