This is not an ADB material. The views expressed in this document are the views of the author/s and/or their organizations and do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the Asian Development Bank, or its Board of Governors, or the governments they represent. ADB does not guarantee the accuracy and/or completeness of the material's contents, and accepts no responsibility for any direct or indirect consequence of their use or reliance, whether wholly or partially. Please feel free to contact the authors directly should you have queries.



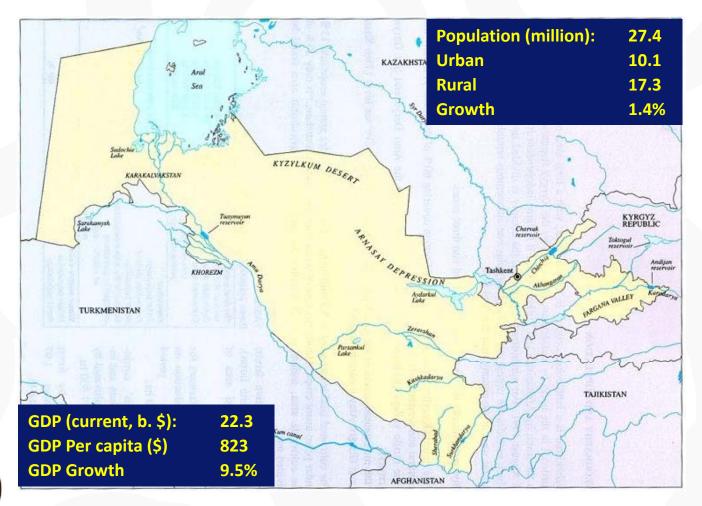
Republic of Uzbekistan







Country Information







Wastewater: Performance

- Wastewater Coverage
 - 40% (74 cities out of 186)
 - 15.4% (40% urban, 2.0% rural)

Target 70% (2020)





Legislative Framework

✓ Sector related

- ► Law on State Sanitary Supervision, 1992
- ► Water Law, 1993
- ► Law on Protection of Citizen's Health, 1996
- National Standards for Drinking Water, 2000

✓ Other Legislation

- ► Law on Protection of Nature, 1992
- Law on Protection of Specially Preserved Natural Territories, 1993
- ► Law on Natural Resources, 1994
- ► Law on State Environment Expertise, 2000

✓ Sector Strategy

Water and Sanitation Sector Strategy being developed

Enforcement is a key issue



Focus Areas: WHAT ARE THE BARRIERS?

Enabling Environment Legal framework and institutional

Legal framework and institutional responsibilities; poor enforcement – instruments, capacity, financial constraints

Social Issues

awareness, hygiene practice

Technology

Knowledge & acceptance of innovative technologies

Financing

Financial resources & affordability





Current investment

IDB – Tashkent – 35,4 mln.\$

ADB – Termez – 14,9 mln.\$ (tranche I)
 Andijan – 29,5 mln.\$ (tranches II and III)
 Kokand – 33,54 mln.\$ (tranche II)
 Fergana & Margilan– 42,0 mln.\$ (tranche IV)

WB – Bukhara & Samarkand – 55,0 mln.\$



Government of Republic of Uzbekistan:
Navoi ~ 2.0 mln\$