

ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK BUILDING A LOW EMISSION AND CLIMATE-RESILIENT ASIA AND THE PACIFIC



STRATEGY 2030

Tackling climate change, building climate and disaster resilience, and enhancing environmental sustainability *is an operational priority in ADB's Strategy 2030.*



OUR COMMITMENT

\$80 billion

from 2019 to 2030 to combat climate change



At least 75%

of ADB's committed operations will support climate change mitigation and adaptation by 2030

WE ARE THE REGION'S CLIMATE BANK

- Working with governments and civil society to mobilize financing and implement cutting-edge knowledge

The FIRST Multilateral Development Bank (MDB) to:

- Set clear climate investment targets for 2030. ADB first committed in 2015 to increase its climate investments up to \$6 billion annually by 2020, a target it met this year, 2019.
- Implement a long-term climate change operational framework
- Establish a climate risk screening and management framework for its operations
- Disclose project-level data for all its climate projects
- Be accredited by the Green Climate Fund (GCF)
- Secure funding for the first GCF project in the People's Republic of China
- Host and operationalise Government of Japan funded Japan Fund for Joint Crediting Mechanism

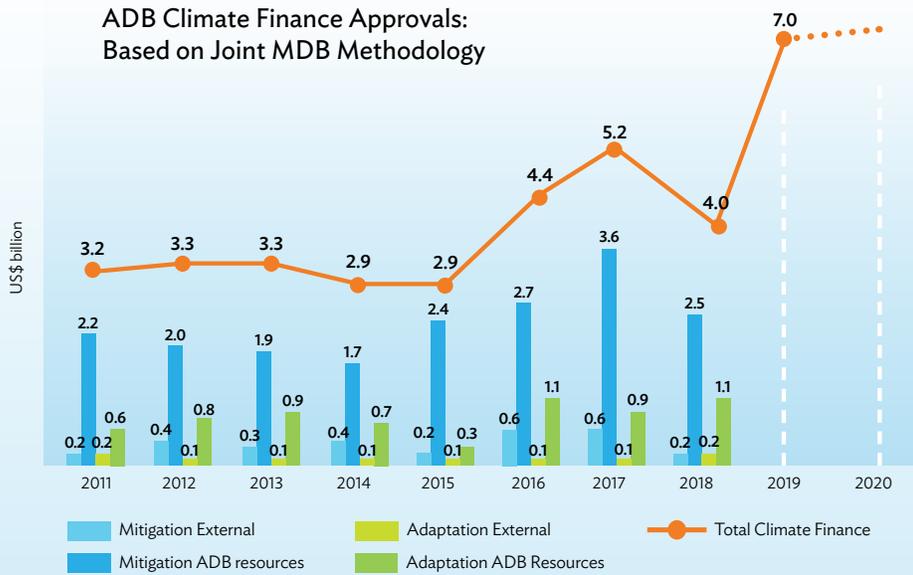
**CARBON
NEUTRAL
SINCE 2016**

- Starting in 2016, carbon credits have been purchased to fully offset ADB headquarters' greenhouse gas emissions, making it carbon neutral
- ADB has received ISO 20121 certification for the sustainability and carbon neutrality of its Annual Meetings since 2016

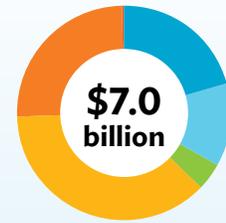


ADB CLIMATE FINANCE

ADB Climate Finance Approvals: Based on Joint MDB Methodology



2019 Climate Finance per Region



\$ 1,442 million

Central and West Asia (20.7%)
(AFG, ARM, AZE, GEO, KAZ, KGZ, PAK, TAJ, TKM, UZB)

\$ 2,592 million

South Asia (37.2%)
(BAN, BHU, IND, MLD, NEP, SRI)

\$ 877 million

East Asia (12.6%)
(MON, PRC)

\$ 1,770 million

Southeast Asia (25.4%)
(CAM, INO, LAO, MAL, MYA, PHI, THA, VIE)

\$ 279 million

Pacific (4.0%)
(COO, FSM, FIJ, KIR, RMI, NAU, NIU, PAL, PNG, SAM, SOL, TIM, TON, TUV, VAN)

\$5 million

Regional (0.1%)

Note: ADB Resources refer to ADB's Regular Ordinary Capital Resources, and Concessional Resources (Concessional Ordinary Capital Resources loans, and Asian Development Fund grants), and special funds established and administered by ADB. External finance refers to cofinancing administered by ADB coming from financing partnership facilities, trust funds, global funds and other funds administered by ADB that are earmarked for a specific program, activity, or output identified by partners.

Note: Climate finance for investments from ADB and external resources. Numbers may not add up because of rounding.

In alignment with the Paris Agreement under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change, the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction, and the Sustainable Development Goals:

- The MDBs have committed to a joint approach aimed at aligning their activities with the goals of the Paris Agreement, focusing on six building blocks as core areas to catalyze low-emissions and climate-resilient development including: aligning their operations against mitigation and climate-resilience goals; ramping up climate finance; capacity building support for countries and other clients; plus an emphasis on climate reporting.
- We invest in building resilient and empowered communities, cleaner technology, and smart infrastructure
- We enable access to new and innovative co-financing opportunities with public and private partners and mobilize concessional financing from global funds, including through carbon markets
- We are strengthening the capacities of our DMCs to achieve their Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) and address climate change by establishing platforms such as **NDC Advance** and the **Article 6 Support Facility**
- We are expanding partnerships by promoting dialogue and collaboration among diverse partners and stakeholders

About the Asian Development Bank

ADB is committed to achieving a prosperous, inclusive, resilient, and sustainable Asia and the Pacific, while sustaining its efforts to eradicate extreme poverty. Established in 1966, it is owned by 68 members—49 from the region. Its main instruments for helping its developing member countries are policy dialogue, loans, equity investments, guarantees, grants, and technical assistance.

For more information:

[ADB Climate Change and Disaster Risk Management:](http://www.adb.org/themes/climate-change-disaster-risk-management/main/)

www.adb.org/themes/climate-change-disaster-risk-management/main/

[Climate Change Operational Framework 2017-2030:](http://www.adb.org/documents/climate-change-operational-framework-2017-2030)

www.adb.org/documents/climate-change-operational-framework-2017-2030

[Climate Change Financing Dashboard:](http://data.adb.org/dashboard/climate-change-financing-ADB-2017) data.adb.org/dashboard/climate-change-financing-ADB-2017

[Strategy 2030:](http://www.adb.org/documents/strategy-2030-prosperous-inclusive-resilient-sustainable-asia-pacific) www.adb.org/documents/strategy-2030-prosperous-inclusive-resilient-sustainable-asia-pacific

