water patterns of urban sustainability

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the challenges

how to prevent cities from drowning?

what makes resilient cities?

how do we balance resources in situations of unbalanced growth?

what makes water robust cities?



typical mega-city 12.000.000 people delta floodplain of a large river

climate change sea level rise land subsidence

"To look ahead, it pays to look backwards"

Pre-Mortem: a simple technique to recognise potentials for failure and dangerous assumptions (Klein and Kahneman)





"Metropia is severely hit by floods. Again, last year was also bingo.

The weather gods seem to focus all their wrath on Metropia. Heatwaves and floods seem to love this city.

Recent impacts are much worse than the worst climate scenarios ever predicted.

But, to many's surprises, the records show a much milder climate than predicted by those worst climate change scenarios.

Still, Metropia suffers to a unknown level."





area initially labeled as 'flood-risk' were re-labeled because the label hampered development



too many motives for short term profits resulted in long term risks and losses



uncontrolled and unplanned urban growth tax base is too small for sustainability services

growing pains of cities



ladder of urban water

| | | urban dynamics | | | winners and losers short term and long term motives and leverages |
|-------------------|---------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| i | integrated planning | | | | masterplan coherent zoning interaction between zones ownership of costs |
| physical planning | | | | | regional and urban plans zoning land cover |
| engine | ering | | | | technical interventions buffer functions infrastructure |

recommendations

include urban dynamics in analysis of resilient cities

unchartered territory: find ways to explore

simulation with small models

urban laboratories

"The only source of knowledge is experience"

-Albert Einstein

recommendations

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small simulation models for urban dynamics

broad model, not a detailed model

integrative approach: make the link between water and urban

simple model, not a complex model



use small model as driver for urban management games

flight simulators for urban and water planners management simulation serious games living laboratories

focus on conflicting interests competition for resources competion for space



use small model as driver for urban management games

dynamics of long term and short term private gains and public loss winners and losers

explore motives for (un-)sustainable growth leverages and control points mutual benefits



small model as driver for urban management games

stakeholders to develop city for next 50-100 years

driven by scenarios for climate economics population

interventions include infrastructure zoning and permits taxing and funding



Bangkok sustainable city pilot project

develop a urban management game

small model

drivers for sea level, river discharge and rain drivers for urban growth, economics pressure, real estate livelihood and sustainability indicators

partners: Chulalongkorn university and Kasetsart university



similar but not same







Rotterdam

Bangkok

