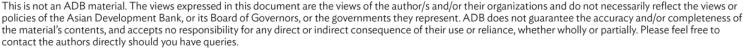
Evidence-based strategic investment to sustain the HIV response

Conference on Measuring and Achieving Universal Health Coverage (UHC) with Information and **Communication Technology (ICT)**

> Asian Development Bank Auditorium Manila, Philippines 2 December 2014

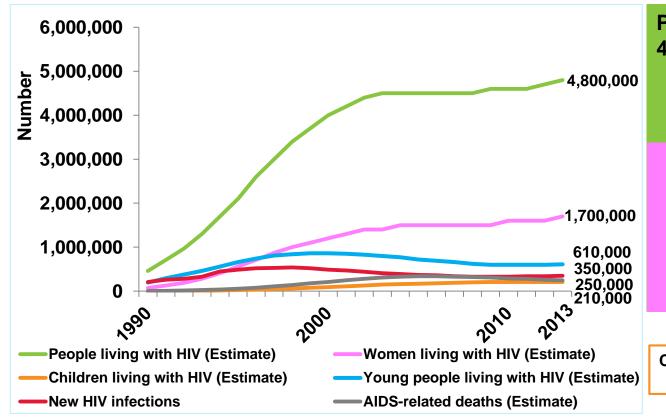


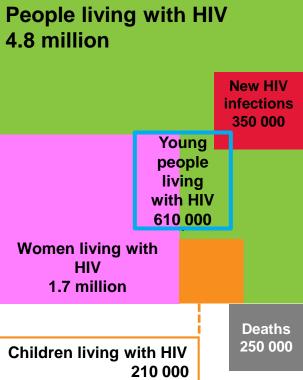


Regional overview of trends in HIV infections and AIDS-related deaths

HIV and AIDS in Asia and the Pacific 1990-2013

2013 "zoom-in"



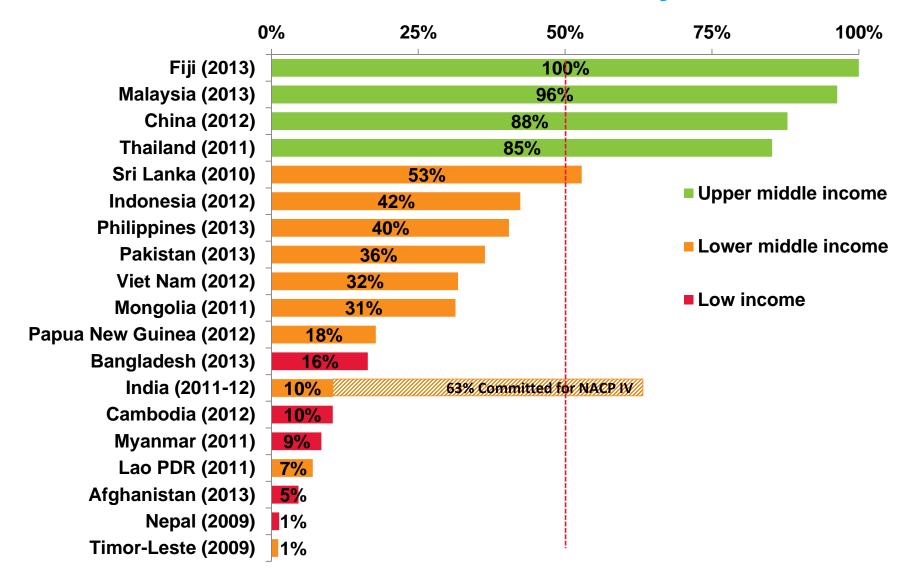


Countries account for >90% PLHIV and new infections and high HIV prevalence in key populations

<pre>= Yes</pre>	New HIV infections (2013)	People living with HIV (2013)	National HIV prevalence > 5 % among MSM	National HIV prevalence > 5% among PWID	National HIV prevalence > 5% among FSW
India*	130,000	2,100,000		R	
Indonesia	80,000	640,000	8	8	8
China*	48,000	780,000	8	X	
Viet Nam	14,000	250,000		R	
Pakistan	14,000	68,000		R	
Thailand	8,200	440,000	R		
Malaysia	8,000	86,000	, S		
Myanmar	6,700	190,000	R	8	R
Philippines	3,400	22,000		8	
Papua New Guinea	2,200	32,000			
Cambodia	1,300	75,000		×.	
Nepal	1,300	39,000		8	
Regional size estimates	Dranger d by well side de		11 million	3.5 million	4.4 million

^{* 2011} estimates

HIV expenditure from domestic sources, Asia and the Pacific, latest available year, 2009-2013



Evidence is fundamental for an accelerated and effective AIDS response

- Prioritizing interventions
- Formulating policies
- Making smart decisions on financing
- Demonstrating impact
- Showing return on investment



HIV Data Flow and Use

(Philippines)



Monthly Online **Publication**

Annual National and Local Dissemination Forum

National and Local Program Reviews, Strategic and **Investment Planning**



Modelling, Estimates, **Projections** (EPP/Spectrum/ AEM)



Surveillance Social Hygiene Sites Data Clinic Data (STI) (HIV prevalence)

Treatment Hub Data (ART, etc)

Reports Graphs Data analysis



Data stored at the **National Epidemiology** Center, DOH (Global AIDS **Progress Report,** others)

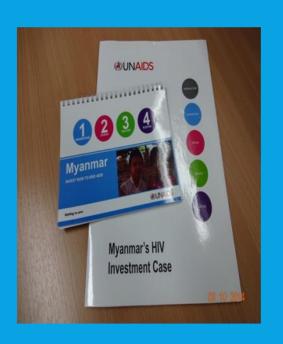
Monthly AIDS Registry data:

- **HIV Cases**
- **AIDS Cases**

Evidence-based county investment cases on HIV are being developed to sustain the HIV response

"Ending AIDS in Thailand"









Optimizing Viet Nam's HIV Response:
An Investment Case

Evidence-based county investment cases on HIV are being developed to sustain the HIV response

Thailand: "Ending AIDS by 2030"

Inputs:

For each key population:

- Size
- Risk behaviors
- HIV prevalence

For each possible program:

- Population served
- Coverage
- Effectiveness
- Unit cost

AIDS Epidemic Model (AEM)



Outputs:

For the epidemic:

- Sources of new infections
- Epidemic trends

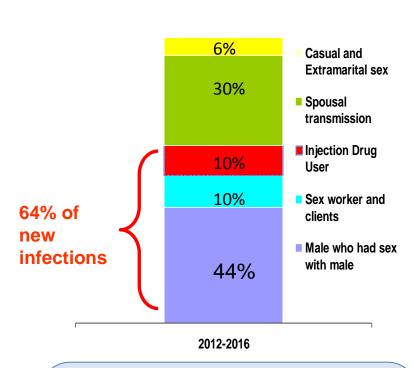
For each choice of program(s):

- Infections averted
- Lives saved
- Comparative costs

Thailand: Ending AIDS by 2030



Focus where most new infections occur...



Deliver package of services

- Combination prevention
 (including treatment as prevention)
- Core prevention services for key affected population
- Reach-Recruit-Test-Treat-Retain



66% of new infections occur in 33 provinces

Maximize benefits from use of new developments in science:

Prevention benefits of early treatment



Increasing HIV testing and counseling to 90% among key populations, and treating people with CD4 counts < 350, will avert around 6,000 new HIV infections in the next decade



Excellent return on investment

Current annual investments by Thailand on the AIDS response

\$300 million

Total number of deaths averted

22,000

Total additional investments required in the next decade

\$100 million

Total number of new infections averted

20,000

Estimated
economic benefits
on investment
(through treatment and

\$300 million

Cost/DALY saved (including ARV costs)

\$1165

Every additional dollar invested now gets three dollars in returns

Key investment



Increase HCT to reach
 90% coverage in key
 affected populations
 (MSM, SW, IDU, and their
 partners)

Earlier ART treatment for all HIV infected persons (regardless of CD4)

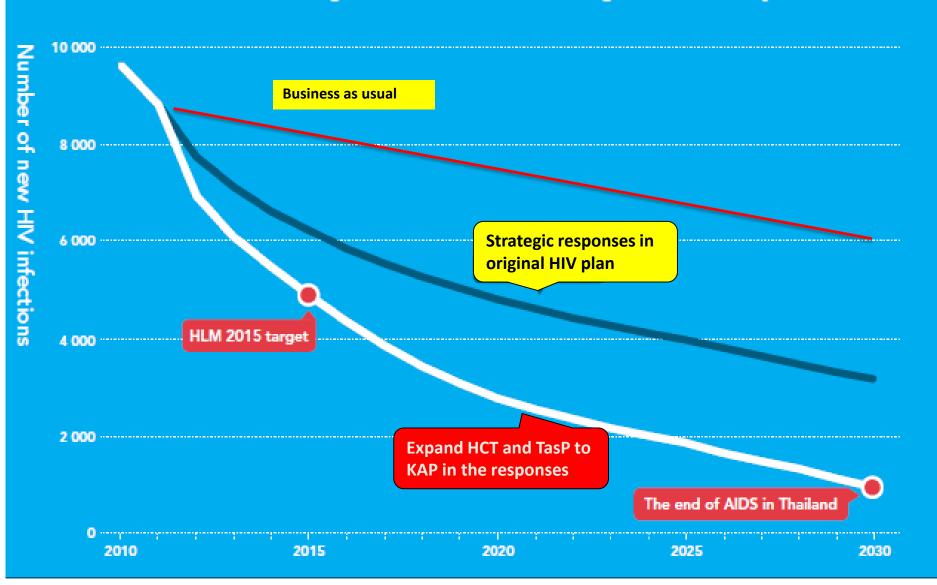
Maintain retention and adherence

Normalize HIV

Thailand can end AIDS



Thailand can achieve HLM targets and move towards being the first country to end AIDS



Evidence-based county investment cases on HIV are being developed to sustain the HIV response

- Thailand: "Ending AIDS by 2030"
 - Triggered a paradigm shift from "Controlling AIDS" to "Ending AIDS by 2030"
 - Implementation is underway
 October 2014: Free ARVs to all who test HIV positive
 - Country to graduate fully from external financial support by 2017
 - The current Global Fund support (less than 5% of the annual HIV budget which supports CSO engagement in prevention) cushions Thailand's transition to full domestic HIV funding



Acknowledgement

- Dr Taweesap Siraprapasiri
 Director of the National AIDS Management Center
 Ministry of Public Health, Thailand
- Ms Tatiana Shoumilina
 UNAIDS Country Director
 Thailand
- Mr Peter Mosende
 Strategic Information Adviser
 UNAIDS Philippines
- Dr Amala Reddy
 Regional Strategic Information Adviser
 UNAIDS Regional Support Team, Asia Pacific
 Thailand



Thank you!

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