

# Climate Finance Getting the Numbers Right

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## **ADB's Climate Finance Target**

ADB will double its annual climate financing to



by 2020



#### Out of the \$6 billion:









## Planning Directions, WPBF 2017-2019

#### **Climate Finance**

- SDCC will work with Operations
   Departments and agree on methodology
   for measuring climate finance and establish
   annual targets
- SDCC in consultation with SPD will prepare staff guidance note on agreed methodology
- SPD will monitor progress of achievement of annual climate finance targets





## **ADB Climate Finance**

	Mitigation		Adaptation			Total			
Year	ADB resources	External	Subtotal	ADB resources	External	Subtotal	ADB resources	External	Total
2011	2,196	224	2,420	585	172	757	2,781	396	3,177
2012	2,001	386	2,388	821	75	896	2,822	462	3,284
2013	1,948	333	2,280	880	108	988	2,828	441	3,268
2014	1,711	426	2,137	665	54	719	2,376	480	2,856

Source: Joint MDB Reports (2011-2014), In \$ millions.





## Joint MDB Working Group on Climate Finance













**Climate Finance** - the amount of financial resources that contributes to climate change mitigation and/or adaptation activities, as defined by the *Joint Reports on MDB's Climate Finance*.





## Mitigation Finance: Definition

An activity is classified as related to climate change mitigation if it promotes "efforts to reduce or limit GHG emissions or enhance GHG sequestration."





## Mitigation Finance Reporting: Attributes

- Additionality activity-based, focused on the type of activity.
- Timeline- mitigation finance figures at board approval date.
- Conservativeness- where data is unavailable, take the conservative approach.
- Granularity- only mitigation activities that are to be disaggregated from non-mitigation activities are covered.
- Scope mitigation activities can be stand alone projects or component of a stand alone project.
- Eligibility- In the fossil fuel combustion sectors (transport and energy production and use), energy production shift to RE/low carbon fuel and modal shift to low carbon transport are eligible.
- Exclusions care will be taken to identify cases when projects do not mitigate emissions due to specific circumstances





## Mitigation Finance Reporting: Typology

- 1. Demand-side, brownfield energy-efficiency
- 2. Demand-side, greenfield energy-efficiency
- 3. Supply-side, brownfield energy-efficiency
- 4. Renewable energy
- 5. Transport
- 6. Agriculture, forestry and land use
- 7. Waste and wastewater
- 8. Non-energy GHG reductions
- 9. Cross-sector activities and others





## Typology of Mitigation Activities: Transport

#### Vehicle energy efficiency fleet retrofit

Existing vehicles, rail or boat fleet retrofit or replacement

#### Urban transport modal change

- Urban mass transit
- Non-motorized transport (bicycles and pedestrian mobility)

#### Urban development

- Integration of transport and urban development planning leading to a reduction in the use of passenger cars
- > Transport demand management measures to reduce GHG emissions

#### Inter-urban transport and freight transport

- Railway transport ensuring a modal shift of freight and/or passenger transport from road to rail
- Waterways transport ensuring a modal shift of freight and/or passenger transport from road to waterways





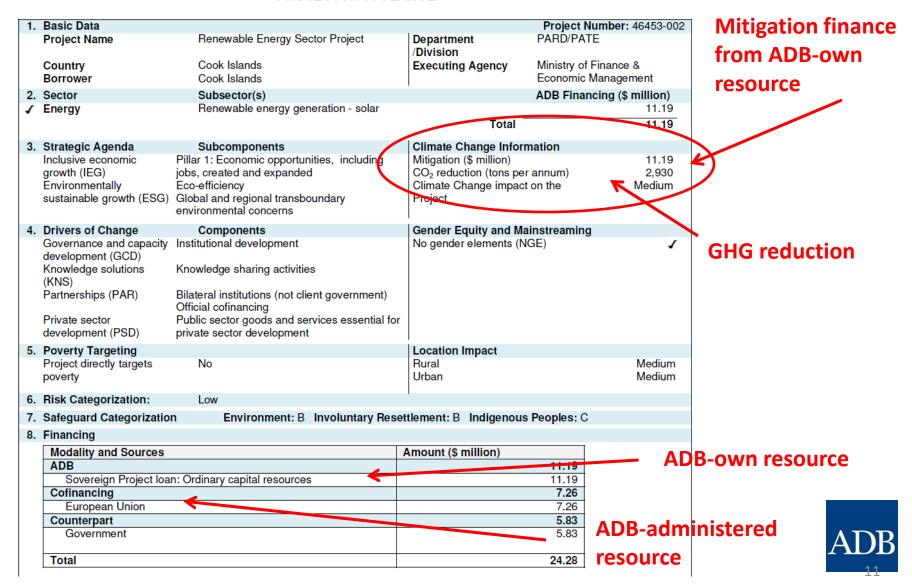
## Mitigation Finance Reporting: Steps

- 1. Identify ADB projects that fit the typology of mitigation activities.
- 2. Identify in those projects the mitigation sub-project or component funded by ADB (loans, grants, equities, guarantees, ADB-administered climate funds)
- 3. Estimate the cost of the mitigation component funded by ADB (base cost, financial charges, contingencies, etc.)





#### PROJECT AT A GLANCE



#### **COO: Renewable Energy Sector Project**

Total project cost: \$24.28 million

ADB financing: \$11.19 million (OCR); \$7.26 million (EU)

**Project scope:** 

1. Solar photovoltaic power system development

2. Institutional strengthening and project management support

No.	Level 2 Results Framework Indicators (Outputs and Outcomes)	Targets	Methods/Comments
1	Installed clean energy generation capacity	3,180 kW by 2017	3,180 kW solar photovoltaic power plants under the three core subprojects and the three noncore subprojects fully operational by 2017.
2	Reduced greenhouse emission reduction	2,930 tCO <sub>2</sub> e to be avoided (per year)	Carbon dioxide reduction was calculated based on the estimated savings of 1.09 million liters of diesel fuels to be used for an equivalent diesel power generator sets.

kW = kilowatt, tCO<sub>2</sub>e = ton of carbon dioxide equivalent. Source: Asian Development Bank estimates.

Mitigation Finance: \$11.19 million (OCR); \$7.26 million (EU)





#### **PROJECT AT A GLANCE**

1.	Basic Data			Project Nu	ımber: 48003-002	Mitigation
	Project Name	Qingdao Smart Low-Carbon District	Department	EARD/EAE	V	•
	Country	Energy Project China, People's Republic of	/Division Executing Agency	Qingdao Mu	ınicinal	finance from
	Borrower	Government of the People's Republic of China	Live Cutting Agency	Governmen		ADB-own
2.	Sector	Subsector(s)	,	ADB Financ	cing (\$ million)	resource
1	Energy	Energy utility services			130.00	
			Total		130.00	
3.	Strategic Agenda	Subcomponents	Climate Change infor	mation		
	Inclusive economic	Pillar 1: Economic opportunities, including	Mitigation (\$ million)		34.67	
	growth (IEG) Environmentally	jobs, created and expanded Eco-efficiency	CO <sub>2</sub> reduction (tons pe Climate Change impac	r annum)	1,398,456 Medium	)
	sustainable growth (ESG)		Project Project	t on the	iviediuiti	
	odotamasio growin (2007)	environmental concerns	Trojout			
4.	Drivers of Change	Components	Gender Equity and Ma	ainstreaming		
	Knowledge solutions (KNS)	Pilot-testing innovation and learning	Some gender élements		1	GHG reduction
5.	Poverty Targeting		Location Impact			
٠.	Project directly targets	No	Rural		Low	
	poverty		Urban		High	
6.	Risk Categorization:	Low				
7.	Safeguard Categorization	n Environment: B Involuntary Res	ettlement: C Indigenous	s Peoples: C		
8.	Financing					
	Modality and Sources		Amount (\$ million)			ADB-own
	ADB			130.00		- ADD-OWII
		n: Ordinary capital resources		130.00		resource
	Cofinancing None			0.00		1 000 011 00
	Counterpart			133.60		
	Government			133.60		
						$\Delta DR$
	Total			263.60		
						12

PRC: Qingdao Smart Low-Carbon District Energy Project

**Total Project Cost: \$263.60** 

ADB financing: \$130.0 million (OCR)

#### **Project scope:**

The project develop and demonstrate a low-carbon, energy-efficient district heating, cooling, and power production and distribution system in Qingdao City. Instead of coal, the system will use natural gas, solar thermal, shallow-ground geothermal, and waste heat recovered from industrial plants as its energy sources.

#### Mitigation categories:

- Renewable energy (geothermal and solar) \$2.3 million
- Energy efficiency (waste heat recovery) \$58.8 million
- Fuel switching (use of natural gas for heating) \$28.26 million

Total Mitigation Finance: \$89.83 million



## ADB's 2015 Mitigation Finance (own resources, In \$million)

ADB Sector	Mitigation Finance (\$ million)	Percentage of Mitigation Finance per Sector to Total Mitigation	Investments to Projects with	Percentage of Mitigation Finance to Investments with	Number of Projects with Mitigation Benefits
		Finance (%)	(\$ million)	Mitigation Benefits (%)	
Agriculture, Natural Resources and Rural Development	92.70	3.9%	322.79	28.7%	3
Education	-	-	_	-	-
Energy	1,533.15	64.8%	4,420.07	34.7%	18
Finance	380.81	16.1%	521.81	73.0%	2
Transport	299.80	12.7%	351.64	85.3%	3
Water and Other Urban Infrastructure Services	60.63	2.6%	290.00	20.9%	3
Total	2,367.09	100%	5,906.32	40.08%	29





## **Adaptation Finance: Definition**

An activity is considered adaptation if it consists of the following key elements:

- 1) Setting out the context of vulnerability to climate variability and climate change;
- 2) Stating the intent to address identified climate change risks and vulnerabilities in project documentation;
- 3) Demonstrating a direct link between identified vulnerabilities and project activities.





## Adaptation Finance Reporting: Guiding Principles

- Adaptation finance is limited solely to project activities aimed at reducing project's climate change vulnerability
- Granular, context- and location-specific
- Evidence base
- Ex-ante
- Conservative approach





## **Adaptation Finance Reporting: Steps**

- Understand the projects vulnerability to climate change
- State explicitly an intent to address climate change vulnerability as part of the project
- Articulate on adaptation measures and the direct link between climate vulnerabilities and project activities





## **Adaptation Finance Reporting: Steps**

Project Classification Information Status: Complete

#### PROJECT AT A GLANCE

1.	Basic Data			Project Nun	nber: 44328-013		
	Project Name	Uplands Irrigation and Water Reso Management Sector Project	Department /Division	SERD/SEER			
	Country Borrower	Cambodia Government of Cambodia	Executing Agency	Ministry of Wa and Meteorol	ater Resources ogy		
2.	Sector	Subsector(s)		ADB Financii	ng (\$ million)		
1	Agriculture, natural	Irrigation			50.00		
	resources and rural development	Water-based natural resources ma	anagement		10.00		
			Total		60.00		
3.	Strategic Agenda	Subcomponents	Climate Change Into				
	Inclusive economic	Pillar 2: Access to economic opportuni			2.40		
	growth (IEG) Environmentally sustainable growth (ESG)	including jobs, made more inclusive Global and regional transboundary environmental concerns Natural resources conservation	Climate Change in pa Project	ct on the	Medium		
	D.I		0				
4.	Drivers of Change	Components	Gender Equity and M				
	Governance and capacity development (GCD)	Institutional development	Effective gender main (EGM)	streaming	1		
5.	Poverty Targeting		Location Impact				
	Project directly targets poverty	No	Rural		High		
6.	Risk Categorization:	Low	'				
7.	Safeguard Categorization	n Environment: B Involunta	ry Resettlement: B Indigenou	us Peoples: C			
8.	Financing						
	Modality and Sources		Amount (\$ million)				
	ADB			60.00			
	Sovereign Sector loar	n: Asian Development Fund		60.00			
	Cofinancing			0.00			
	None			0.00			
	Counterpart			6.12			
	Government			6.12			
	Total			66.12			
9.	Effective Development C	cooperation					
	Use of country procurement						
		ni systems Yes					

Adaptation finance from ADB-own resource



### Adaptation Finance Reporting: Example

CAM: Uplands Irrigation and Water Resources Management Sector Project

Total project cost: \$66.12 million

ADB financing: \$60 million

Climate change Risks: Medium

- Vulnerability Context: Droughts due to climate change further reduce availability of water and agricultural productivity, particularly during peak period of requirements [RRP]
- Statement of Intent: Increase agricultural production by ... climate-proofing selected irrigation systems in Kampong Thom and Battambang [para 12 of RRP]
- Adaptation Measures: 1) irrigation scheduling to reduce impacts of droughts;
   2) waterflow measurements installed in canals to meet crop water requirement during drought;
   3) training on high value crops

Adaptation Finance: \$2.4 million





## ADB's 2015 Adaptation Finance (own resources, In \$million)

ADB Sector	Adaptation Finance (\$ million)	Percentage of Adaptation Finance per Sector to Total Adaptation Finance (%)	Volume of Investments to Projects with Adaptation Benefits (\$ million)	Percentage of Adaptation Finance to Investments with Adaptation Benefits (%)	Projects with
Agriculture, Natural Resources and Rural					
Development	132.40	47.1%	392.00	33.78%	4
Education	35.00	12.45%	200.00	17.50%	1
Energy	18.36	6.53%	425.00	4.32%	3
Finance	-	-	<del>-</del>	_	_
Transport Water and other Urban	50.25	17.88%	579.15	8.68%	5
Infrastructure Services	45.05	16.03%	739.00	6.10%	8
Total	281.06	100%	2,335.15	12.04%	21





## **SDCC Climate Finance Reporting Focals**



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#### For further information

ADB's Climate Change and Disaster Risk Management <a href="http://www.adb.org/themes/environment/climate-change">http://www.adb.org/themes/environment/climate-change</a>

Joint Report on MDBs' Climate Finance

http://documents.worldbank.org/curated/en/2015/06/2464114 9/2014-joint-report-multilateral-development-banks-climatefinance

