

→ EARTH OBSERVATION FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

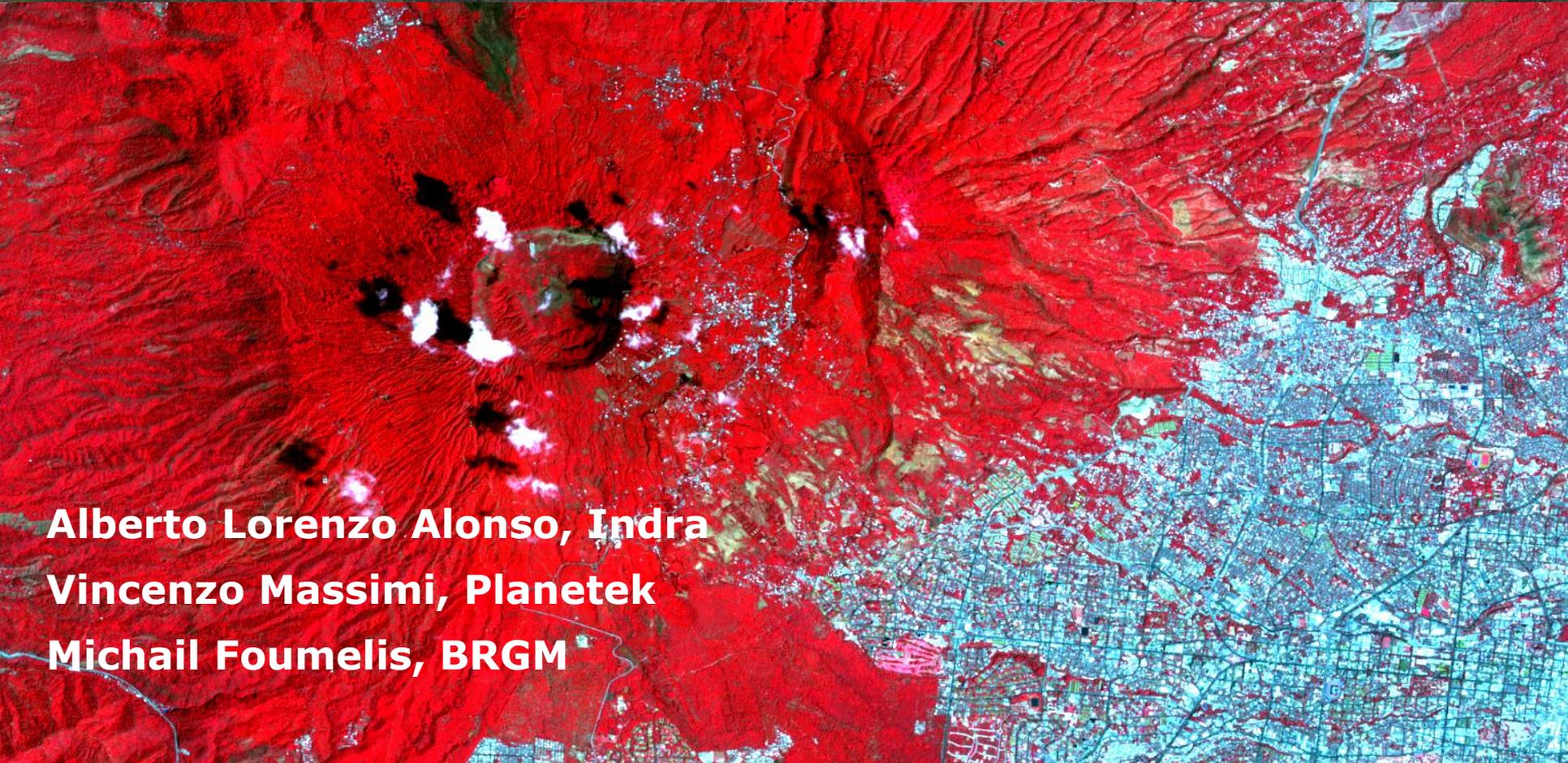
Disaster Risk Reduction



E04SD DRR in support to risk and recovery in
Central Sulawesi

Jakarta, 19 June 2019

Alberto Lorenzo (ESA E04SD DRR project)

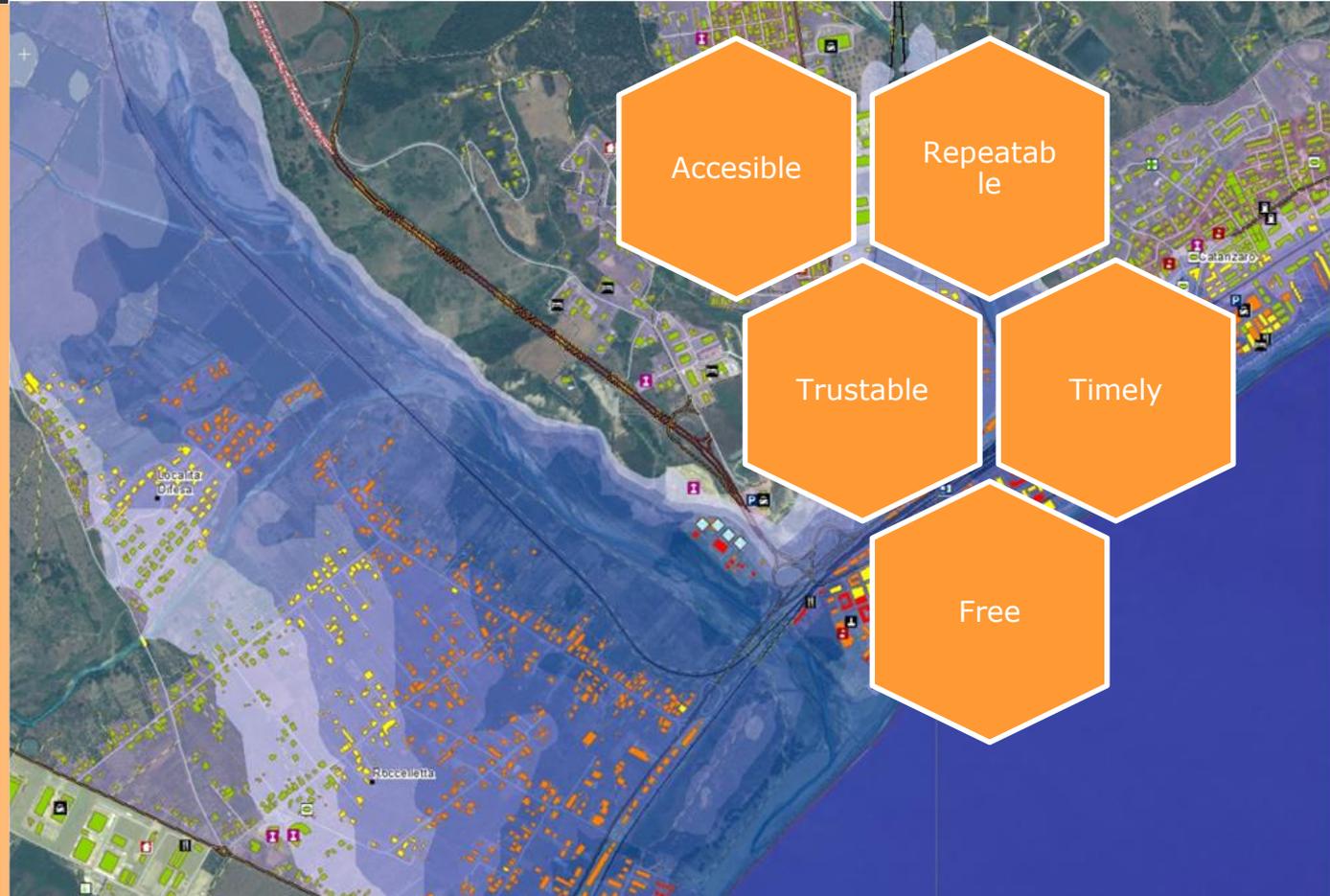
A 3D topographic map showing a mountainous region. The terrain is color-coded by elevation, with red representing lower elevations and blue representing higher elevations. A city is visible in the lower right quadrant, with buildings and roads rendered in a light blue/cyan color. The map is overlaid with a grid of white lines.

Alberto Lorenzo Alonso, Indra
Vincenzo Massimi, Planetek
Michail Foumelis, BRGM

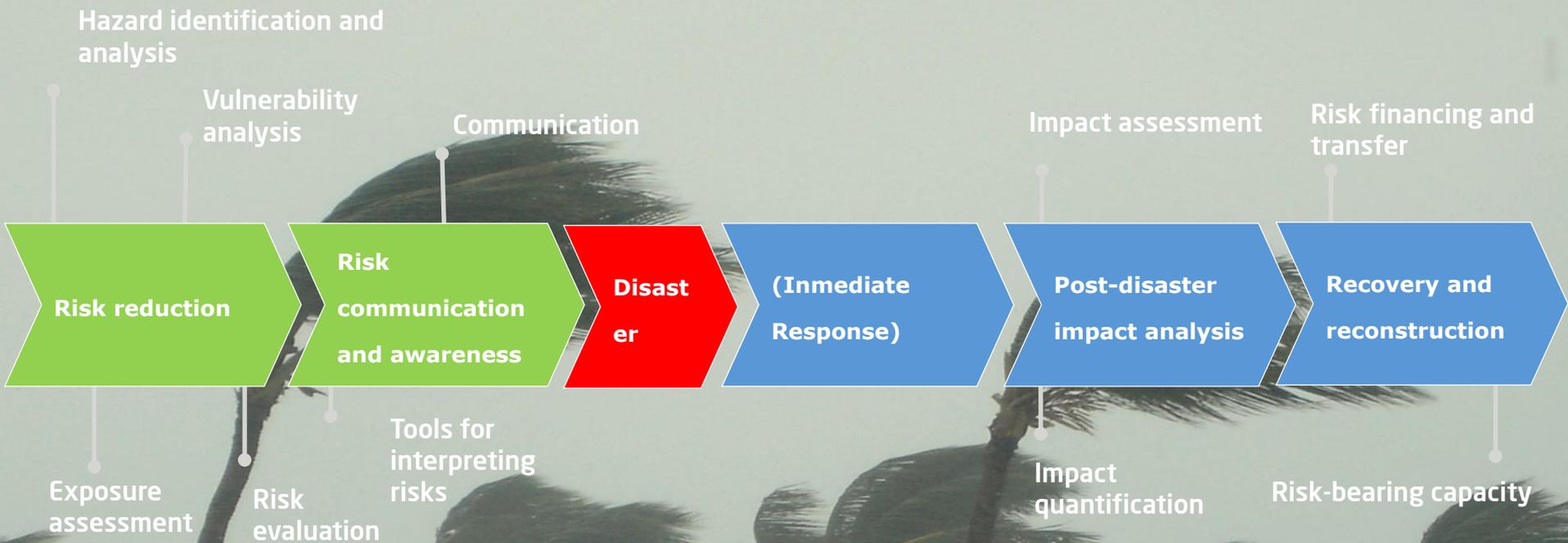
How Earth Observati on can help?



Satellite-based data provides actionable information for development assistance in all phases of the DRM cycle



The cycle of service provision in E04SD DRR supporting Sulawesi



Satellite-based data provides actionable information in all phases of the DRM cycle

- Aims

- Focused on Disaster Risk Reduction, not response
- To promote the use of space technology
- To strengthen cooperation with IFIS AND Local users
- To establish long term relation, and not just provide some products and go

indra

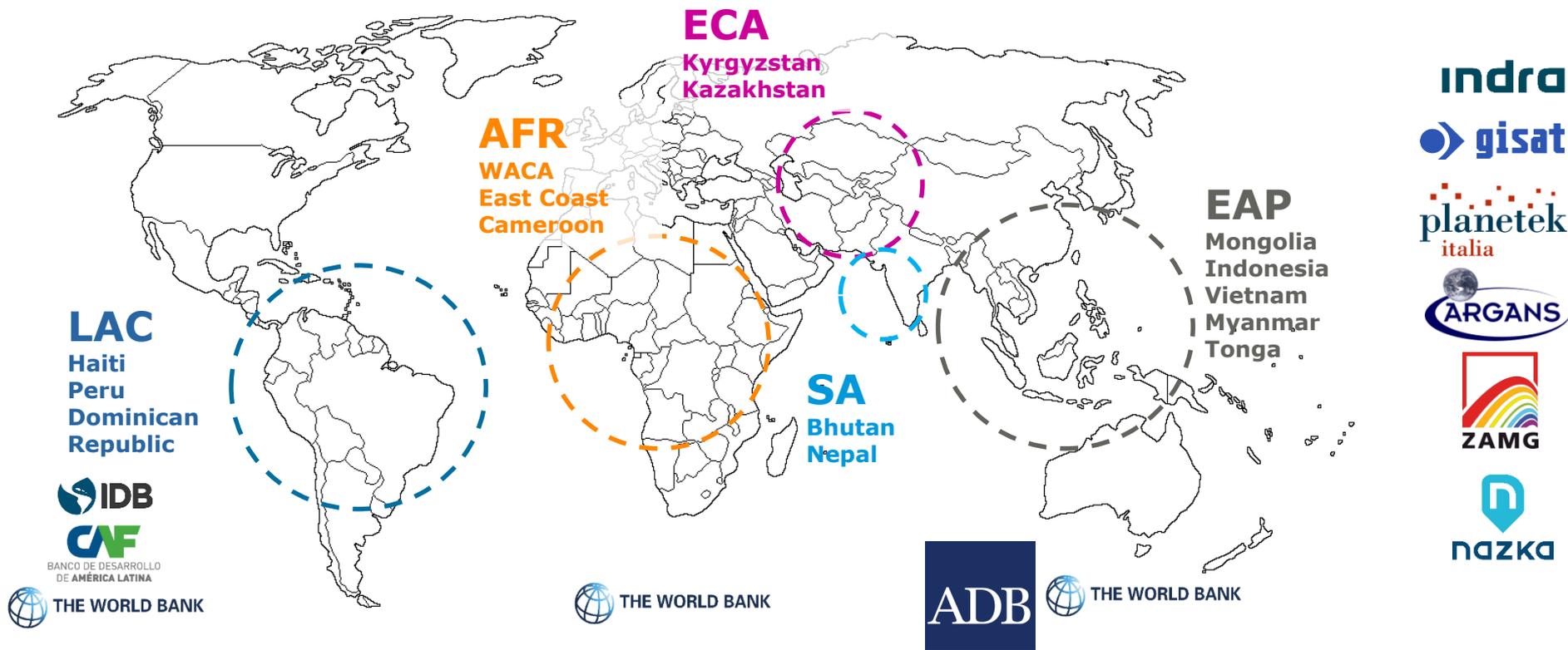
gisat

planetek
italia

ARGANS

ZAMG

nazka



The cooperation among EO4SD DRR (ESA), ADB and Government of Indonesia



- Purpose: to **contribute** to the efforts of **reconstruction** of Palu **from our expertise in Space Technology**
- The consortium was activated at **short notice**
- **Challenging and comforting experience**
- There was a **first request** of products that were provided with the **resources of ESA**
- Then due to the interest, there was the possibility of providing **additional products** with the **resources of ADB**



The Teluk Palu bridge **after** the 28th September 2018 earthquake and tsunami

June 2019

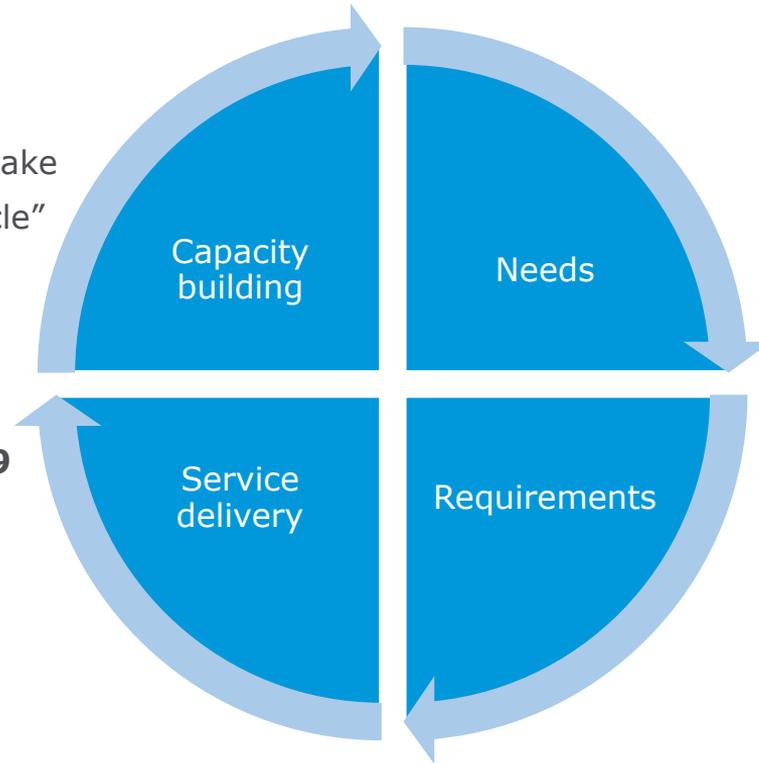
Capacity Building Workshop

The key stone for the user uptake

The first step for the next "cycle" of cooperation

December 2018 / May 2019

Delivery of Land Use / Land Cover product, Flood susceptibility, Night light change and Terrain deformation (pre and post-event)



October 2018

ADB and ESA contact

EO4SD DRR project is activated

Expression of needs

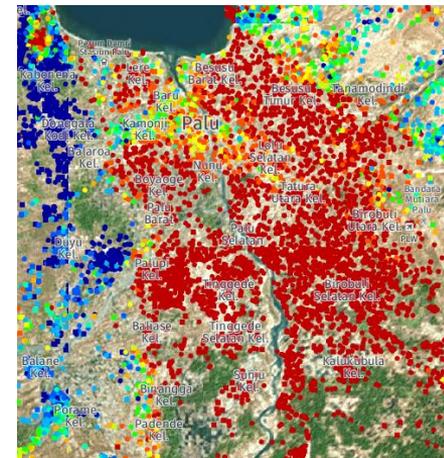
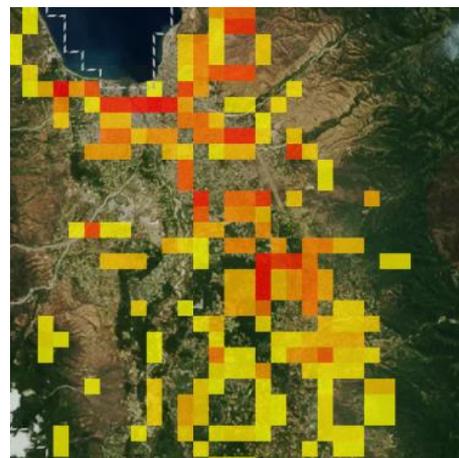
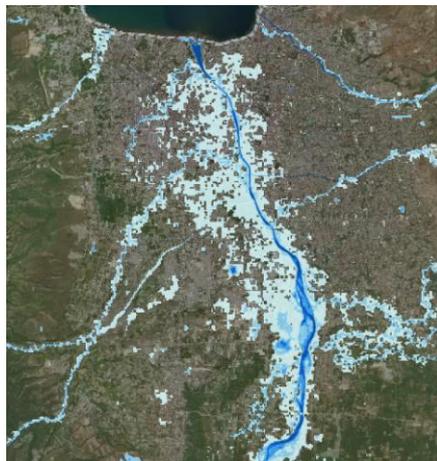
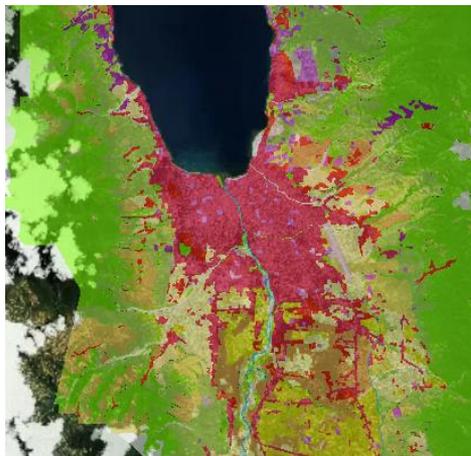
Official request

November 2018

Translation of needs into technical requirements

In urgent cases, this activity is squeezed between the expression of needs and the production

Full picture of the cooperation: products



Land Use / Land Cover

Flood hazard mapping

Night light change

Terrain deformation and building stability



- Web GIS

- **Intermediate user web GIS (all products)**

- EO4SD DRR web mapping application for discovering, overlaying etc. of a intermediate level user high level understanding

<http://eo4sd.dev.nazkamapps.com/>

- **Professional user web GIS (centered in displacement)**

- Due to the complexity, terrain deformations, is provided in Rheticus platform for advanced users

<https://displacement.rheticus.eu/#/>

Information content

- Land use / land cover polygons (27 classes present out of 44 possible)

Method

- Manual extraction using Sentinel-2 images before the event (10m resolution)

Benefits for the users

- Complete overview of landscapes distribution
- Provides statistics of affected land cover
- Support for land planning decision taking at medium scales

Constraints

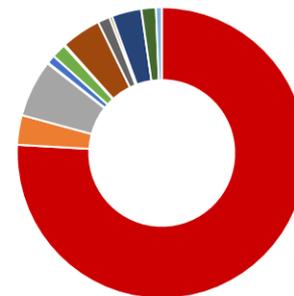
- Representation scale (ideal) 1:25.000
- Limited to level 3 detail land cover classes
- Not applicable decision taking at detailed scales

Next steps

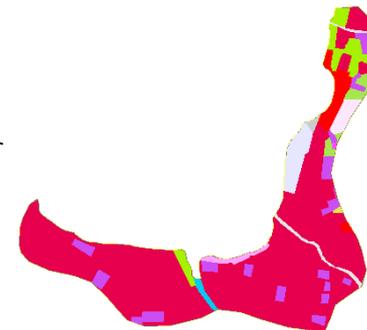
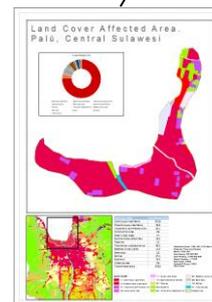
- Detailed Land Cover maps (1:5000)
- Hot spots detection for further cartography production



Area Affected (Ha)



- Continuous urban fabric
- Discontinuous urban fabric
- Industrial or commercial units
- Construction sites
- Green urban areas
- Sport and leisure facilities
- Pastures
- Transitional woodland/shrub
- Beaches, dunes, sands
- Bare rocks
- Salines
- Bushland
- Water courses



Information content

- Multi-resolution raster map providing susceptibility to flood at pixel level

Method

- Historical analysis of Sentinel-1 and ERS 1-2 radar imagery + geomorphometric measures from Digital Elevation Model + visual extraction of main water courses and riverbeds

Benefits for the users

- Indication of zones prone to flood
- Decision taking for land planning at small scale

Constraints

- Resolution of DEM and limited Product quality depends on the historical imagery available
- It is not an hydrological model

Next steps

- Detailed flood susceptibility with better Digital Elevation Model
- Fully fledged hydrological model



Information content

- Change in the intensity of lights between pre-disaster and post disaster situation indicating zones of power outage

Benefits for the users

- Quick overview of areas affected by blackout
- Support to planning for power infrastructure reparations

Method

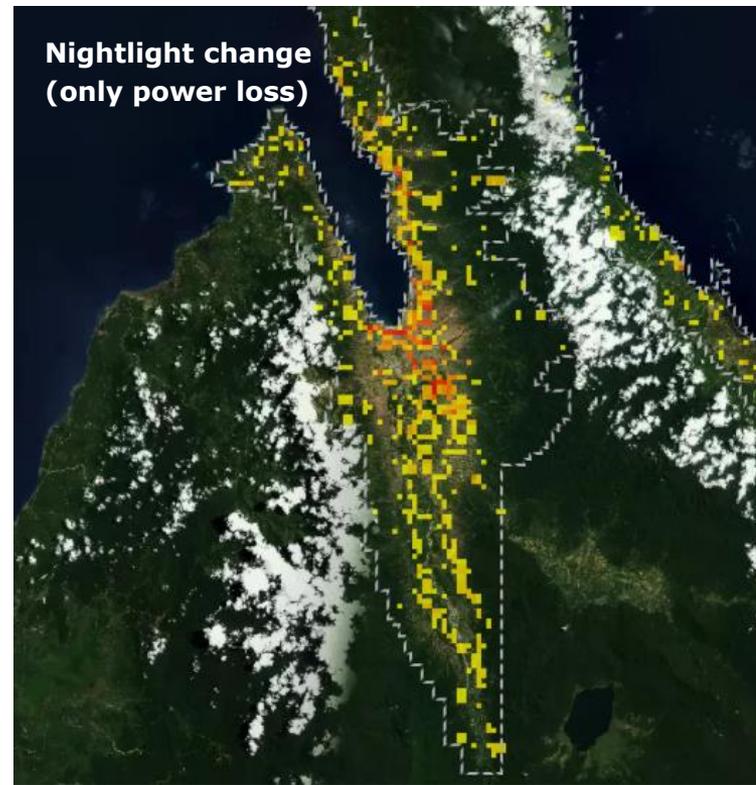
- Raster night light change map between Suomi-NPP VIIRS pre and post event (740 m resolution)

Constraints

- Product conditioned by cloud cover
- Suitable only for larges scales

Opportunities

- Continuous monitoring of power supply



Information content

- Terrain displacement: Point database with observed pre-event and post-event terrain displacement
- Building stability: terrain displacement assigned to buildings to indicate their stability over time (pre-event and post-event)

Method

- Multi-Temporal Interferometry based on SPINUA algorithm, delivered by Rheticus® Displacement service.

Constraints

- A large stack of images is used in the generation of this product. However, the technique implies that there are some objects or areas in the image that are not measured due to the lack of Permanent Scatterers. Those objects or areas are not measured, not meaning that there is not terrain motion.
- Vegetated areas affect negatively the identification of Persistent Scatterers

