Innovative Carbon Capture through Fecal Sludge Management in the PRC

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OBJECTIVE

Support Strategies:

- Climate Change (Mitigation & Adaptation)
- Environmental Sustainability (Air, Water, Waste)
- ⇒Government (INDC & 13TH FYP)
- ⇒ADB CPS 2016 2021 & Strategy 2030







Beijing Capital Region (BCR)

Population ~23 Million 2nd largest city in the World after Shanghai, PRC

Water resources availability (m3/capita/year)



WHO < 500 - BCR < 200

⇒ Water stressed:

Northern China: 15% PRC Water Resources





Today's Situation: Northern China





Deforestation:

- ⇒ Desertication (27% PRC)
- ⇒ Sand Storms
- ⇒ Lack Green Area
- \Rightarrow Air Pollution (AQI>100)
- ⇒ Sand Storms (AQI>800)
- ⇒ Soil Erosion







Today's Situation: FSM

China Market Assessment:

90% sewerage coverage but major cities still have septic tanks

Sludge Water Content:

Septic Tank > 99% (liquid)

Dewatering: 50 – 80% (solid)

Collection & Disposal:

Landfill / Incineration







Recommendation: The Project!

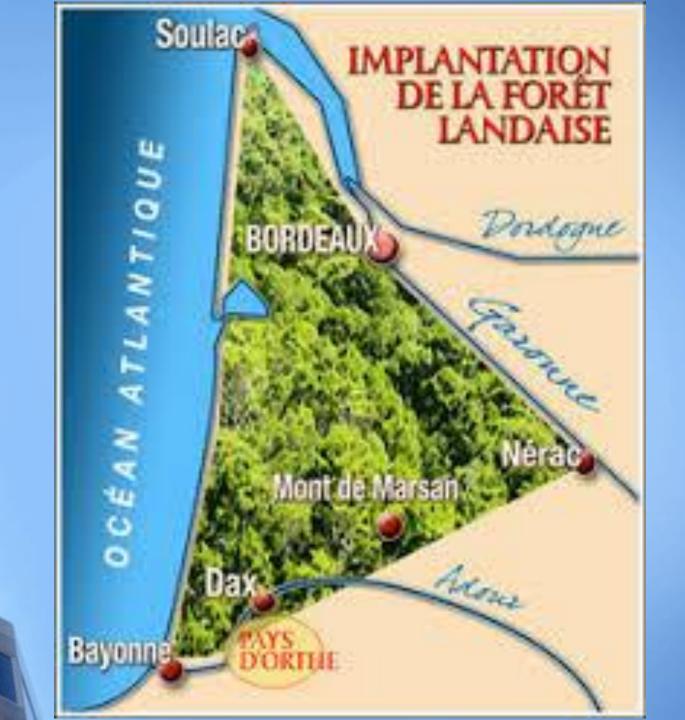
Create Nursery Trees and Forest in peri-urban areas

- ⇒Reuse sludge (waste to resources)
- ⇒Mitigate land erosion and sand storms
- ⇒Curb air pollution
- ⇒Generate economic development (timber)



Green Wall of China 100 B. Trees (1978) PRC INDC Lack of Water!!!





Forest of the LANDES: BEFORE 1855

- Area > 1 million ha (Green < 0.250 million ha)
- Sand & Swamp



LANDES => TODAY Forest 1 Million Ha

Largest Artificial Forest in Western Europe



The Project: How?

2017 - 2018: SFPF (WFPF)

PROOF OF CONCEPT: Key Findings

Fecal sludge = cost effective method

- Watering Trees
- Nutrients (N, P)

With limited treatment:

- Dewatering 15% solids
- Disinfection







The Project: Stakeholders!





State Forestry Administration: National Forests

Huanwei Sanitation Co. Municipal SOE - Operator Municipal Forest Bureau (2020)

- BCR: 300 Million trees
- Hohhot: 1 Billion trees

Private Nurseries: High value trees - landscaping BMG + Private Developers

The Project: Two Loans

1. PPP/NSO with Huanwei SOE (2020): \$50 Million

Upgrading Septage Treatment;

Producing Green Sludge

New Electric Trucks:

- Collection
- Mobile dewatering







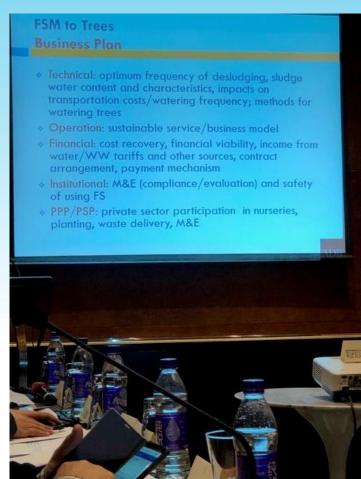


The Project: Two Loans

- 2. Sovereign Loan with SFA & Local Governments (Beijing; Hohhot, Qingdao, ...)
 (2021/2022) \$100 M
 (RBL/FI/Sector Loan):
- Trees Planting & FSM
- Including Improvement
 Sludge Treatment
- Timber Industry











The Project: High Level Technology



Enhanced/ smart septage sludge treatment

Disinfection & safe handling Tree watering, MERV (safety)

Test technologies (with BMGF & Pekin University): Mobile dewatering trucks, 'ingestors' (grinders), collection and re-use







The Project: Outline Financial

Cost Savings:

No Fertilizer & No Irrigation (Sludge)

Increased O&M:

Sludge Treatment &Transportation

| Comparison using minimum required water for irrigation | FSM Pilot (200,000 Trees) | Current Methodology |
|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Transportation of sludge to forests | 248,760 | |
| Costs for dispersing sludge in forests | 264,375 | |
| Costs for additives in primary treatment | 5,689 | |
| Transporting/disposing sludge | | 124,380 |
| Cost of water for irrigation | | 63,000 |
| Annual cost for fertilizer | | 2,679,075 |
| Total Annual Costs | 518,824 | 2,866,455 |

The Project: Results Climate Change

Project => 4 million tCO2eq emission reduction/Year

- (i) 70% reduction 2,000 tCO₂eq conventional collection, treatment and disposal fecal sludge;
- (ii) 70% reduction 2,000 tCO₂eq from trees' irrigation with existing water resources;
- (iii) 3,600 tCO₂eq from offsetting the use of fertilizers; and
- (iv) 33,000 tCO₂eq carbon sink through faster trees growth and increased trees' survivability of 30%







