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The Setting

Nakhchivan Autonomous Republic

- Population: 400,000
- 5,000 years of recorded urban history
- No land or rail links to greater Azerbaijan

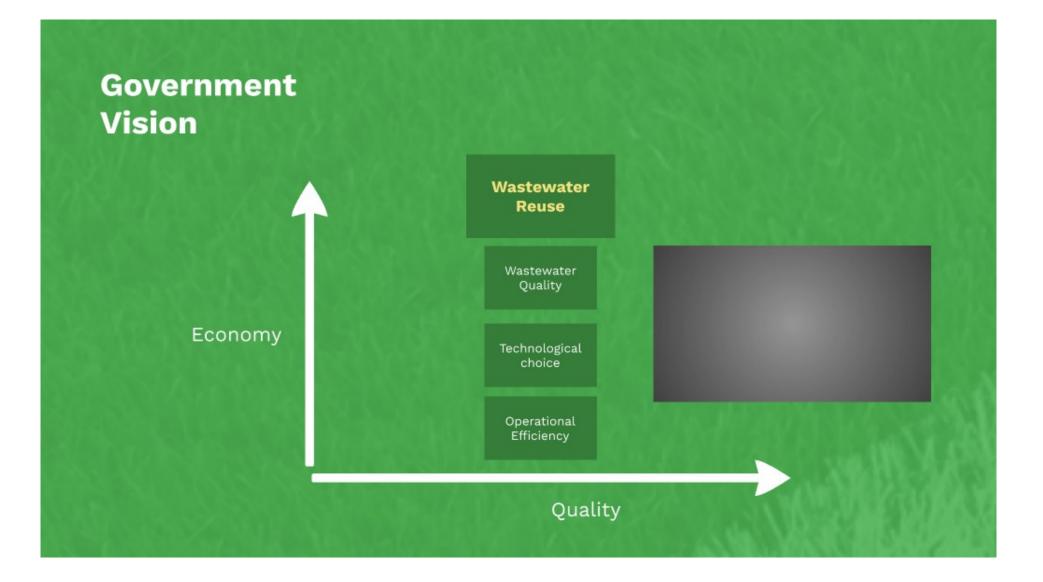
Nakhchivan City:

- Capital of the autonomous republic
- Population: 90,000
- 2 hours of water supply
- No sewerage network

History

- Most households used pit latrines.
- Some households used septic tanks, which often overflowed.
- Some households discharged sewage directly to the roadside channels flowing through town.
- Sewage overflowed onto the streets and public property during rain.
 Blockages and overflows often affected residential areas. 85% of people surveyed during project preparation said they had sewage problems on their property.

– Wastewater from the city was collected and disposed untreated in the Araz River untreated.





Technical Specs

- 3000 liters per second / 32,000 cubic meters per day
- Joint venture between Dizayn (Azerbaijan), Bioworks (Germany) and Pentair (Netherlands)
- Activated sludge basin with the aeration system
- Membrane bioreactor (MBR) with ultrafiltration which produce quality effluent sufficient for irrigation

Government Engagement

 taking the initiative to learn what the future required

acting decisively and staying committed

 taking equal responsibility for the progress and quality of outcomes

proactive learning on O&M, and economies of scale through replication

Lessons Learned

Technology choice is only part of the equation

Accountability matters

• ADB's role as catalyst