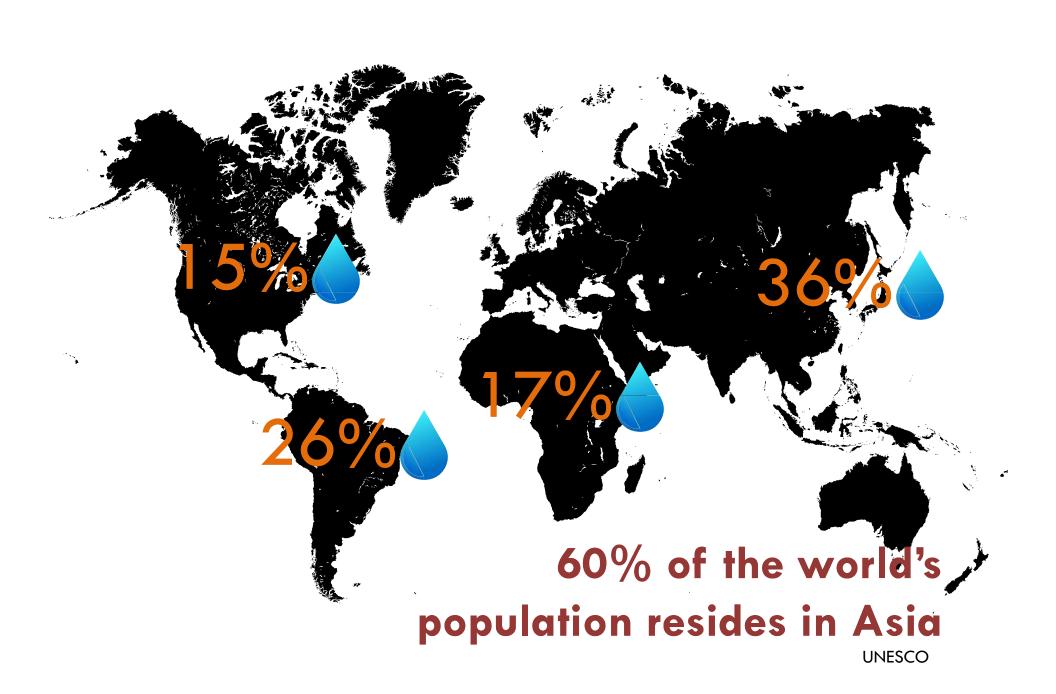


This is not an ADB material. The views expressed in this document are the views of the author/s and/or their organizations and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the Asian Development Bank, or its Board of Governors, or the governments they represent. ADB does not guarantee the accuracy and/or completeness of the material's contents, and accepts no responsibility for any direct or indirect consequence of their use or reliance, whether wholly or partially. Please feel free to contact the authors directly should you have queries.



## Sustainable water management in large cities requires a holistic, integrated approach



1.Tokyo 2.Delhi 4. Mumbai 7.Shanghai 8.Kolkota 9.Dhaka 10.Karachi 13.Beijing 15.Manila 16.Osaka-Kobe 19. Moscow 20.lstanbul 22.Seoul 23. Chongquing 24. Jakarta 26.Shenzhen 28.Guangzhou







If left unattended, the twin engines of **urbanisation** and **resource depletion** will undermine efforts to achieve and sustain water security: water availability and access will be eroded and conflicts over use will escalate

Global Water Partnership, "Towards Integrated Urban Water Management"

-0.4%

Rural Population Growth Rate

2.9%
Urban Population Growth
Rate

Source: World Bank, 2012

46.4 M

**Urban Population** 

49%
Urban Population
% of Total Population



Source: World Bank, 2012

### The Mega Manila Experience

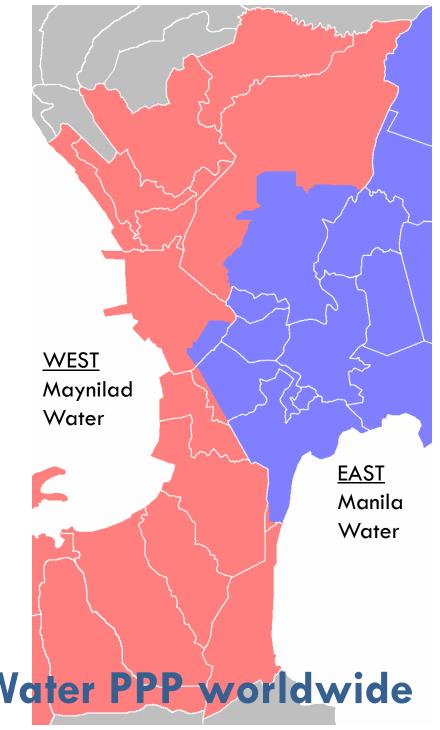
1997 - 2012

Achieving Synergy through PPP

40

The number of cities and municipalities served by MWSS

1,940
The area in square kilometers of the MWSS
Service Area



Considered the largest Water PPP worldwide

## 5.84M

The number of MWSS customers in 1997 / 9.73M population.
16 Hours a day service

13.8M

The number of MWSS customers today / 15.8M population 24 Hours a day service



9.8

The number of employees per 1000 connections in 1997

2.2
The number of employees per 1000 connections today



68%

The amount of water lost to pilferage or leaks (Non-Revenue Water) in 1997

35% The Non-Revenue Water level today



The West Zone has recovered over 1000 MLD NRW in 4 years

Manila Water reports NRW of 11%

# Ensuring Mega Manila's Long Term Water Security

2012 - 2037

## The future of urban water management is improved water governance



- □ US\$ 2.2 Billion in Infrastructure Projects
  - Angat Dam and Dyke Strengthening Project
  - Rehabilitation, Operation and Maintenance of Angat
     Hydro-electric Power Plant Auxiliary Turbines No. 4 & 5
  - Angat Water Utilization and Aqueduct Improvement Project, Phase 3
  - New Centennial Water Source Project
  - Bulacan Bulk Water Supply Project









#### **Investing in Sewerage Services**



	Maynilad (West Zone)	Manila Water (East Zone)
Sewer Coverage	9%	12%
Operational STPs	4 (141 MLD)	25 (91.3 MLD)
New STPs 2012-2016	7 (272 MLD)	5 (455 MLD)
2017-2037	19	18





## The future of urban water management is improved water governance



- Demand Management
  - Water Conservation
  - Tariff Reviews
- Organizational Excellence
- Partnership Building
  - Exploring Synergies

