The views expressed in this presentation are the views of the author/s and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the Asian Development Bank, or its Board of Governors, or the governments they represent. ADB does not guarantee the accuracy of the data included in this presentation and accepts no responsibility for any consequence of their use. The countries listed in this presentation do not imply any view on ADB's part as to sovereignty or independent status or necessarily conform to ADB's terminology.



OFFICE OF ANTICORRUPTION AND INTEGRITY

ANTICORRUPTION SEMINAR FOR CONSULTANTS, CONTRACTORS, AND SUPPLIERS



Main Objectives

- Increase understanding and compliance with ADB's Anticorruption Policy
- Raise awareness of potential irregularities in procurement and contract implementation



Presentation Structure

1. Why are we here?

- 2. What is fraud and corruption?
 - 3. Where is there fraud and corruption?
- 4. How can you ACT?



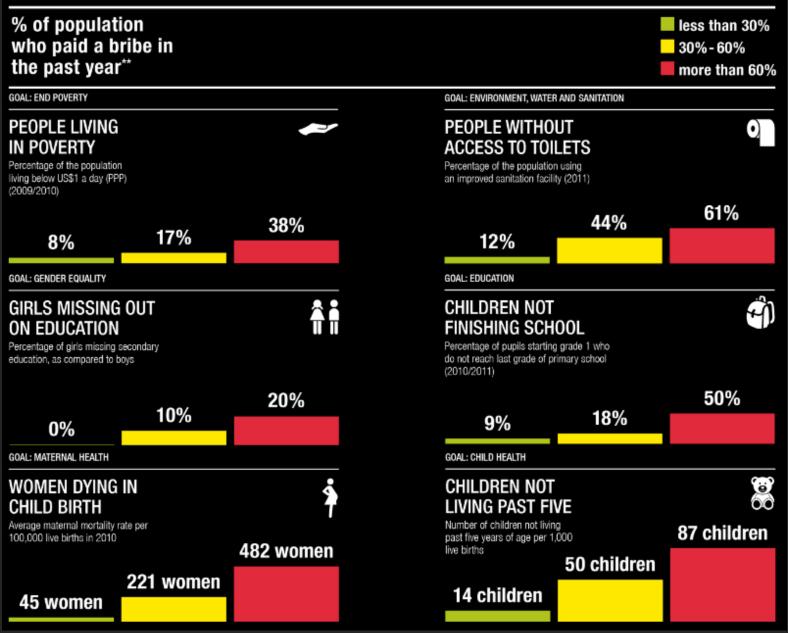
Transparency International Corruption Perceptions Index 2015 and ADB Poverty Ratings



<u>Country</u>	<u>CPI</u> <u>Rank</u>	Population below Poverty Line
Denmark	1	
United Kingdom	10	
United States	16	
India	76	21.9%
Thailand	76	10.9%
PR China	83	7.2%
Pakistan	117	12.4%
Nepal	130	25.2%
Lao	139	23.2%
Bangladesh	139	31.5%
Myanmar	147	25.6%
Uzbekistan	153	13.7%
Turkmenistan	154	
Afghanistan	166	39.1%

Vicious Circle Corruption **Poverty**

Bribery Hurts Development



Due diligence is the process of systematic and comprehensive assessment and verification the accuracy of information.



Due diligence is the responsibility of each of us



Do not assume that someone else is doing it.



Why are we here?

Summary

- Fraud and corruption result in incomplete, sub-standard, or undelivered project outputs
- Corruption is linked to failure of public service delivery, and human underdevelopment



1. Why are we here?

2. What is fraud and corruption?



Asian Development Bank



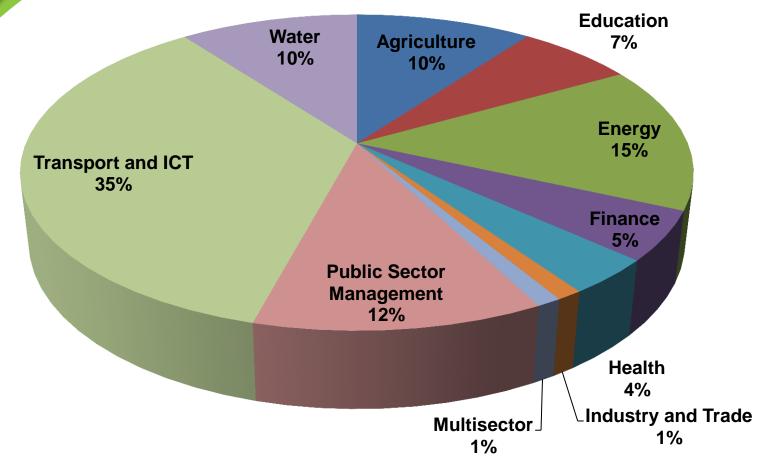
An Asia and Pacific region free of poverty.



To help its developing member countries reduce poverty and improve the quality of life of their people.



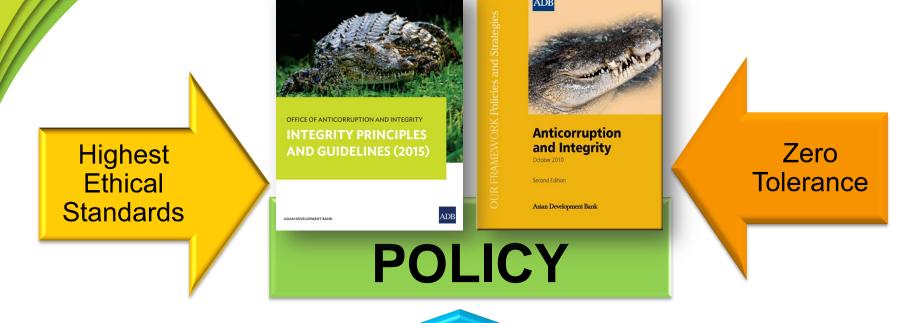
ADB Sovereign Lending and Grants Financing (1968-2016)







ADB's Anticorruption Policy



Applies to executing and implementing agencies, **contractors**, **consultants**, **suppliers**, ADB staff, and anyone connected to an ADB-financed, -administered or –supported activity.

ADB's Anticorruption Policy

- Procurement Guidelines (Para 1.14)
- Guidelines on Use of Consultants (Para 1.23)
- Loan and Grant Agreements
- Standard Bidding Documents (Section 1, Clause 3, 4)
- Contracts
- Prequalification Documents
- Project Administration Instructions
- Request for Proposals



OAI's Role and Responsibilities



Initial contact for allegations of integrity violations





Undertake Project Procurement-Related Review (PPRRs) Investigate allegations of fraud and corruption



Promote awareness of Anticorruption Policy

Integrity Due Diligence

Integrity Violations

Misconduct



Conflict of Interest

Obstructive Practice

Coercion

Collusion

MDB harmonized definitions

Abuse





Corruption



- Bribery
- * Kickbacks

Fraud



- False claims
- Forged records
- Misrepresentation
- Failure to disclose information

Coercion



"If u don't give me contract u will be sorry."

- Blackmail
- Extortion
- Threat
- Torture

Collusion



- Pre-negotiation of award
- Bid rotation
- Bid rigging
- Leaking of bid information and technical specifications

Abuse



- Theft of equipment and supplies purchased for an ADB-related activity
- Improper or personal use of ADB-purchased equipment and supplies

Conflict of Interest



- Family interests or nepotism
- Related bidding companies
- Consultant drafted his/her own TOR

Obstructive Practice



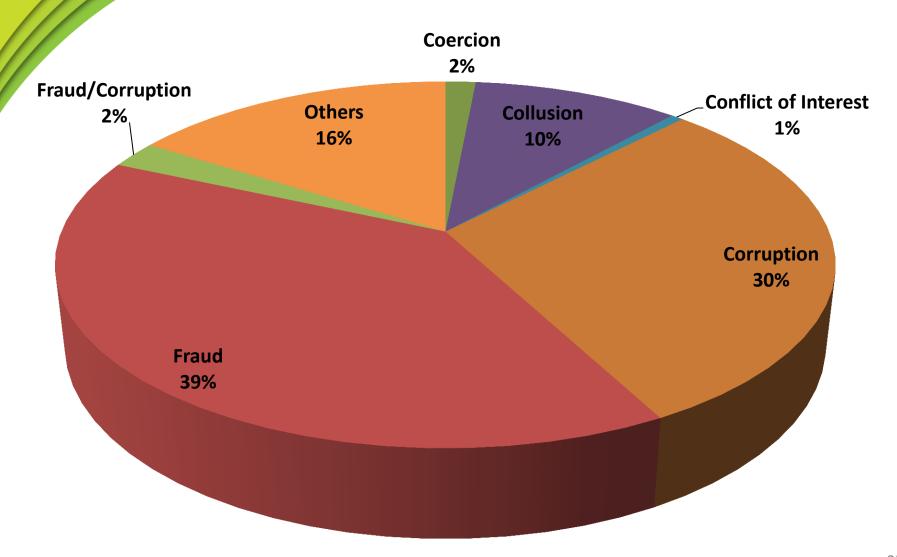
- Lying to ADB investigators
- Destroying, concealing, or withholding evidence

Allegations of Integrity Violations

Overall Complaints (1998-2016)	3324
Overall Investigations (1998-2016)	1616



Complaints of Integrity Violations in ADB-financed Projects (1998-2016)



Allegations of Integrity Violations

	Overall
Sanctioned Firms	1261
Sanctioned Individuals	787



Remedial Actions against Proven Integrity Violations

Temporary Suspension

Reprimand

Caution

Restitution/ Remedy

Debarment

Indefinite Debarment

Debarment with Conditional Reinstatement

Conditional Non-Debarment



Remedial Actions against Proven Integrity Violations

- Aggravating circumstances Max for Individuals: None **Max for Firms: 7** Mitigating circumstances
- Harm caused, project/matter in questions, or ADB's interests
- Sophistication of the integrity violation
- Level of oversight and involvement
- Significance of the role played
- If the integrity violation continues or is ceased upon knowledge of the investigation
- Degree of cooperation during investigation
- Previously or currently sanctioned
- Others

Current contract

Future tenders

When under sanction...

Contract variations



Reinstatement







When under sanction...





ReiNoT ReiNoT AUTON AUTO



Consequences of Integrity Violations in ADB-financed Projects

- Sanctions of firms or individuals
- Suspension of the loan or grant allocations
- Termination of loan or grant allocations
- Reimburse ADB for misused loan and grant proceeds.
- Changes in administrative arrangements
- Request to investigate or change government staff

www.adb.org/integrity ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK About ADB News & Events Data & Research Publications ANTICORRUPTION AND INTEGRITY

Main

Overview

Advisories

Investigations

Sanctions

Reviews

Activities

News

Articles

Publications

Contacts

Report Fraud or Corruption

Project Procurement-Related

Integrity Due Diligence

Anticorruption and Integrity >

Anticorruption and Integrity

Careers

Projects

中文

Countries

Contacts

All

Focus Areas



ADB Sanctioned 90 Entities Fo Violations in 2015 - OAI

ADB Institute

ADB's Office of Anticorruption and Integrity s companies and individuals for integrity violat more than double the 40 sanctioned the prev reflecting expanded efforts to report corrupt







Report Fraud

Search

Fighting Fraud and Corruption in ADB Projects

What is fraud and corruption?

Summary

- ADB's Anticorruption Policy
- Role and responsibilities of OAI
- Integrity Violations and their consequences
- Complaints, investigations, and sanctions
- Accessing ADB's Sanctions List



1. Why are we here?

2. What is fraud and corruption?

3. Where is there fraud and corruption?



Identification of Projects

Completion and Evaluation

> Supervision, Monitoring & Reporting



The Project Cycle

Project
Preparation
and
Processing

Loan Approval

Project Implementation



Project Implementation

- 1. Procurement
- 2. Contracts Award
- 3. Contracts Management and Supervision
- 4. Contracts Completion (acceptance of works, goods or services)
- 5. Financial Management



Procurement and Implementation

- 1. Procurement Plan prepared by the EA/IA
- 2. Bidding Documents prepared by the EA/IA
- 3. Bids/Proposals submitted by contractors/suppliers/consultants
- 4. Bid Evaluation conducted by the EA/IA
- 5. Contract negotiation, execution, and supervision

2. Bidding Documents (red flags)

Section 3. Eligibility and Qualification Criteria set by EA/IA

- Construction Experience
- Financial Situation

Section 6. Employer's Requirements set by EA/IA

- Specifications proprietary
- Drawings proprietary
- Personnel and Equipment requirements
- Restrictive local service requirements

2. Bidding Documents prepared by EA

Integrity Violations

- Corrupt Practice (bribe, kickback)
- Collusive Practice (arrangement between EA and bidder/s, between bidders)
- Conflict of Interest (between EA and bidder/s, between bidders)



3. Bids/Proposals from Bidders (red flags)

- Section 2. Eligibility and Qualification Criteria
- 2. Qualification
 - 2.1 Eligibility
 - 2.2 Pending Litigation (against financial statements)
 - 2.3 Financial Situation
 - 2.4 Construction Experience ("difficult to verify" locations)



3. Bids/Proposals

- Section 3. Eligibility and Qualification Criteria
 - 3.1 Eligibility
 - 3.1.1 Nationality (ITB Sub-clause 4.2)
 - 3.1.2 Conflict of Interest (ITB Sub-clause 4.3)
 - 3.1.3 ADB Eligibility (ITB Sub-clause 4.4)
 - 3.1.4 Government-owned Entity (ITB Sub-c.
 - 4.5)
 - 3.1.5 UN Sanctions (ITB Sub-clause 4.7)

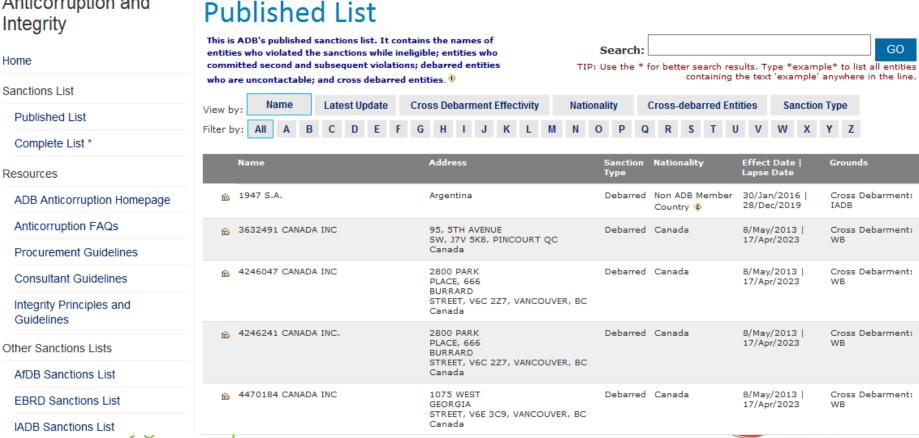
3. Bids/Proposals

2.1.3 ADB Eligibility (ITB Sub-clause 4.4)

Log In



Anticorruption and



2.2 Pending Litigation

2.2 Pending Litigation

Criteria		Compliance F	Requirements		Documents
			Joint Venture		0
Requirement	Single Entity	All Partners Combined	Each Partner	One Partner	Submission Requirements

2.2.1 Pending Litigation

All pending litigation shall be treated as resolved against the Bidder and so shall in total not represent more than [Insert figure. The percentage should normally be within the range of 50% to 100% of an Bidders net worth,] percent of the Bidder's net worth.	must meet requirement by itself or as partner to past or existing JV	not applicable	must meet requirement by itself or as partner to past or existing JV	not applicable	Form LIT - 1
---	---	-------------------	---	-------------------	--------------

2.3 Financial Situation

2.3.1 Historical Financial Performance

2.3.1 Historical Financial Performance

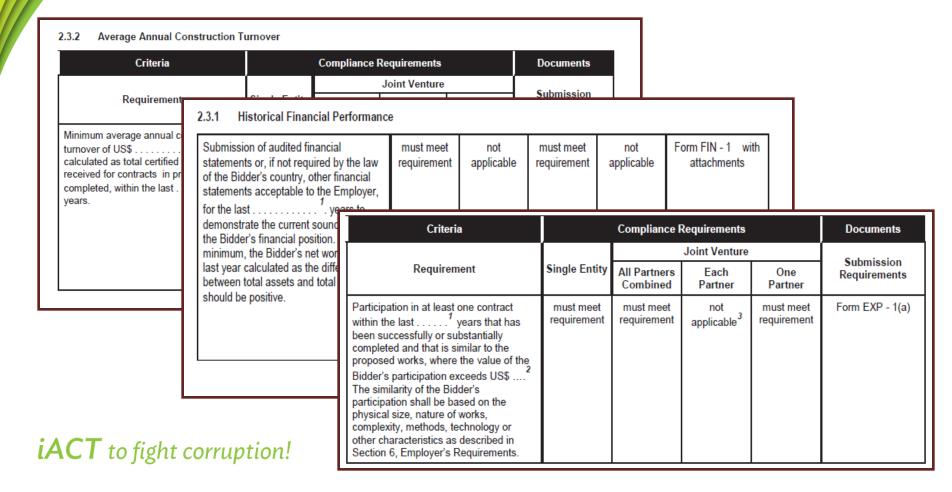
Submission of audited financial statements or, if not required by the law of the Bidder's country, other financial statements acceptable to the Employer, for the last	must meet requirement	not applicable	must meet requirement	not applicable	Form FIN - 1 with attachments

2.3.2 Average Annual Construction Turnover

2.3.2 Average Annual Construction Turnover

Criteria	Compliance Requirements			Documents	
		Joint Venture			
Requirement	Single Entity	All Partners Combined	Each Partner	One Partner	Submission Requirements
Minimum average annual construction turnover of US\$	must meet requirement	must meet requirement	must meet 3of the requirement	must meet 4 of the requirement	Form FIN - 2

Financial Situation Forms



2.3.3 Financial Resources

2.3.3 Financial Resources

Criteria		Compliance Requirements			Documents
		Joint Venture			Cubmissism
Requirement	Single Entity	All Partners Combined	Each Partner	One Partner	Submission Requirements
Using Forms FIN – 3 and FIN - 4 in Section 4 (Bidding Forms), the Bidder must demonstrate access to, or availability of, liquid assets a, lines of credit, or other financial resources (other than any contractual advance payments) to meet the Bidder's financial resources requirement indicated in Form FIN-4.	must meet requirement	must meet requirement	must meet 1 of the requirement	must meet 2 of the requirement	Form FIN – 3 and Form FIN – 4

2.4 Construction Experience

2.4.1 Contracts of Similar Size and Nature

Criteria	Compliance Requirements			Documents	
			Joint Venture	Submissis a	
Requirement	Single Entity	All Partners Combined	Each Partner	One Partner	Submission Requirements
Participation in at least one contract within the last	must meet requirement	must meet requirement	not applicable ³	must meet requirement	Form EXP - 1(a)

2.4.2 Construction Experience in Key Activities

Criteria	Compliance Requirements			Documents	
Requirement	Single Entity	All Partners Combined	Joint Venture Each Partner	One Partner	Submission Requirements
For the above or other contracts executed during the period stipulated in 2.4.1 above, a minimum construction experience in the following key activities:	must meet requirement	must meet requirement ²	not applicable	not applicable	Form EXP - 1(b)
*					
*					

Bidding Forms

Bill of Quantities

Objectives

The objectives of the Bill of Quantities are

- (a) to provide sufficient information on the quantities of the prepared efficiently and accurately; and
- (b) when a contract has been enter valuation of Works executive adding the national desirable and the periodic valuation of Works executive adding the national desirable and the natio

In order to attain to disting BOO and the Bill of Quantities in sufficient detail to disting of Works, or between Works of the same nature carried out in different considerations of cost.

Consideration of the Bill of Quantities should be as simple and bridge.

Content

The Bill of Quantities should be divided generally into the following sections:

Bidding Forms



Bidding Forms

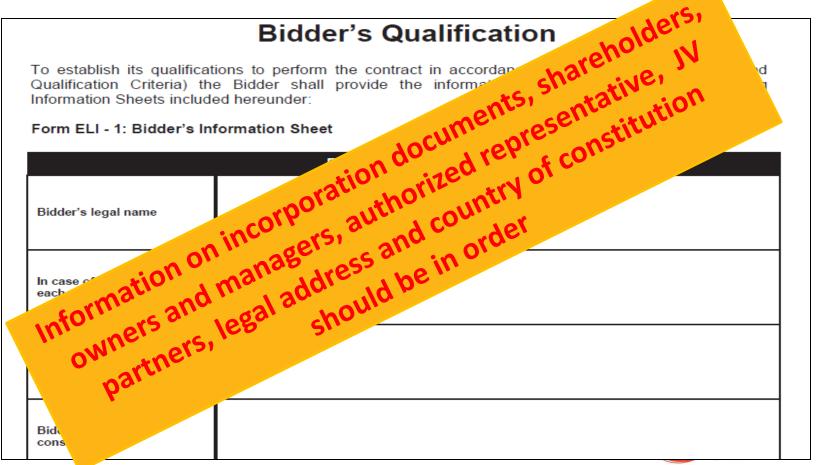
Technical Proposal – Equipment

Form EQU: Equipment

The Bidder shall provide adequate information and details to demonst to meet the equipment requirements indicated in Section 6 (Employers), using the Forms below. A separate Form shall be prepared for each item of proposed by the Bidder.

Item of Equipr	nent A Shou		
Equipment Information	Rame of manufacture in the state of manufacture in the state of manufacture in the state of the	Model and power rating Year of manufacture	
Current Status	Current location		

Bidding Forms



Bidding Forms



3. Bids/Proposals submitted by bidders Integrity Violations

- Corrupt Practice (bribe, kickback)
- Fraudulent Practice (misrepresentation, omission)
- Coercive Practice (threat, harm)
- Collusive Practice (between EA and bidder/s, between bidders)
- Conflict of Interest (between EA and bidder/s, between bidders)

4. Contract Implementation (red flags)

- Delay in contract implementation
- Insufficient on-site monitoring and supervision of contracts
- Poor quality of works, services and goods
- Weak enforcement of professional standards
- Lack of required equipment and qualified personnel
- Contracts exceed original contract amount

4. Contract Implementation (red flags)

- Deviation from construction design or Terms of Reference
- Submission of irregular interim and final performance certificates
- Submission of irregular contract variations (exaggerated contract amount, scope of contract)
- Manipulation of Bill of Quantities



1. Why are we here?

2. What is fraud and corruption?

3. Where is there fraud and corruption?

4. How can you ACT?

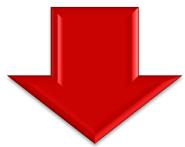


How you should act...

- Comply with ADB's Anticorruption Policy
- Report allegations of integrity violations to OAI



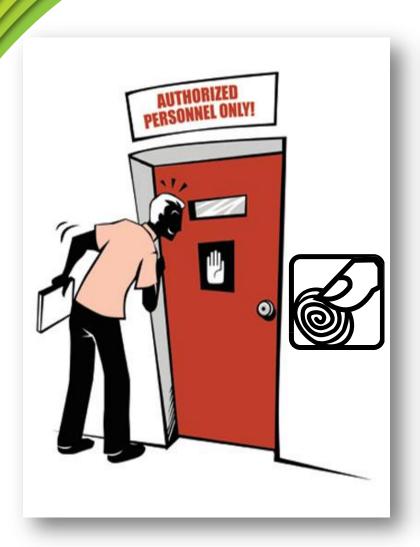
DO: Report in good faith.

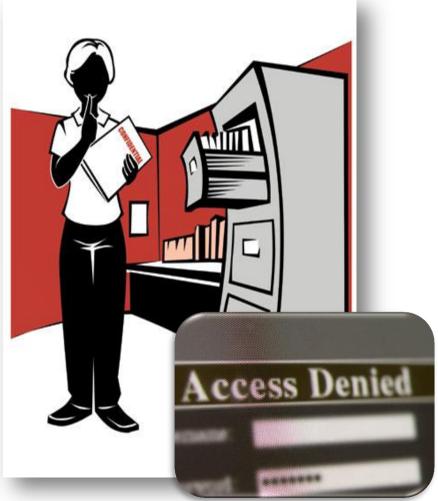


DON'T: Report false or misleading information



Confidentiality





Whistleblower and Witness Protection

- A complainant or person reporting allegations of fraud and corruption or misconduct is referred to as a whistleblower.
- OAI will make its best effort to encourage and protect whistleblowers and witnesses





Help keep the funds channeled as intended



Corruption and fraud prevention can...







Contribute to poverty reduction

Increase beneficiaries satisfaction





Decrease implementation delays

Result in improved project effectiveness





Result in improved project efficiency





Save time







Summary

- Increase understanding and compliance with ADB's Anticorruption Policy
- Raise awareness of potential irregularities in procurement and contract implementation





If you have any questions, contact:

OFFICE OF ANTICORRUPTION AND INTEGRITY

Website: www.adb.org/integrity

Email: anticorruption@adb.org

integrity@adb.org

Tel: +63-2-632 5004

Fax: +63-2-636 2152



