Session 3 Evaluation Findings

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Introductory Course on Economic Analysis of Policy-Based Lending Operations
5 June 2007



Evaluation Findings:Where to Look

Special Evaluation Study on Program Lending. ADB. 2002.

Annual Evaluation Review. ADB. 2005, 2006

Annual Report on Loan and Technical Assistance Portfolio Performance for the Year Ending 31 December ADB 2005, 2006

Adjustment Lending Retrospective. World Bank. 2001.

Annual Review of Development Effectiveness: The Effectiveness of Bank Support for Policy Reform. WB. 2003.

Evaluation of General Budget Support, IDD and Associates for OECD, DAC. 2006.

Good Practices for the Evaluation of Policy-Based Lending. IEG. 2005.

Economic Analysis of Policy Based Lending: Key Dimensions. ADB. 2003.



Trends in PBL Ratings

% Programs Rated Successful (3-Year Moving Average)



Program Loan Performance by Sector

PCR/PPER Ratings of Loans Approved between 1978 to 2004

	No. of Rated Programs				Proportion (%)		
Sector	HS/GS/S	PS	US	Total	HS/GS/	PS	US
Agriculture and Natural Resources	9	23		32	28	72	0
Education	2			2	100	0	0
Energy	3	3		6	50	50	0
Finance	17	5	1	23	74	22	4
Health, Nutrition, and Social Protection	4	3		7	57	43	0
Industry and Trade	7	3	1	11	64	27	9
Law, Economic Management and Public Policy	11	6	1	18	61	33	6
Multisector	2	1		3	67	33	0
Transport and Communications		2		2	0	100	0
Total	55	46	3	104	53	44	3

Factors Affecting Results: A SWOT Summary

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	Factors contributing to desired outcome	Factors detracting from desired outcome					
Factors	Strengths	Weaknesses					
internal to ADB	 Reforms consistent with government's agenda 	•Macroeconomic and wider sector policy insufficiently considered					
	•Sufficient sector analysis, dialogue	 Reform inconsistent with government priorities 					
	 Policy alternatives understood by client 	Policy alternatives not understood					
	●Reform well targeted	●Program design too complex					
	Consensus for reform	Reforms proceed despite poor awarenessOutputs did not meet desired outcomes					
	 Awareness of reform outcomes and outputs 						
	 Design, policy matrix implementable 	Too many tranche release connected					
	 Conditions realistic, focused, acted upon 	conditions, back-loaded					
	before startup	•Low IA capacity to carry out reforms, new					
	 ◆Right IA with sufficient capacity 	functions					
•Direct and inc	 Sufficient program period 	Key direct and indirect costs not identified and political accounts of decision making.					
	 Direct and indirect costs identified and met by the program or counterpart funding 	such as political economy of decision making					
Factors	Opportunities	Threats and Risks					
external to ADB	 Stable global and regional markets 	 Shocks that arise while implementing reforms Negative changes in the broader market and policy environment 					
	 Stable economic, social and political environment 						
	Complementary macroeconomic and institutional reforms	 Absence of complementary macroeconomic and institutional reforms Changes in governments, policy swings, wavering commitment 					