

## Smart Grid Technologies

# Transforming Cities for the better through Sustainable Technologies

## The Siemens Perspective

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## Siemens – Who we are

**SIEMENS**

Siemens is a global powerhouse positioned along the electrification value chain – from power generation, transmission and distribution to smart grid solutions and the efficient application of electrical energy – as well as in the areas of medical imaging and in-vitro diagnostics.

As of September 30, 2014, we had around 343,000 employees worldwide.

Orders totaled €78.4 billion and revenue from continuing operations was €71.9 billion in fiscal 2014.

We operate in excess of 289 major production and manufacturing plants worldwide. In addition, we have office buildings, warehouses, research and development facilities or sales offices in almost every country in the world.





# Technologies will improve energy efficiency, eco-friendliness and quality of life of cities



## Energy



## Transportation



## Water & Waste



## Health

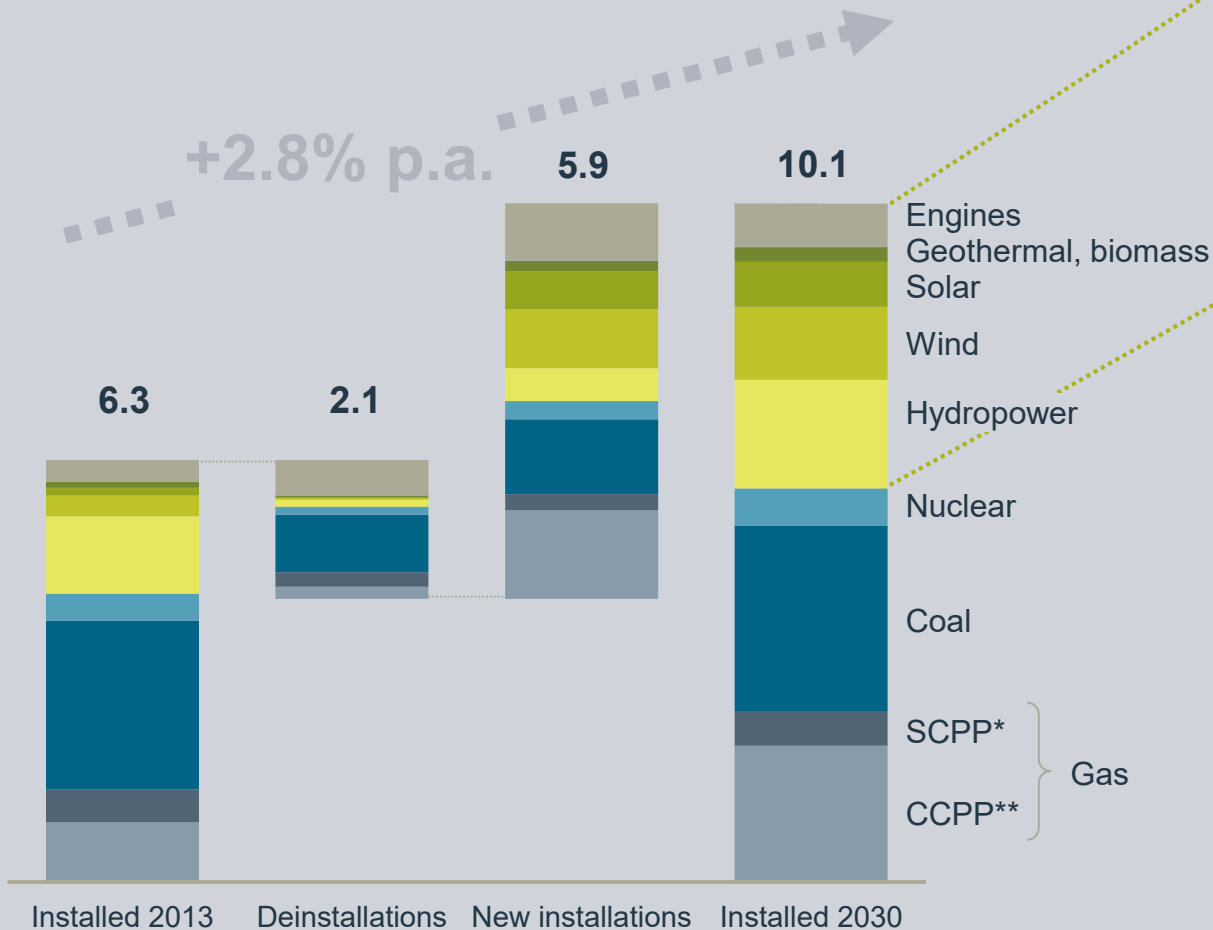


## Building, Lighting & Security



# Growth of power demand is driving investment in transmission and distribution

Global power generation in TW

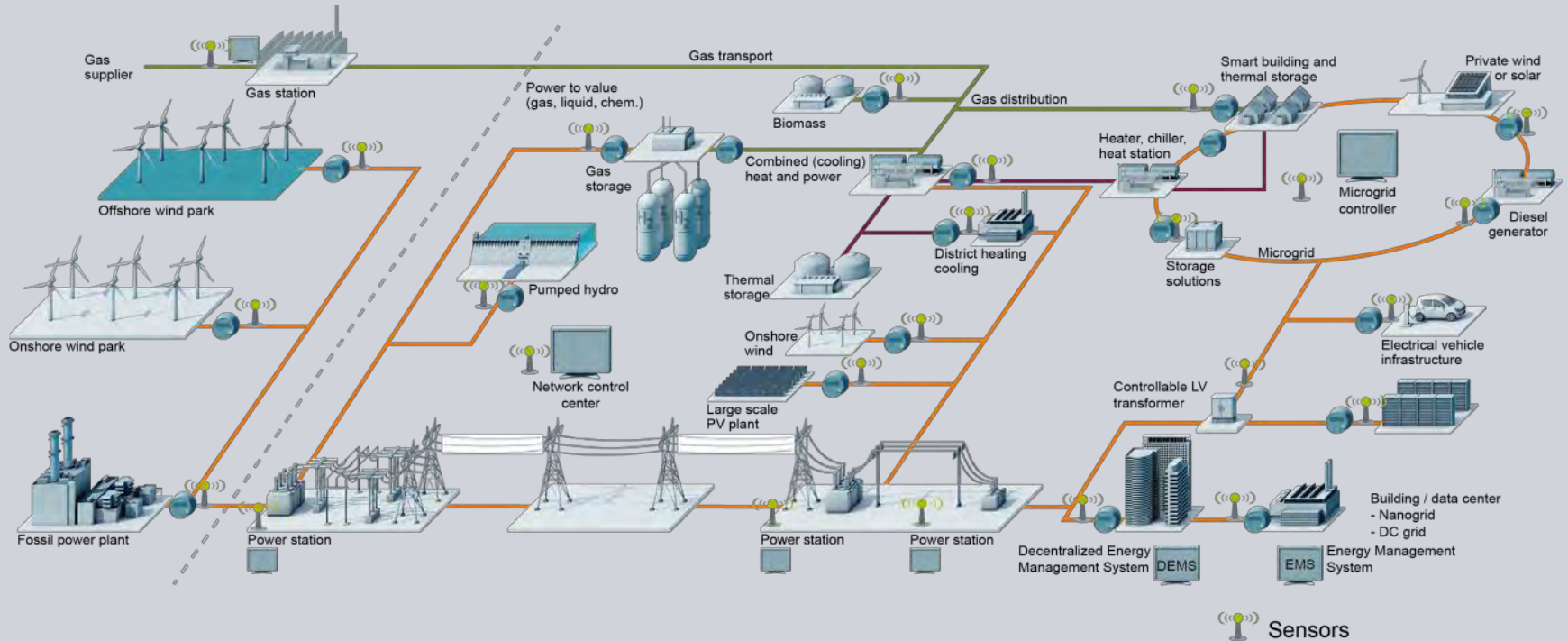


**Renewables and distributed power generation grow above average**

**Main driver for the Energy Management market**

\* Simple cycle power plants    \*\* Combined cycle power plant  
 Source: Siemens Energy 2020 Project 2014 - Base Case Scenario

# Growing share of renewables and distributed generation calls for end-to-end energy management



## More electrification

- Further development of electrification levels in emerging economies
- Grid modernization required in many regions

## Distributed generation

- Increasing level of renewable and distributed generation
- Grid stability challenges

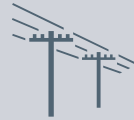
# Siemens Energy Management lives up to future challenges with the most comprehensive portfolio



Large power generation



TSOs



DSOs and municipalities



Distributed generation



Oil and gas



Industries

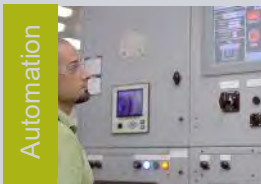


Infrastructures / construction



## Software/IT

Grid control – big data analytics – grid application



Automation

## Communication, automation, protection, and field devices



Electrification

## Electrification solutions

High-voltage direct current (HVDC) transmission – grid access – FACTS – air-insulated/gas-insulated substations – power systems solutions – microgrids / nanogrids

## Products and systems

High-voltage switchgear and systems – power transformers – medium-voltage switchgear – distribution transformers – low-voltage circuit breaker

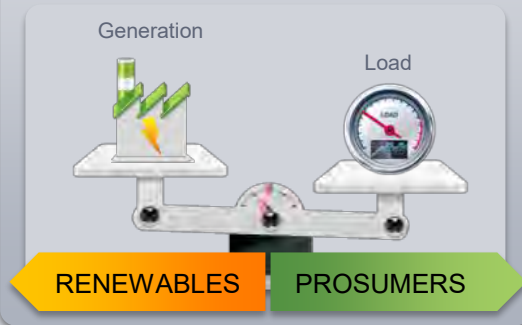
Services and security

<sup>1</sup> Transmission system operators    <sup>2</sup> Distribution system operators



## What problems are we trying to solve?

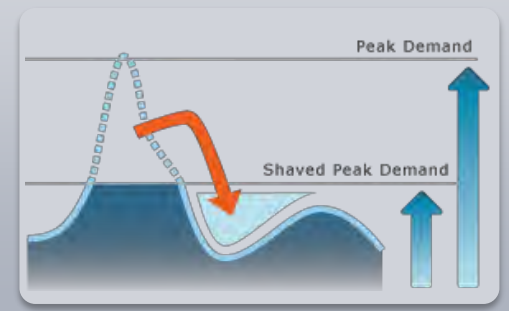
### Integrating Renewables



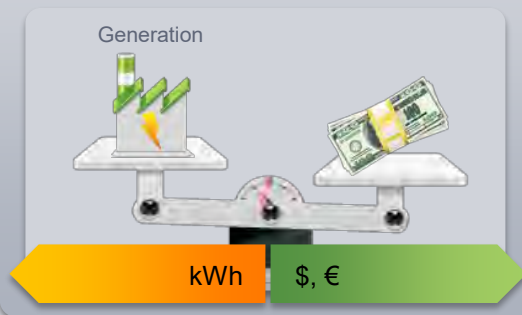
### Customer Operations



### Load Shifting



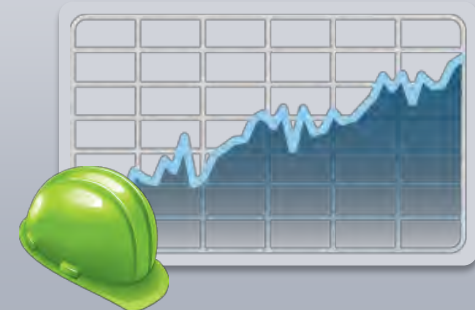
### Reduction of System Losses



### Outage Prevention / Restoration



### Efficiency



# Renewable Integration => Microgrids



Increasing installation of renewable energies

No clear direction of power flow

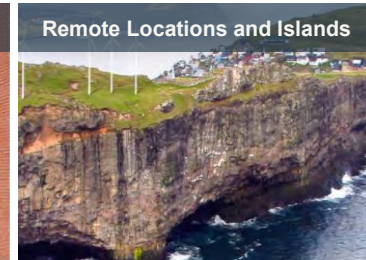
Violation of voltage limits

Overload situations

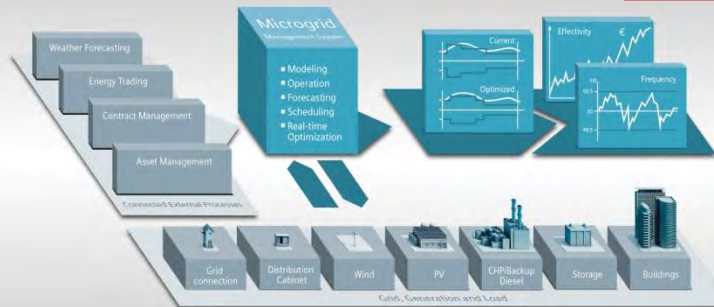
Observability improvement

Volt-/VAR management

Capacity management



- **Reliable network operation** in diverse scenarios
- **Inclusion of all network assets**, distributed generation, storage systems and loads
- **Modular**, allowing a flexible and scalable structure
- **Forecasting and planning** of generation and loads
- **Load Frequency Control**
- **Real-time optimization**

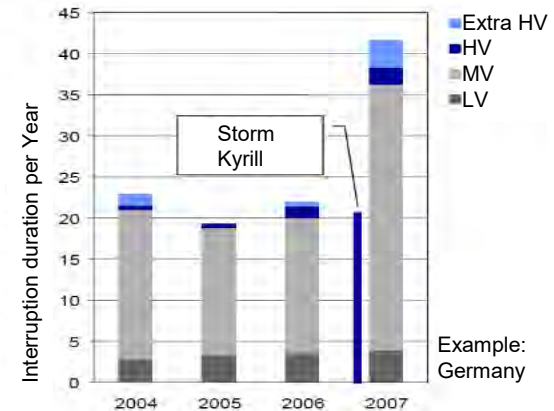




# Outage Restoration : Infrastructure Age 50+ Down Times in MV Distribution Networks

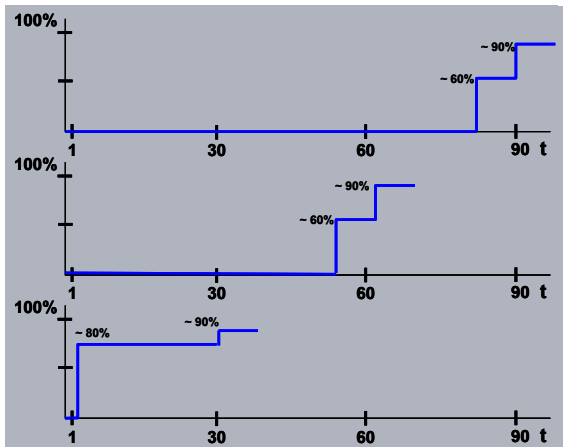


Many times, outages in the distribution automation are caused by components older than 50 years.



Interruption frequency → Modernization of the distribution network on the long run

Interruption duration → Distribution Automation / Feeder Automation



Typical distribution network

Fault indicators

**Distribution Automation**



**Smart IED  
SICAM 1703 emic**

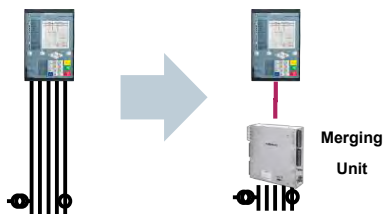
Loss of revenues  
Need of high personal resources  
High travel expenses

Reduced loss of revenues  
Reduced personal resources  
Medium travel expenses

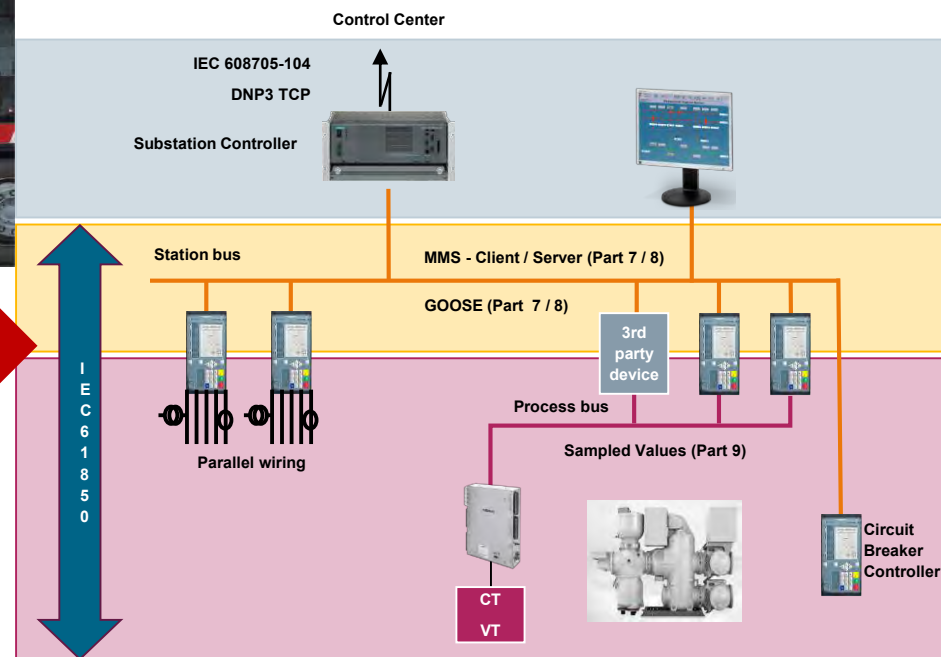
Minimized loss of revenues  
Lowest need of resources  
High customer satisfaction  
Basis for further network optimization

# Robust Substations : “Process Bus”

1. Replacement of hard wires with communication links



2. Use of smart instrument transformers

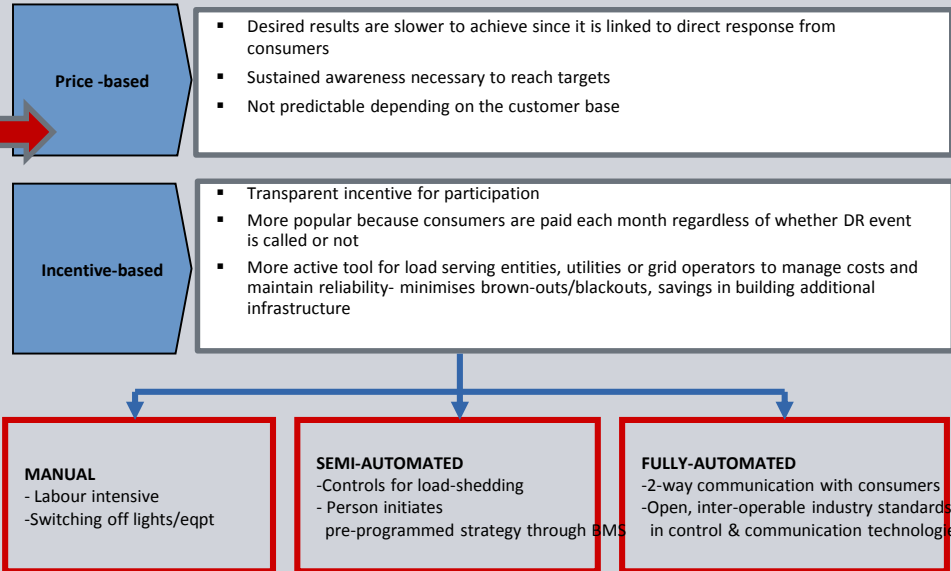
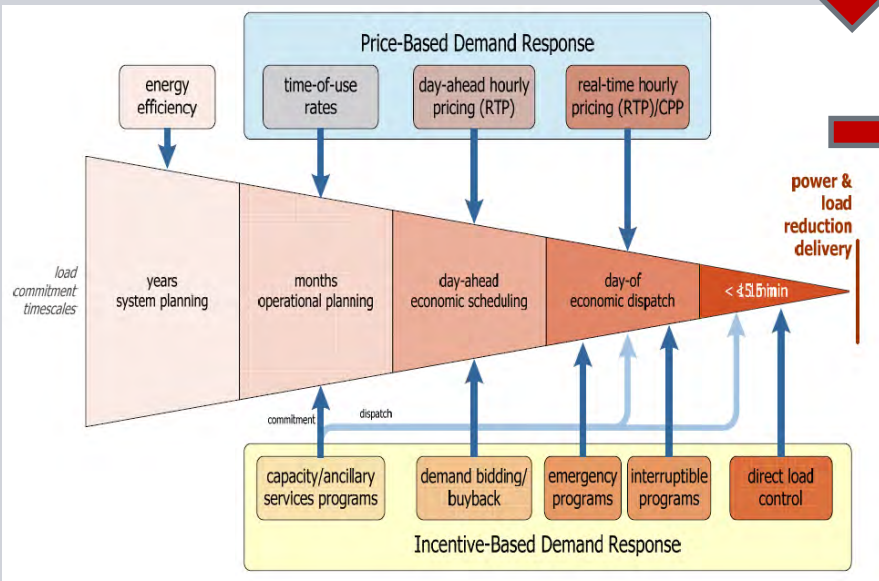
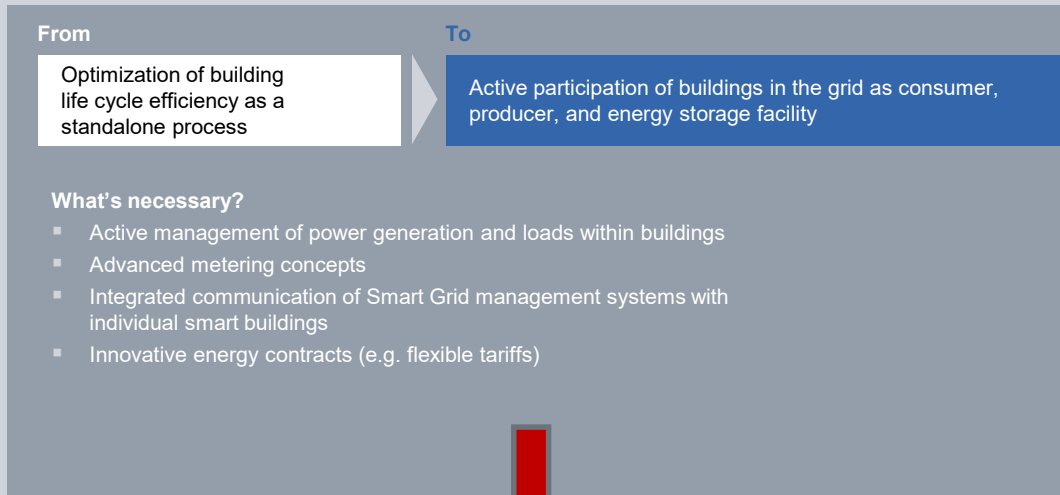


## Why there is “Process Bus”?

Several drivers have propelled the development of the process bus technology and the standards related:

- Seek for space and cost reduction in existing and new power system facilities
- Continuous improvement of the security for personal and assets
- Fast evolution of the Ethernet technology
- Usability of new digital technologies (i.e. Instrument transformers)
- Simplification of installation and maintenance of the field – bay interface

# Demand Side Management





# Utilities are on the big data and digitalization journey like other industries

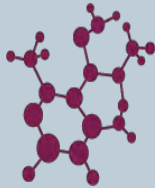


40 zettabytes of digital data in 2020



IDC prediction

26 billion IoT physical connected units by 2020



Gartner prediction

\$2.9 billion investment in Energy and Chemical industry by 2013

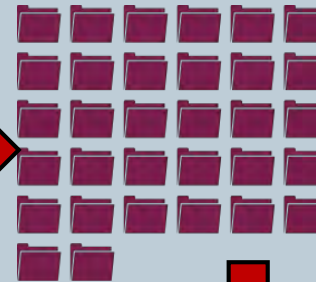


Booz & Co

~75 million + connected smart meters around the globe



One Siemens large NA customer has already reached 32 terabytes of data



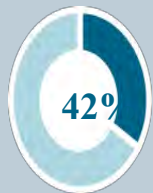
Utilities are already collecting 100's of **gigabytes** and **terabytes** of data from smart meters and it will **increase sharply** due to additional telemetry from the distribution grid and distributed generation. **Utilities will soon need to manage petabyte of data**

Zpryme Survey 2014 of 115 North American Utility Executives (sponsored by Siemens)

Utilities have ambitious plans for the next 12 months



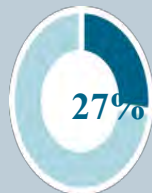
Improve outage management process



Track and monitor grid assets



Understand consumer energy consumption choices



Provide additional services to consumers



Improving asset management

EXAMPLE: Predicting conditions affecting Asset lifetime before they occur and trigger automated prevention measures



Enabling energy efficiency

EXAMPLE: Identify unknown correlations with customer satisfaction / loyalty and initiate targeted actions increasing them



Managing distr. energy sources

EXAMPLE: Assessing implications of distributed solar feed-in across different parts of the network and link related events or sensor values with automated counteractions



Stabilizing the grid

EXAMPLE: Identify power quality / technical impact of independent events and sequences across the entire network and power ecosystem

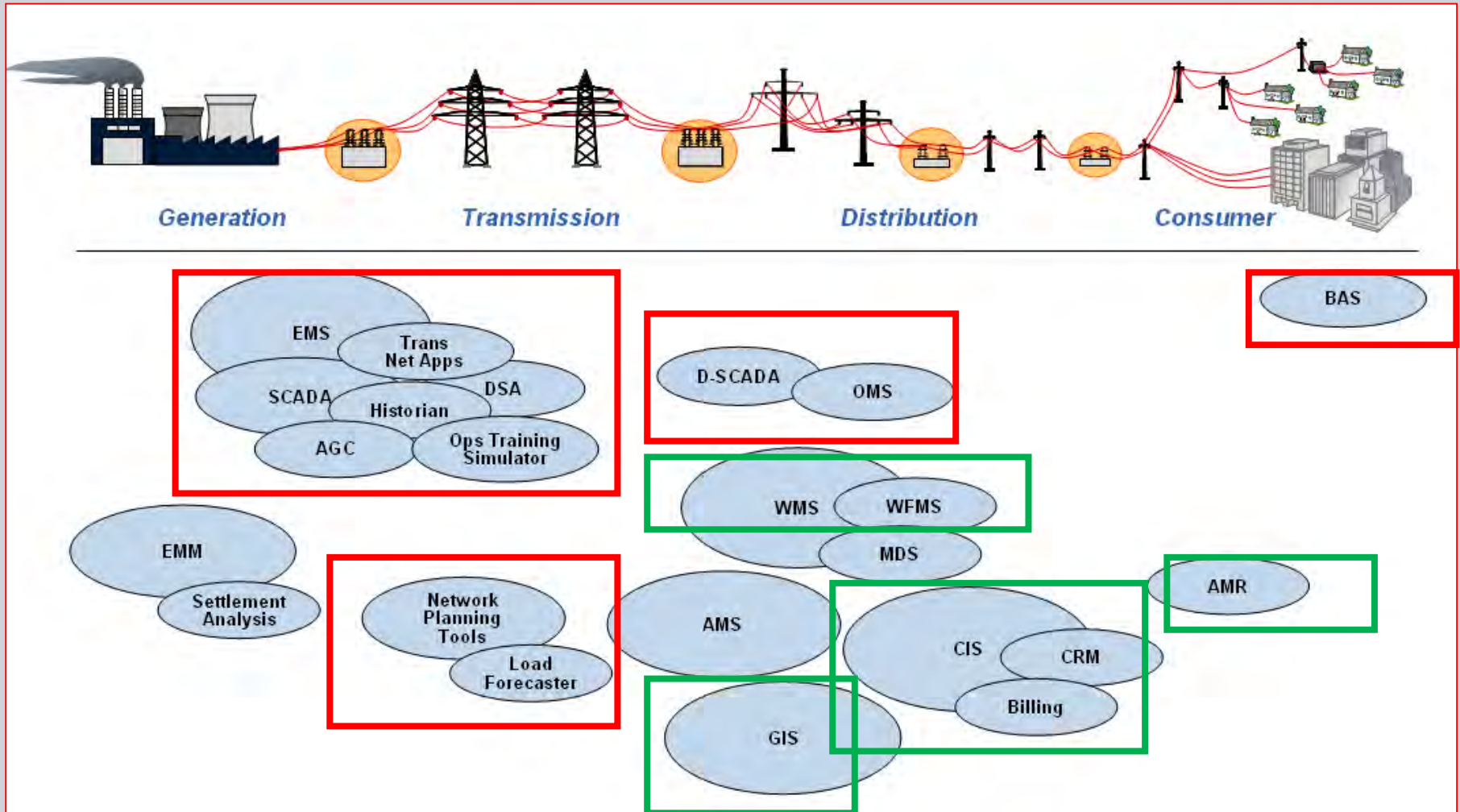


Managing data and analytics

Predictive analytics  
Grid control analytics  
Big data architectures

# OT / IT Landscape

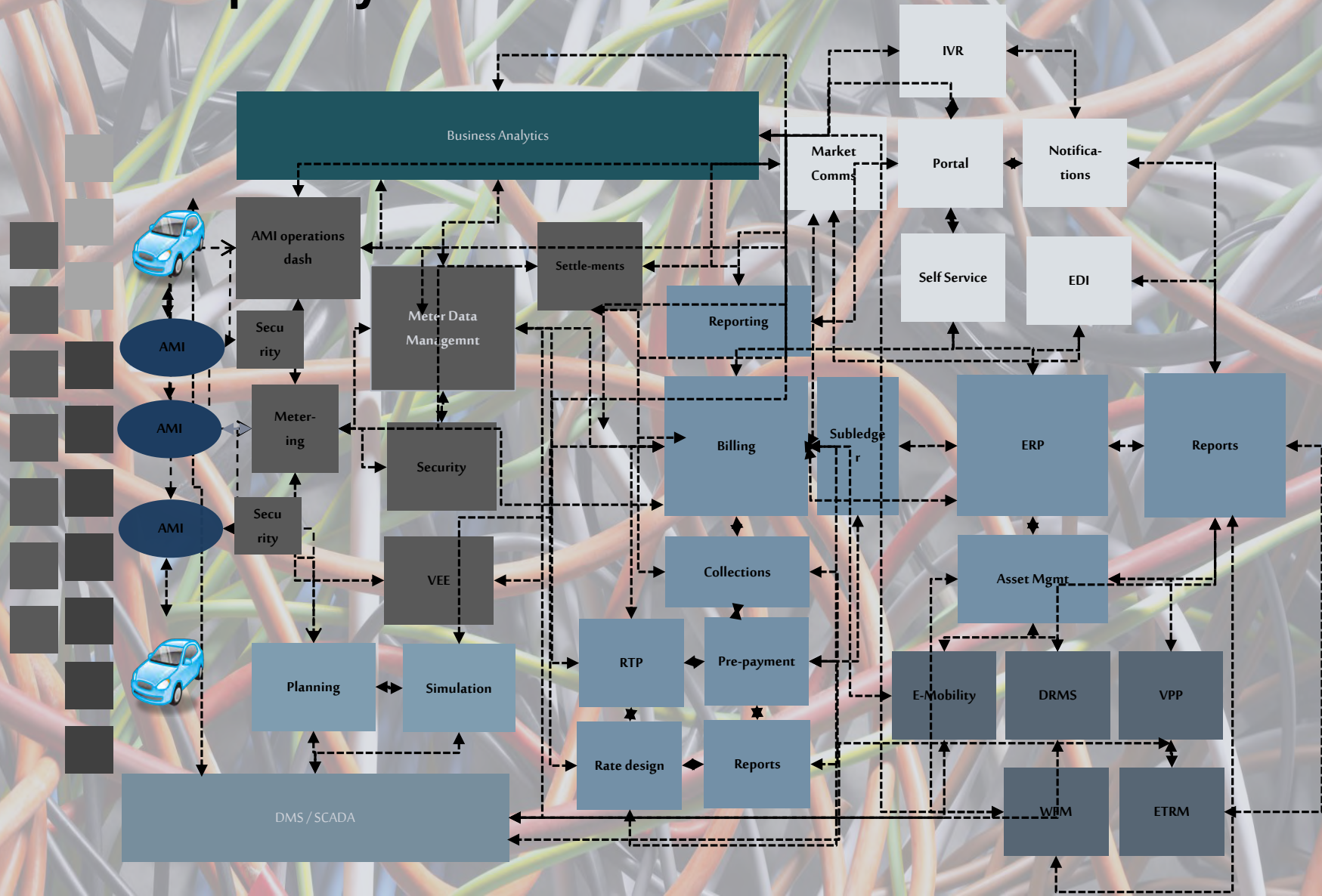
## Pre- Smart Grid Utility Applications



**INTERACTION**  
*None, silo approach*

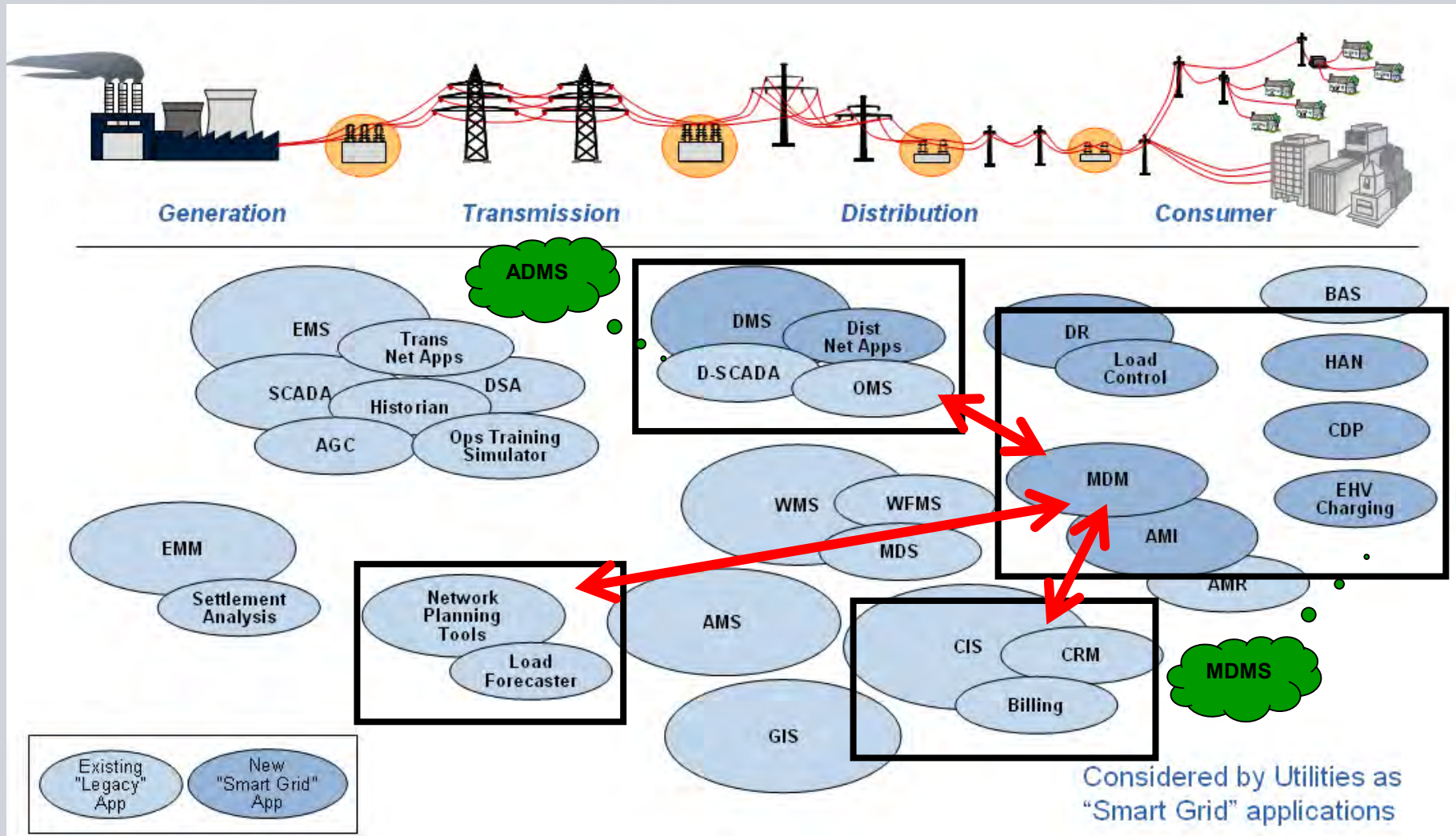
OT Applications  
 IT Applications

# Adding application on application and silo thinking leads to infeasible complexity

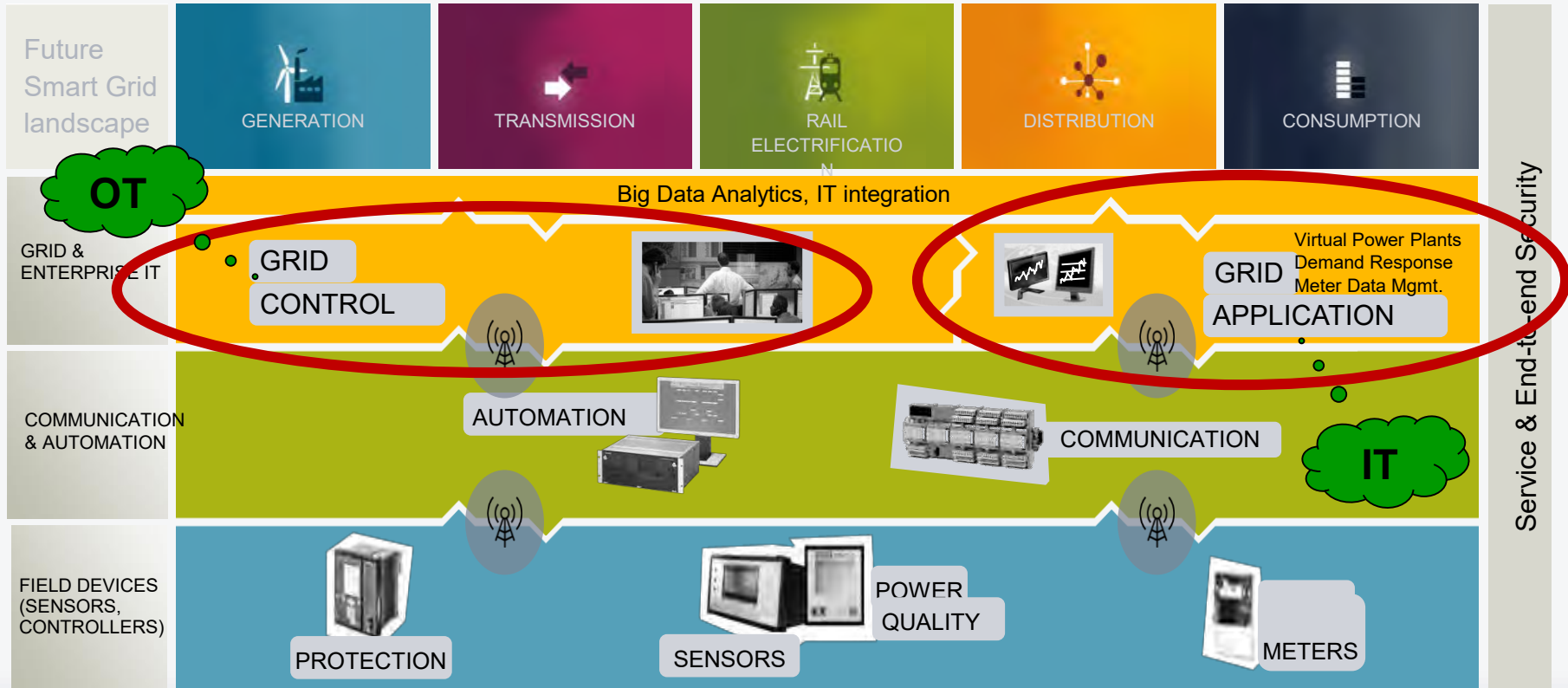




# OT / IT Implementation Strategy : Post- Smart Grid Utility Applications



## Smart Grid IT/OT Infrastructure



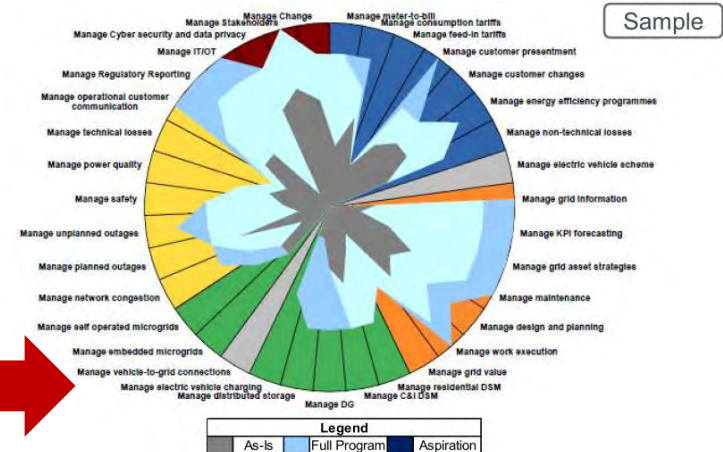
# While the Smart Grid concept is accepted, some questions will still remain.....

Where to start ?

- Which strategies ?
- Where to invest ?
- Which are the right steps ?
- Which technologies ?
- How to measure success ?



Orientation	Destination	Routing
<p><b>Where do I want to go?</b> (strategy)</p> <p>•Which objectives do I want to achieve? •Which levels of process sophistication do I aspire?</p>	<p><b>What does make sense?</b> (qualitative design)</p> <p>•What is the perceived value of the initiatives? •What is the required effort to implement initiatives and technologies? •Which scenarios end up with a positive business case? •What budget should I plan for the coming years?</p>	<p><b>How do I realize it?</b> (quantitative planning)</p> <p>•Do the numbers make sense? •Which steps do I have to take in which timeframe? •Which skills do I need? •How can I integrate existing programs?</p>





**Thank You!**



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