

ADB Knowledge Sharing Program on ICT in Education

(11 November, 2016)

Shaping the Future of Education with Technology

- Comparison of Korea and Singapore for ICT in Education

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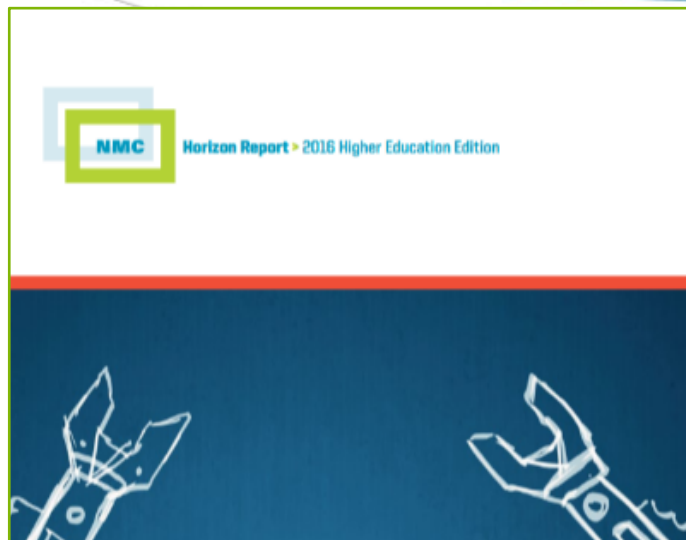
Overview

- ◆ The Future of Education
 - ◆ Theoretical perspectives
- ◆ Designing Future Schools
- ◆ Future Education Initiatives in Korea & Singapore
 - ◆ Policy plan and strategies
- ◆ Grand Challenges in Future Education
- ◆ Questions & Discussions

Artificial Intelligence



Future Education & Technology



<http://www.nmc.org/nmc-horizon/>



<http://www.open.ac.uk/blogs/innovating/>

Predicting the Adoption Horizon

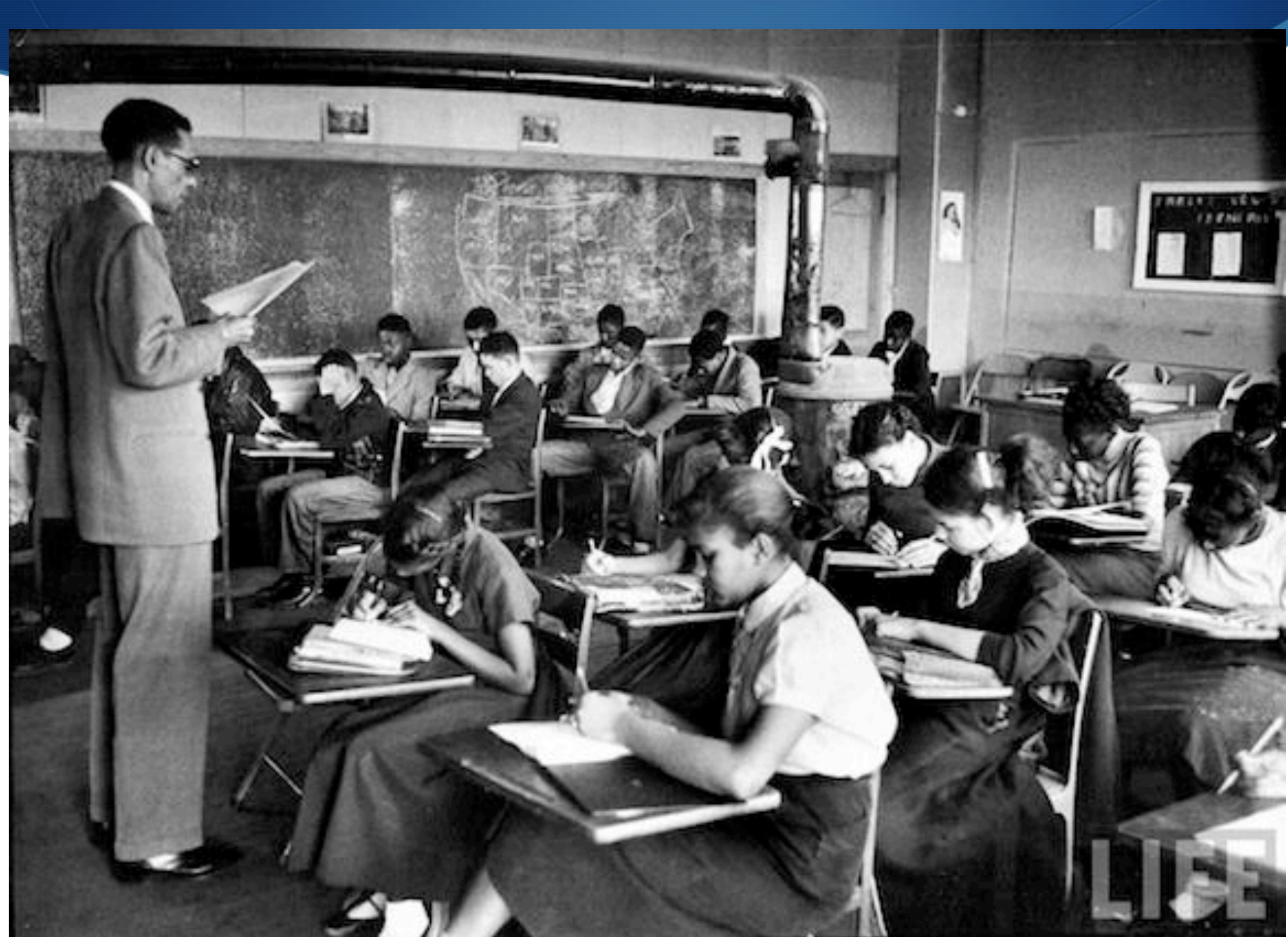
💧 NMC Horizon Report 2016 <http://www.nmc.org/publication-type/horizon-report/>

	1 year or less	2-3 years	4-5 years
K-12	Makerspaces Online Learning	VR Robotics	Artificial Intelligence Wearable Technology
Higher Education	BYOD Learning Analytics	AR/VR Makerspaces	Affective Computing Robotics

What is the image of the school that you want ?

Do you think schools would exist after 50 years later?









Orestad College in Denmark



School of the Future (SoF) in Philadelphia, US



School of Science & Technology in Singapore



What are the commonalities in these schools?



“Paradigm Shift”

Future schools necessitate more than fancy buildings
and sophisticated technologies.

We need to revisit our assumptions about

What is learning

What are the roles of schools, teachers, and students

1. The Future of Education

Theoretical Perspectives

The “Paradox” of Future Schools

What is “**Future**” in Future Schools?

- 💧 Tensions in two types of discourse

“**Surface Resemblance**”

“**Utopian Thinking**”



The “Paradox” of Future Schools

- High resemblance between the present and the future
 - “it (futuristic education) deals in surface resemblances: Imagine what the future will look like on the surface; then make education mimic that surface” (Bereiter, 2002, p.224).
- Utopian Thinking
 - When our discourse of future schools becomes too idealistic



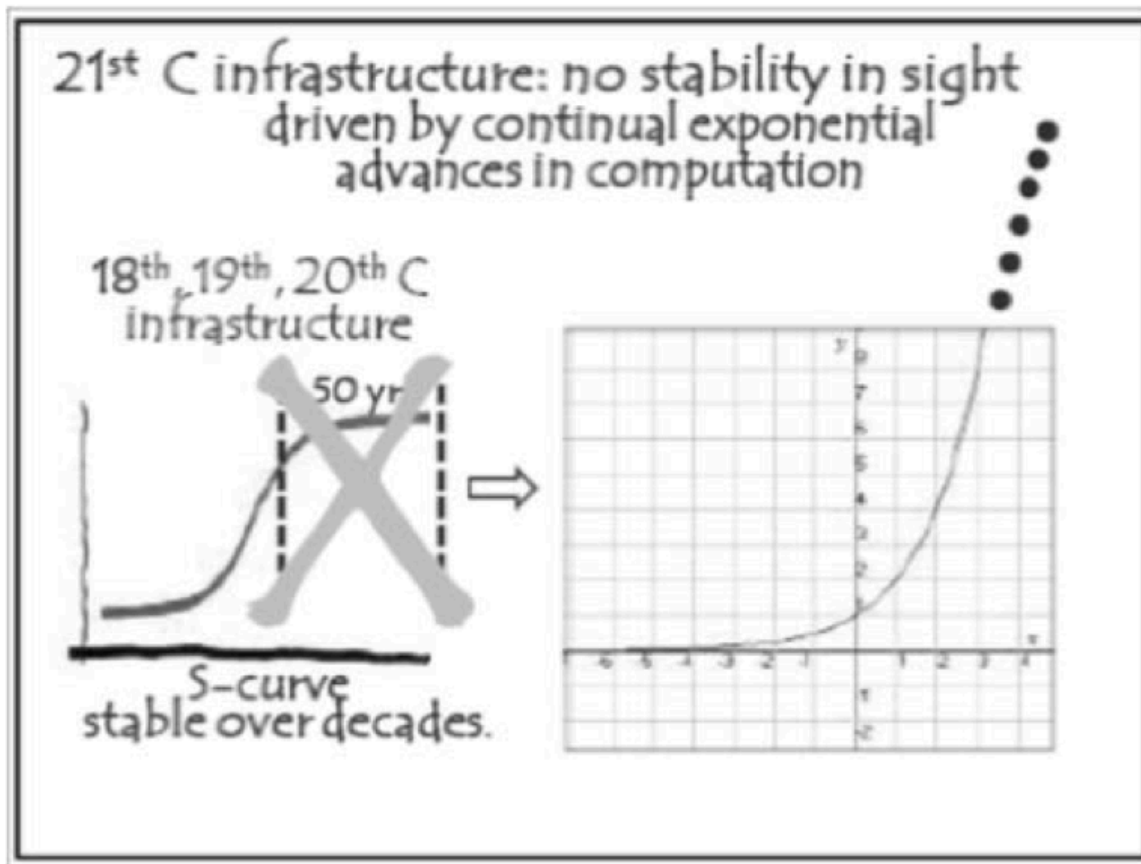
Surface-level change

Facets of Future Schools: Historical Legacy and Disposition

- ◆ The classroom of the present is a “genealogical” object that reflects its historical predecessors.
- ◆ Comparison of the Three Eras of Education (Collins & Halverson, 2009)

	1 st era: Apprenticeship	2 nd era: Universal Schooling	3 rd era: Lifelong Learning
Responsibility	Parents	The State	Individuals and Parents
Expectations	Social reproduction	Success for all	Individual choice
Content	Practical skills	Disciplinary knowledge	Learning how to learn
Pedagogy	Apprenticeship	Didacticism	Interaction

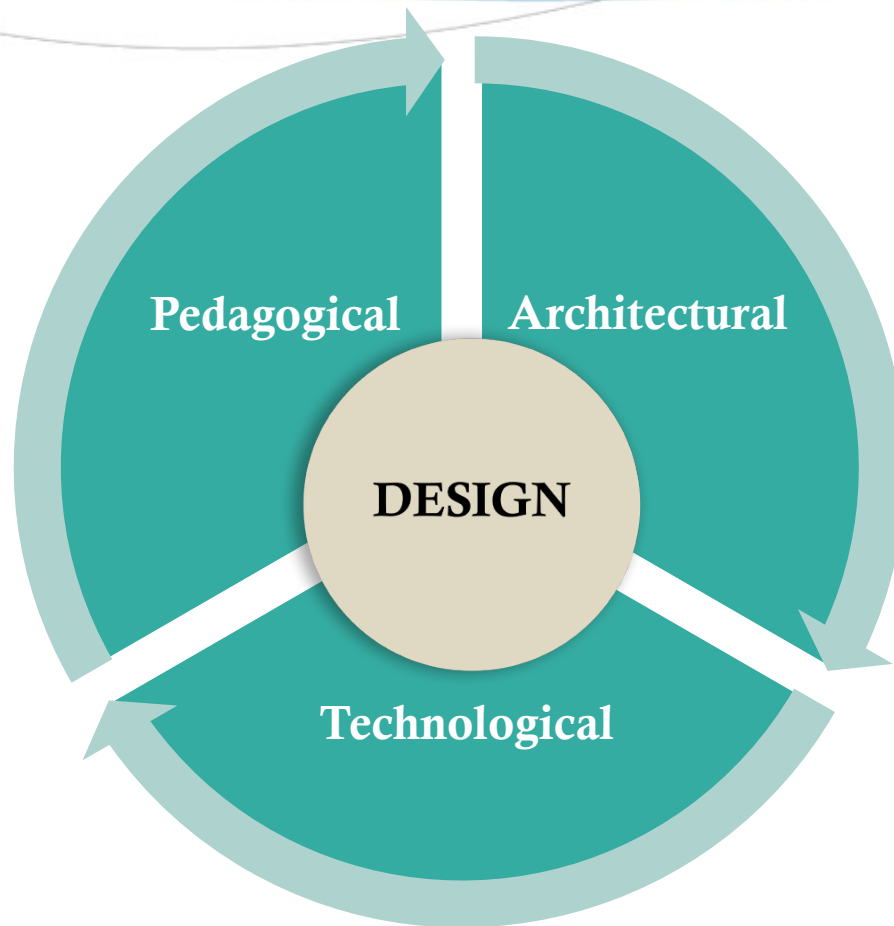
The Big Shift



John Seely Brown (2012) “Learning in and for the 21st Century”

Designing Future Schools

Designing Future Schools



Architectural Design

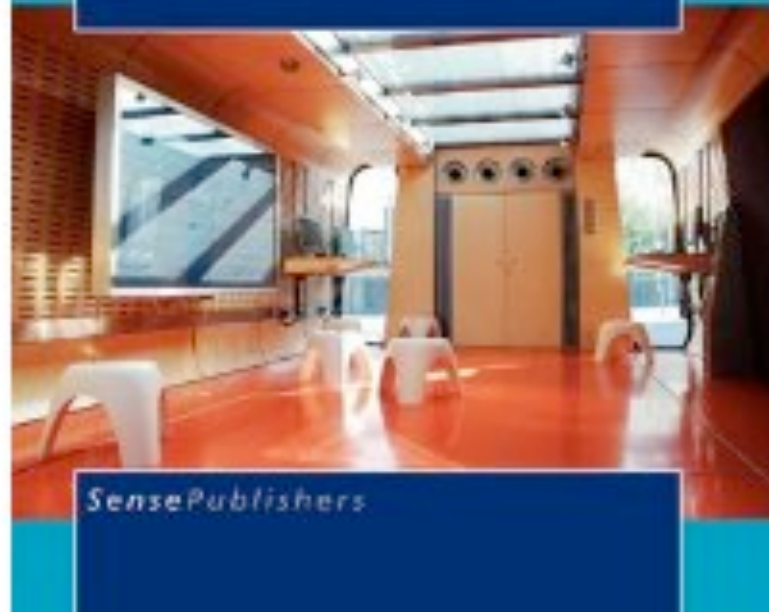
- ◆ “even the best technological or pedagogical ideas cannot be used to their full effect if they are not architecturally integrated into the classroom” (Schratzenstaller, 2010, p.35).
- ◆ “High relationships” between architectural (spatial) design and types of discourse/interaction patterns

TECHNOLOGY ENHANCED LEARNING

Classroom of the Future

Orchestrating Collaborative Spaces

Kati Mäkitalo-Siegl, Jan Zottmann,
Frederic Kaplan and Frank Fischer (Eds.)



SensePublishers





Technological Design

- ◆ Arrangement and utilization of technological tools and artifacts, both physical and virtual
- ◆ Problems of technology integration in schools
 - ◆ Inherent “incompatibility” between schools and technology (Collins & Halverson, 2009)
 - ◆ A culture of teaching: “stability”
 - ◆ Technology integration often requires dramatic changes to the stable structure

Technology in Future Education

2013 Horizon Report - K-12 Edition (Johnson et al., 2013)

Time-to-Adoption Horizon

1 Year or Less

Cloud Computing
Mobile Learning

2 to 3 Years

Learning Analytics
Open Contents

4 to 5 Years

3D Printing
Virtual & Remote Laboratories

From Add-on to Essential

Add-on Linear



Essential Multiple Patterns of Interaction

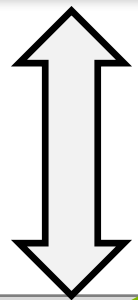


Pedagogical Design

- ◆ Planning and enactment of teaching and learning practices
- ◆ Teacher' role in future schools
 - ◆ Should be more than a facilitator
 - ◆ Skillful at “orchestration” (Dillenbourg & Jermann, 2010)
 - ◆ Coordinate complex forms of learning activities & diverse arrangement of physical and virtual tools
- ◆ Students' role in future schools
 - ◆ Growing importance of informal learning & Peer learning culture

Putting the P3 Science Curriculum Together

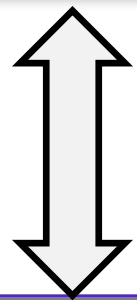
Informal Activities: Hobbies, Visits (e.g. Science Centre, Museums), Family Activities



Zoo

Horticultural Park

Probiotic Drink Factory



Living and Non-living Things

Animals

Fungi

Bacteria

Materials

Plants

Digestive System

Other Body Systems

Diversity

Systems

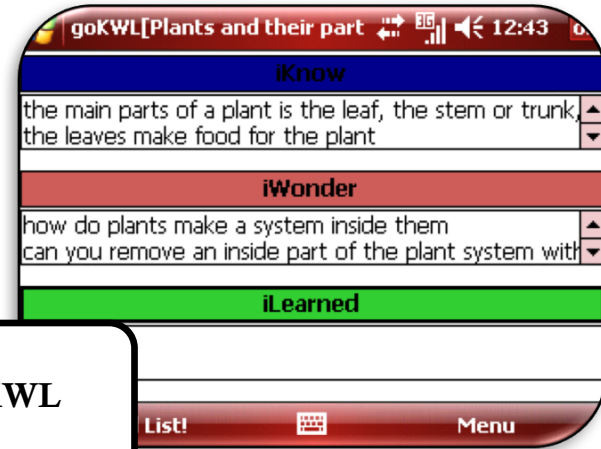
Planned Home Activities

- For parts, you will be required to:
1. Identify and explain what is a system
 2. Identify and state the functions of different parts of plants e.g. leaf, stem, root.
 3. Compare different parts of plants e.g. leaf, stem, root according to shapes, sizes, colour and texture. State and label the transport system of the stem.

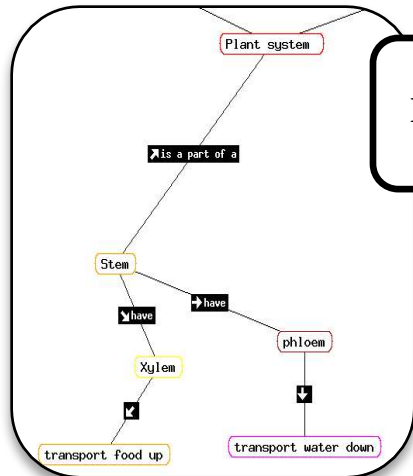
Goals of Lesson



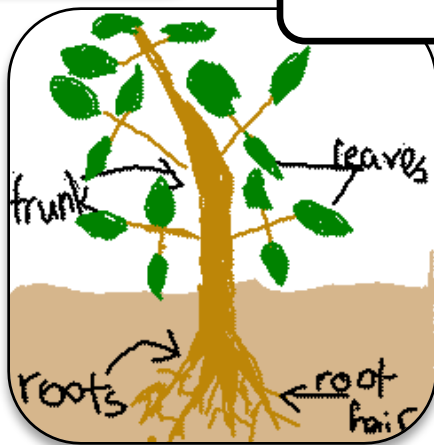
Experiment (video)



PiCo Map



Sketchy



Picture Taking



KWL

Comparison Table

MLE Lesson Package For learning Plant Systems

Activity 3 – Functions of plant parts

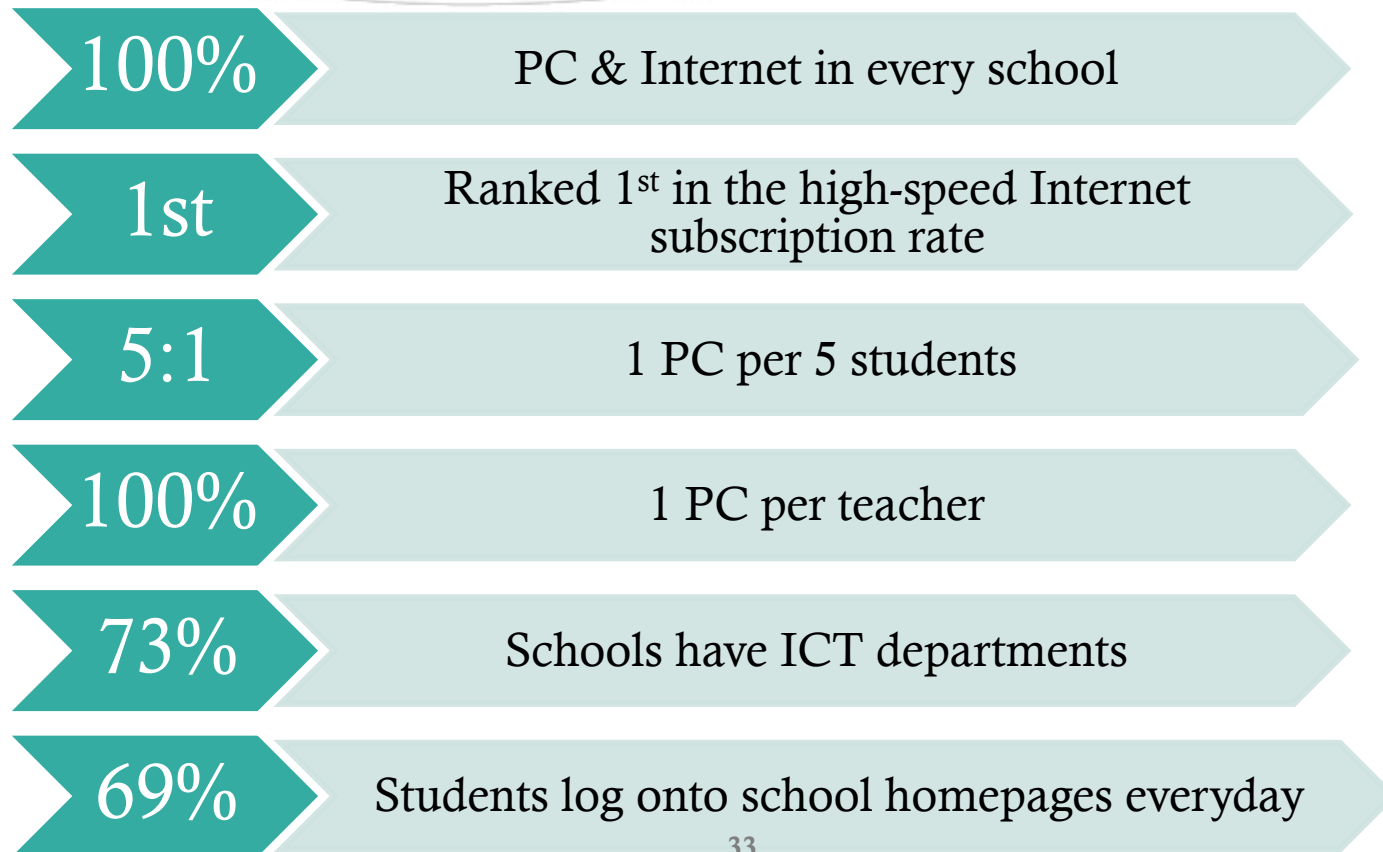
Parts of plant	Functions
Roots	Help the plant to hold firmly on the ground.
Root Hair	Help plant to absorb water and mineral.
Stems	Help plant to transport water and minerals.

View Menu

SMART Education Initiative in Korea

Designing Future Education

ICT Infrastructure in Korea



Positive Indicators

- ◆ Korean students demonstrated high levels of academic achievement in international comparison assessment (e.g., PISA, TIMSS)
 - ◆ PISA DRA (Digital Reading Assessment) average score in 2009
Korea 588, OECD: 499
- ◆ Strong ICT Infrastructure
 - ◆ Ratio of students per personal computer in 2010
Elementary 6:1, Middle 5:1, High 6:1
 - ◆ Ratio of PC per teacher 1.3:1
- ◆ Students' high ICT literacy level

Yet, Problems in the Context of 21st Learning

- ◆ Low levels of motivation for learning
- ◆ Exam-oriented practices in school
- ◆ Lack of students' creativity and self-directed learning
- ◆ Lack of customizable learning systems

Paradigm Shift in Education

Two paradigms of education (Zhao, 2012)



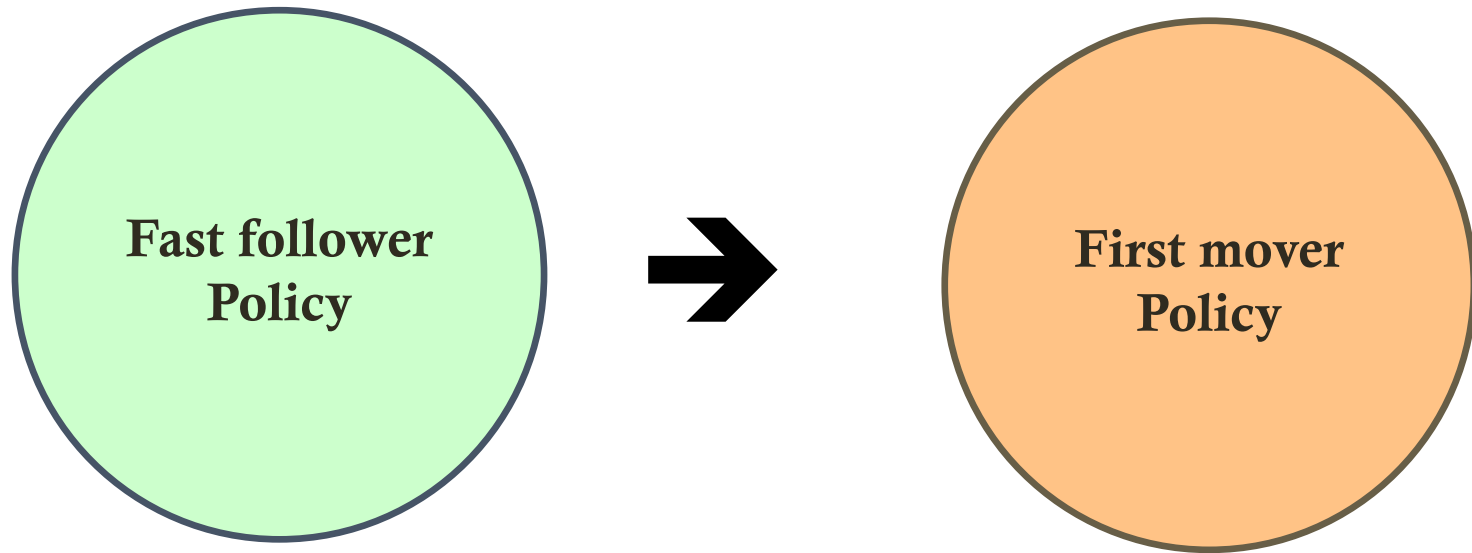
**Employee-
oriented**
Paradigm

Transmission of knowledge
Mass Education
Standard curriculum for
employment

**Entrepreneur-
oriented**
Paradigm

Emphasis on individuals' creativity
and talents

Why Korea Needs Paradigm Shift in Education



Employee-oriented Education Paradigm

Need to simply follow established models and existing innovations

Entrepreneur-oriented Education Paradigm

Need to find problem spaces and to create innovations

SMART Education: Designing Future Classrooms

Definition

Vision

“Fostering next generation global leaders who are equipped with creativity and well-rounded character”

S

Self-directed

M

Motivated

A

Adaptive

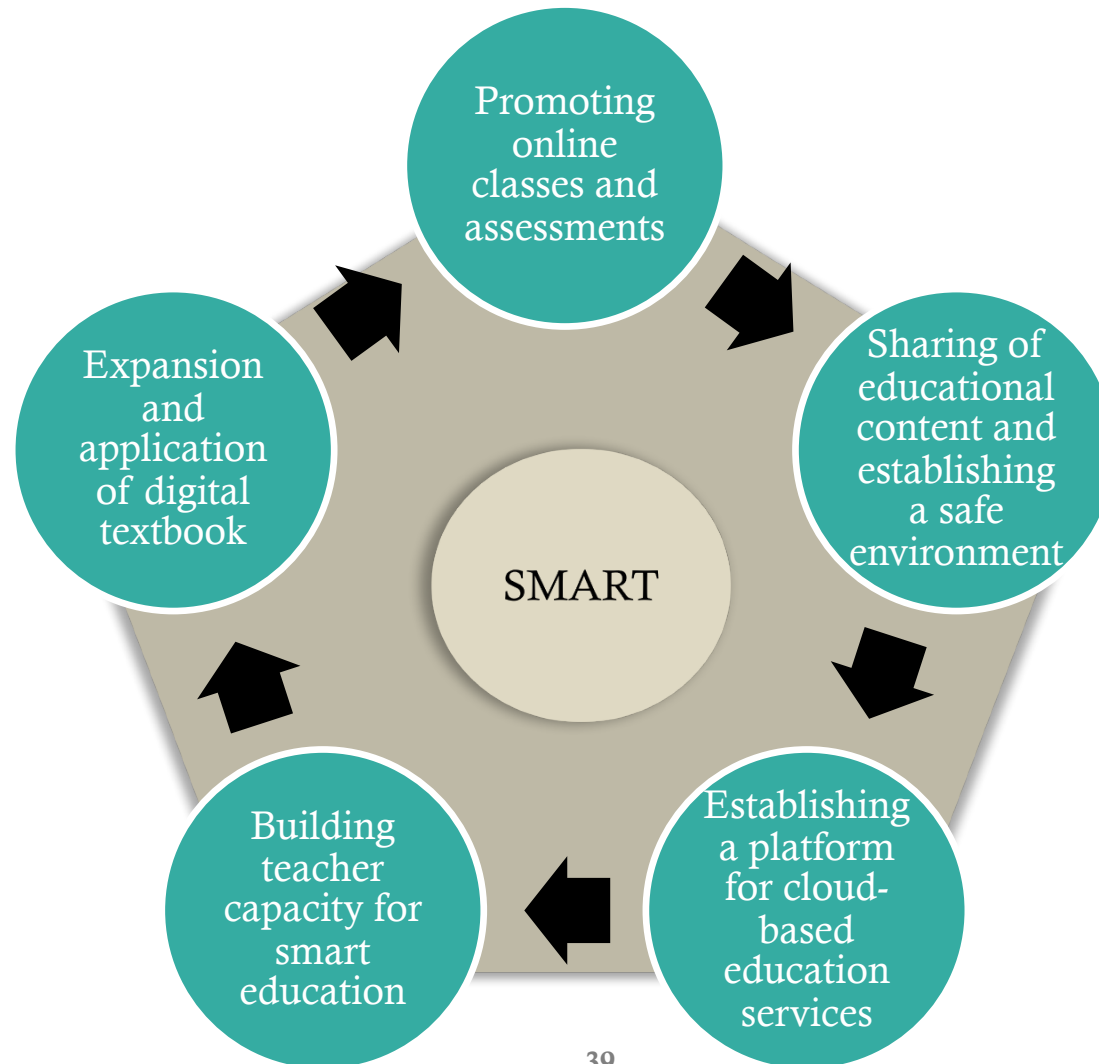
R

Resource-free

T

Technology
embedded

Framework



Digital Textbook



Image source: http://www.etnews.com/news/etc/1942709_1624.html

First Smart School in Korea

Charmsaem Elementary School in Sejong City <http://www.charmsaem.es.kr/wise/>



K-MOOCs

 K-MOOC란? 대학목록 강좌목록 hyungjoo

최고의 대학, 최고의 강의!
한국형 온라인 공개강좌 K-MOOC 에서 시작하세요.



Korean Massive Open Online Course
K-MOOC

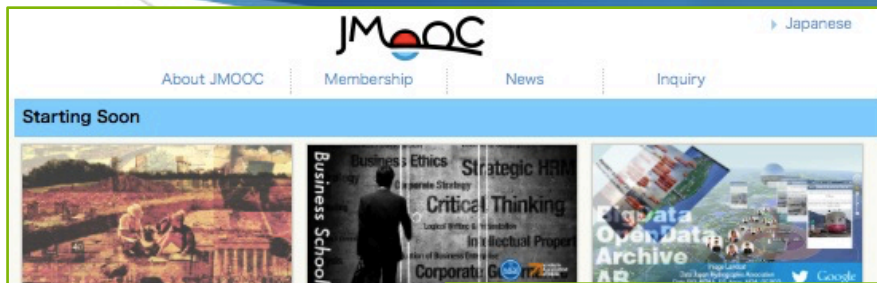
참여 대학

 경희대학교	 고려대학교	 부산대학교	 서울대학교	 성균관대학교	 연세대학교	 이화여자대학교	 포항공과대학교	 한국과학기술원	 한양대학교
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전체 강좌

 성균관대학교 COS2034.01x 논어	 이화여자대학교 EW10164K 현대물리학과 인간사고의 변혁	 이화여자대학교 EW10771K 인간행위와 사회구조	 이화여자대학교 EW11151K 영화 스토리텔링의 이해
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MOOCs in Japan & China



The JMOOC website header features the JMOOC logo and navigation links: About JMOOC, Membership, News, and Inquiry. Below the header, there is a 'Starting Soon' section with three course cards. The first card is for 'Global Social Archaeology' by Koji Mizoguchi and Claire Smith from Kyushu University, starting on September 25, 2014. The second card is for 'Business Ethics' and 'Strategic HRM' by 長沢 雄志 (Nagasaki) and 山田 隆 (Yamada), starting in 2014. The third card is for 'Critical Thinking' and 'Intellectual Property' by 山田 隆 (Yamada) and 小川 龍介 (Kobayashi), starting in 2014.

Global Social Archaeology
Starting Soon
Instructor: Koji Mizoguchi, Claire Smith
Kyushu University
Course starts 2014年9月25日(木)開講予定



OpenLearning

Motivation and Behavioral Sciences

モチベーション・マネジメント
Starting Soon
Instructor: 角山 剛 (Kakumoto Tsuyoshi)
東京未来大学 (Tokyo Future University)
Course starts 2014年10月22日(水)



gacco

ビジネススクール
Flipped Learning
Instructor: 長沢 雄志 (Nagasaki), 山田 隆 (Yamada), 小川 龍介 (Kobayashi)
名古屋商科大学 (Nagoya University of Commerce and Business)
Course starts 2014



Chemistry, Materials
Energy
Instructor: 吉田 宗彦 (Yoshida Munehiko)
川崎大学 (Kawasaki University)
Course starts 2014

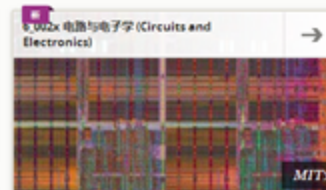
化学生命工学が作る未来
Flipped Learning
Instructor: 吉田 宗彦 (Yoshida Munehiko), 川崎 泰彦 (Kawasaki Taihiko)
川崎大学 (Kawasaki University)
Course starts 2014



The XuetangX.com banner features a large image of four young women studying together, two using laptops. The text on the banner reads '来自学堂在线的MOOC课程' (MOOC courses from XuetangX.com) and '你想学习什么?' (What do you want to learn?). There is a search bar and a '搜索' (Search) button.



The Tsinghua University MOOC card features a photo of the university's main building. The text reads 'TSINGHUA101 清华大学概论' (Tsinghua University 101 Introduction to Tsinghua University) and 'TsinghuaX'.



The MITx MOOC card features a photo of a circuit board. The text reads '6.002x 电路与电子学 (Circuits and Electronics)' and 'MITx'.



The Peking University MOOC card features a photo of a book cover. The text reads '01718330X 计算机辅助翻译原理与实践' (Computer-Aided Translation Principles and Practice) and 'PekingX'.

Future School Initiative in Singapore

Big Picture: Systemic Change

Macro-level

- Ministries, Policy makers
- Strategic planning for sustainability and scalability

Meso-level

- Research Institutions, IT companies, NGOs
- Recontextualization of pedagogical discourse

Micro-level

- School Administrators, Teachers, Students, Parents
- Construction of classroom-based interaction

ICT Policy: Strategic & Systematic Movement

Masterplan 3 (2009-2014): Pushing the Frontiers

- 21st Century Learning Skills: Collaborative Learning & Self-directed Learning
- Learning in and out of school

Masterplan 2 (2003-2008): Consolidating the Insights

- Effective & pervasive use of ICT for “Engaged Learning”
- Encouraging higher-levels of ICT integration

Masterplan I (1997-2002): Getting the Fundamentals Right

- Provision of basic ICT infrastructure in schools
- Equipping teachers with basic ICT competency

Masterplan for ICT in Education (MP4) – 2015-2020

ICT^NEDUCATION
SINGAPORE

Vision



*Future-ready &
Responsible Digital Learners*

Outcome Goal



*Quality Learning in the Hands of Every Learner-
Empowered with Technology*

Enablers



*Teachers as Designers of Learning
Experiences & Environments*



*School Leaders as
Culture Builders*

Implementation focuses on



Integrating ICT into
curriculum & assessment



Designing
quality online
resources



Developing
Cyber Wellness &
New Media Literacies



Providing
professional development &
facilitating learning communities



Innovating & developing
good practices for
ICT in education



Providing infrastructure
to support anytime,
anywhere learning

Systematic Transformation of Schools with Technology



Tiered Approach for Scaling and Sustaining Innovative Practices in Schools
(from Koh & Lee, 2008, p.87)

FutureSchools@Singapore

- ◆ Since 2008, eight schools have been selected as Future Schools
- ◆ Each future school(FS) is funded through the Interactive Digital Media (IDM) in education program by the National Research Foundation to conduct “school-based research and development”
 - ◆ Partnership
 - ◆ Ownership
 - ◆ Capacity building
- ◆ Current status: Transitory period
 - ◆ “Seeding Ideas” to ”Spreading innovations”

EduLab: Spreading Innovations

- Recent initiative to address the issue of **scalability** and **sustainability** by building strong teacher **professional learning communities (PLC)** through close school partnerships
- “Living lab”
 - Space where teachers can experiment with new technologies and pedagogical ideas prior to implementing in classrooms
- “Co-evolutionary Approach”
 - Partnering future schools with other schools that lag behind in its ICT integration
- “Empowering Teachers”
 - EduLab at the Academy of Singapore Teachers (EduLab@AST):
An institution solely dedicated to train in-service teachers



eduLab@AST

Seed ♦ Scale ♦ Sustain

Announcements

- Click [here](#) to check out the exciting range of workshops scheduled over the period April to June 2012. **Register early to avoid disappointment.**



About Us



Opportunities



Events/Activities



Project Highlights



FAQ/Feedback



In collaboration with:



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Best viewed with Internet Explorer Version 6 and above and on Window Resolution 1028 x 768.



<http://iresearch.edumall.sg/iresearch/slot/u110/edulab/index.swf>

Professional Learning Communities (PLC)

“Empowering Teachers”

- An institution solely dedicated to train in-service teachers

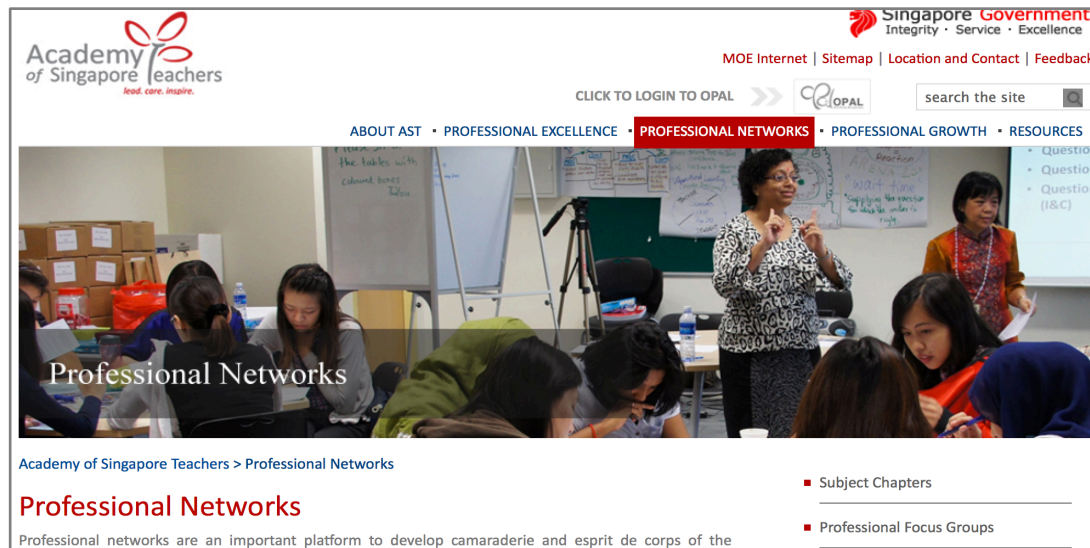


Image source: <http://www.academyofsingaporeteachers.moe.gov.sg/>

FS@Singapore: Initial Success

- ◆ Explicit effort to address the issue of **scalability** and **sustainability**
- ◆ Emphasis on empowering teachers through **teacher communities**
- ◆ Synergistic effect from the **close partnership** across multiple actors (e.g., MOE, higher education researchers, industry, etc.)

Singapore – Smart Nation

Smart Nation Vision For Singapore

December 4, 2014



Singapore must take full advantage of its extensive and systematic use of technology, particularly IT, says PM Lee.

Prime Minister Lee Hsien Loong has officially unveiled a wide range of collaborative government initiatives to transform Singapore into a Smart Nation.

A Smart Nation Programme Office to be set up within the Prime Minister's Office aims to bring citizens, the government and industry players together to identify issues, co-develop solutions, prototype ideas and deploy them effectively. Dr Vivian Balakrishnan, the Minister for Environment and Water Resources, will oversee this unit.

TECH NEWS SMART NATION STARTUPS DIGITAL GOVERNMENT TRENDS ANALYSIS & OPINIONS

Home / Tech Scene & News / Tech News / Trends / Singapore aims to nurture robotics skills among young

TRENDS

Like 0 Tweet 0 G+ 0 Share

Singapore aims to nurture robotics skills among young

7 AUGUST 2014

Singapore aims to nurture robotics skills among young



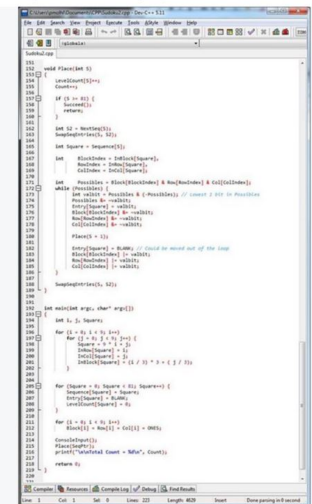
Young minds in Singapore will have more opportunities to pick up robotics skills through a series of training courses, designed especially to help mentor students in this emerging field.

To be provided through the new Robotics & Maker Academy (RMA) initiative, these activities will revolve around coding and robotics and are expected to cover some 10,000 students in 30 primary and secondary schools.

The Infocomm Development Authority of Singapore (IDA) and Singapore Polytechnic (SP) will co-fund the RMA with a total of S\$2.8 million, which will span over three years through to June 2017.

Timeline Photos

Back to Album Lee Hsien Loong's Photos Lee Hsien Loong's Page



Lee Hsien Loong

I told the Founders Forum two weeks ago that the last computer program I wrote was a Sudoku solver, written in C++ several years ago (<http://bit.ly/1DMK5Zv>). Someone asked me for it. Here is the source code, the exe file, and a sample printout - <http://bit.ly/1zAXbua>

Album: Timeline
Shared with
Open Photo View
Download



IT talent in short supply amid Smart Nation push

Recommended by @utbrain

Change in MOE's Computing Curriculum

GCE 'O' Level
2016

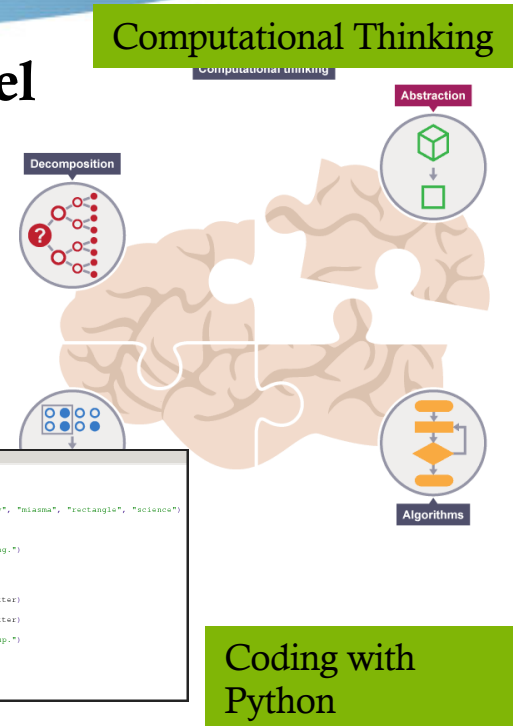


Using Computers
and Technology
with awareness of
its impact in society

Subject called **Computing Studies**



GCE 'O' Level
2018



Subject called **Computing**

Future Education: Grand Challenges

Grand Challenge #1: Technology vs. Pedagogy Driven

- ◆ Often times, our thinking about future schools is **technology-driven**, with a hope that technology will revolutionize teaching and learning.
- ◆ Tight coupling of technological and pedagogical design

Grand Challenge #2: Evidence of School Transformation

- ◆ “Transformation, No Evolution” (Pea, 2011)
 - ◆ Action plan for *revolutionary transformation rather than evolutionary tinkering*.
- ◆ Critical need to develop a holistic way to trace and evaluate the transforming process of schools at the **meta-level**.
- ◆ Lessons learned and common challenges need to be clearly articulated and shared to inform the rest of schools on the similar trajectory.

Grand Challenge #3: Architectural Design Challenge

- ◆ High relationship between the spatial design and human interaction/discourse.
- ◆ Yet most schools use existing building structures and facilities without much modification.

Grand Challenge #4: Assessment for Future Learning

- ◆ The ways of assessing learning in schools remains mostly unchanged at the macro level.
- ◆ The transformation of assessment is often beyond schools' control.

How to turn the classroom of the future
to the classroom of the present?



Toward Designing Knowledge Creation Spaces

- ◆ Moving beyond surface-level changes
- ◆ Changing Metaphor of Future Schools
 - ◆ Past: Knowledge as a container
 - ◆ Schools as “Knowledge Creation Spaces”
 - ◆ Architectural, technological, & pedagogical design that support students to work with knowledge or conceptual artefacts
- ◆ Schools as Knowledge Creation Spaces
 - ◆ Not necessarily about fancy buildings and sophisticated technologies
 - ◆ Clear articulation about educational goals
 - ◆ Gradual transformation by design experiment

References

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- ◆ Schratzenstaller, A. (2010). The classroom of the past. In K. Mäkitalo-Siegl, J. Zottmann, F. Kaplan, & F. Fischer (Eds.), *Classroom of the future: Orchestrating collaborative spaces* (pp. 15-39). Rotterdam, the Netherlands: Sense Publishers.

Thank You

Questions & Discussions