

Private sector development, trade promotion and regional integration in Asia:

The experience of the International Trade Centre



Asian Development Bank, Manila, 5 April 2013









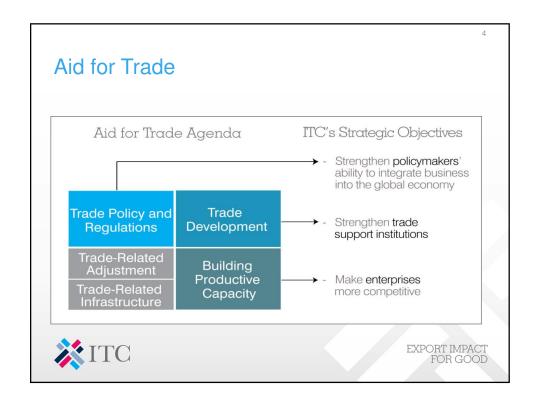


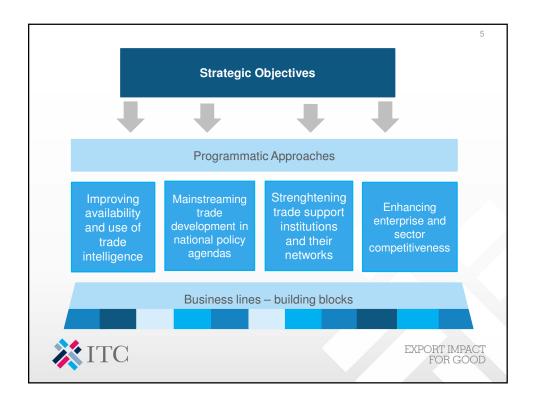
#### **Outline**

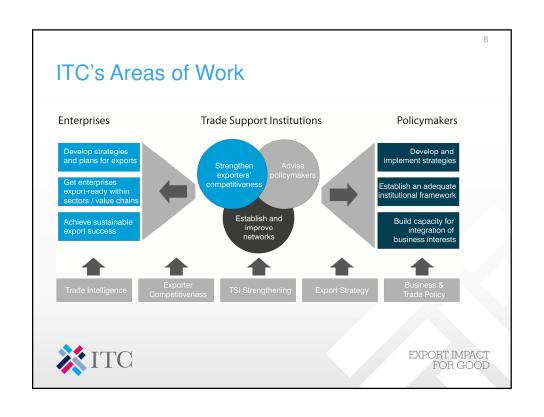
- A. Overview of ITC
- B. Drivers of regional trade integration
- C. ITC in Asia and the Pacific
- D. Proposed areas of cooperation with ADB











**B.** Drivers of regional trade integration

- 1.Trade intelligence
- 2. Export strategies
- 3. Trade policy and regulatory reform
- 4. Trade support network
- 5. Sector development programmes



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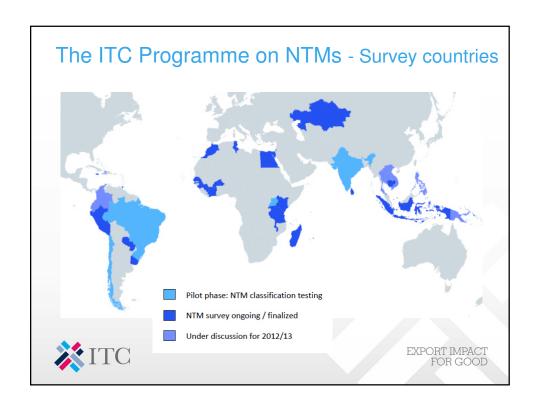
#### 1. Trade Intelligence – ITC's Global Public Tools

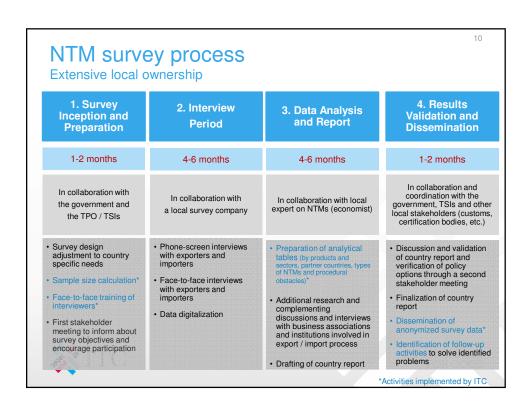
Improving transparency of trade opportunities through the collection, processing & dissemination of trade related data and the provision of tools to support their analysis.

- Over 250,000 users in 213 countries & territories (88% DCs or LDCs)
- Collaboration on publications with WTO, World Bank, UNCTAD, WEF etc. Consistent data & indicators published, providing greater clarity for enterprises & policymakers
- Started collecting NTMs and NTBs through surveys of enterprises in developing countries and official data in major markets – analysis has implications for policy action at the national level (business environment issues) as well as market access negotiations









Some results from ITC NTM surveys

- Burdensome NTMs vary significantly depending on the company size, the sector affiliation and partner countries where products are exported
- RTA membership does not insulate from NTM-related problems
- A lot of problems are "home-made", even if the NTM itself is applied by the partner country
- Most NTMs are reported as being burdensome due to Procedural Obstacles (POs) like administrative delays or lack of appropriate facilities



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#### 2. National Export Strategies

ITC Approach:

- Multi-stakeholder consultations (government, private sector, TSIs, civil society...) for a «home-grown» strategy
- Focus on MDGs: Trade for inclusive and sustainable development (gender, youth, environment, marginalized communities...)
- More than a strategy: enhancing capacities for effective implementation (e.g. Export Council)
- 2013 Focus: Myanmar, Kyrgyzstan, Palestine, Haiti...

#### 3. Business & Trade Policy and Regulatory Reform

#### Examples:

WTO accession & follow-up support

Economic Partnership Agreement

Regulatory Reform

Regional Economic Integration

Support EABC's advocacy campaign to bring out the potential benefits for the EAC if it can implement the free movement of workers and service providers

Build the confidence of EAC business community on its negotiations with COMESA and SADC



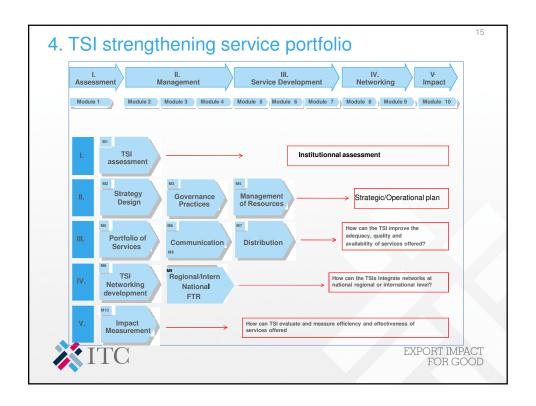
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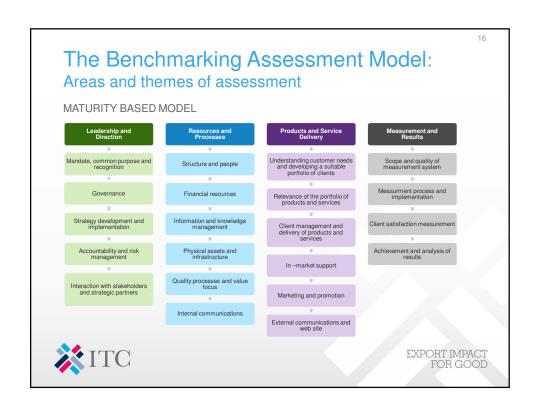
#### **Business & Trade Policy**

ITC-WTO Programme for Acceding LDCs: strengthening stakeholder confidence for WTO membership SAMOA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY INC

- Targeted at the private sector
- WTO acceding countries supported:
  - · Asia: Samoa, Vanuatu, Lao PDR, Afghanistan.
    - Others: Ethiopia, Liberia, Comoros, Sudan, Tajikistan
- In Samoa: from accession to post-accession
  - · Workshops with the private sector, parliamentarians and the media
  - Enhanced role Chamber of Commerce in providing trade related information and advocacy services to members
  - Post-accession phase: support communication of WTO commitments to businesses (study on business implications, public-private dialogues)







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### 5. Sector Development

#### Integrated approach including

- Sector strategies and implementation framework
- Market development
- Improving exporter skills
  - Export management
  - Branding & Marketing
  - E-solutions
  - Export value chain development (supply chain management, quality, packaging...)
- Enhancing productive capacites and product development
- Strengthening institutional support infrastructure
- Business advocacy



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#### **Ethical Fashion Initiative**

Slum dwellers are producing major orders for international fashion houses and distributors Vivienne Westwood, Max Mara, Stella McCartney or Fendi

A programme that creates employment for more than 7000 persons, mainly women, living in extreme poverty

New way of working beyond CSR based on business rules and not on traditional NGO mindset.

Aid for Trade creates sustainble business relationships allowing the poorest to participate in global value chains (e.g. African fashion producers being permanently included among regular suppliers).

Not charity - just work

#### Bangladesh: developing the IT&ITES sector

**Objective:** To create sustainable exporter competitiveness in the IT & ITES Sector in Bangladesh



Establishing sustainable business links between Bangladesh & EU (e.g. B2B matchmaking, developing companies' export marketing competency - focus on online marketing and social media)

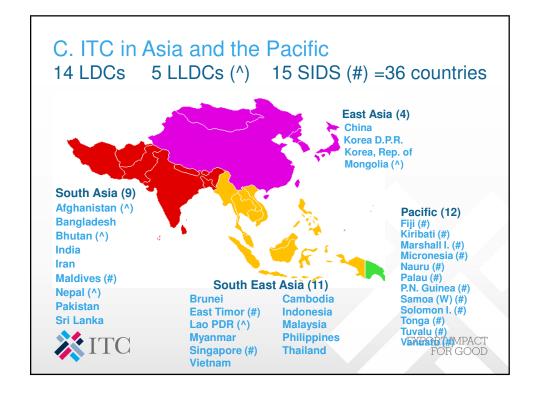
Empowering partner TSIs to provide a sustainable business linkage service (e.g. B2B Service Integration Program by Bangladesh Association of Software & Information Services - BASIS)

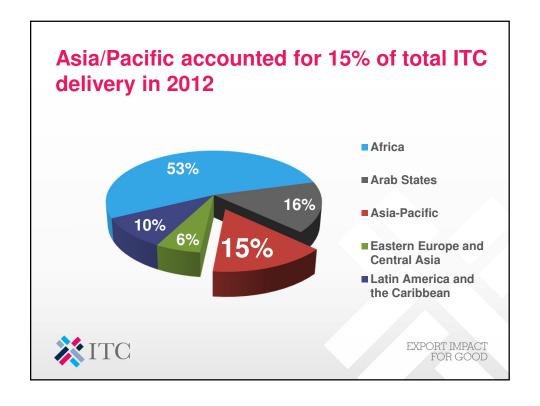
Branding Bangladesh as a Global IT Sourcing Destination (e.g Outsourcing Conference, Publications)

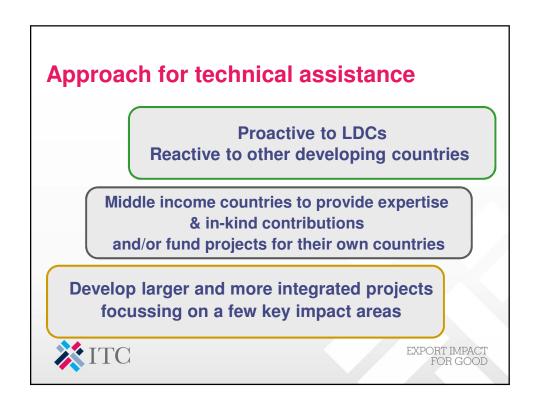
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#### Key impact areas

# Multilateral & regional integration

- National export strategies (NES)
- •NTMs
- WTO accession support
- •Public-private dialogue & partnerships
- •Intra & inter-regional trade promotion

### Poverty reduction

- Trade in services, focus on inclusive tourism
- Community-based agricultural & handicraft exports
- Entrepreneurship support - women & youth

### Export diversification

- Sector strategies
- Trade support services (multiplier)
- Trade intelligence
- Supply chain management
- Standards & SPS
- · Access to finance
- · Marketing & branding
- Market entry



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# Impact area 1- Facilitating multilateral and regional integration

- > NTM surveys
  - Sri Lanka, Cambodia (completed)
  - Indonesia Thailand (on-going)
  - Lao PDR, Philippines, Vietnam (planned)
- Support to WTO accession and implementation of WTO commitments
  - · Lao PDR, Samoa, Vanuatu
- > South-South trade promotion
  - China, Bangladesh, India, Thailand and Africa (cotton, leather)
  - Cambodia, Vietnam and Africa (rice)





**World Export Development Forum (WEDF)** 

Jakarta, Indonesia, October 2012



Opened by President Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono of the Republic of Indonesia



Ms. Lakshmi Venkatachalam, Vice President, Private Sector and Co-financing Operations, ADB EXPORT IMPACT

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## Impact area 2- Linking vulnerable communities with global markets

- Facilitating participation of disadvantaged communities in value chains linked to tourism, handicrafts and agricultural products in Lao PDR, Cambodia, Vietnam
- Developing better integrated, pro-poor and environmentally sustainable value chains in the craft and furniture sectors in Vietnam
- Helping sugar producers in Fiji find alternative sources of income
- Empowering women of other Pacific countries in economic activities



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## Impact area 3- Assisting sector specific export diversification

- > Development of National Export Strategies and Sector Strategies
  - Bangladesh, Cambodia, Fiji, Lao PDR, Myamar, Samoa, Solomon Island, Vietnam
- Strengthening Trade Support Institutions
  - · Bhutan, Malaysia, Pakistan
- > Providing direct assistance to exporting companies
  - Bangladesh, Cambodia, Lao PDR, Nepal, Vietnam



### D. Proposed areas for cooperation with ADB

- Sharing of information and tools
- · Joining forces in on-going programmes such as NTM
- Providing joint support to regional economic integration of ASEAN and SAARC
- Development of focused joint country programmes e.g.
   Myanmar



