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ADB's 2009 Safeguard Policy Statement

An Overview of the Environmental and Social Safeguard Requirements for ADB-financed Projects

Bruce Dunn
Director, Safeguards Division
Sustainable Development and Climate Change
Department



Why do we need a Safeguard Policy?



Why do we need a Safeguard Policy?

Development projects are intended to benefit large numbers of people!

Issue/Challenge:

- Unless well managed, infrastructure projects can pose severe economic, social and environmental risks
- poor and vulnerable groups can be affected disproportionately

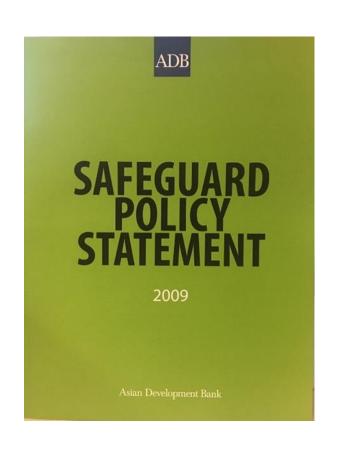


Key Message – Safeguards are important!

- ADB's SPS is a cornerstone of our support to inclusive economic growth and environmentally sustainable growth
- ADB is committed to the full implementation of the safeguard policy.
- We need to work with our borrowers and other stakeholders to put the policy principles and requirements into practice



2009 Safeguard Policy Statement



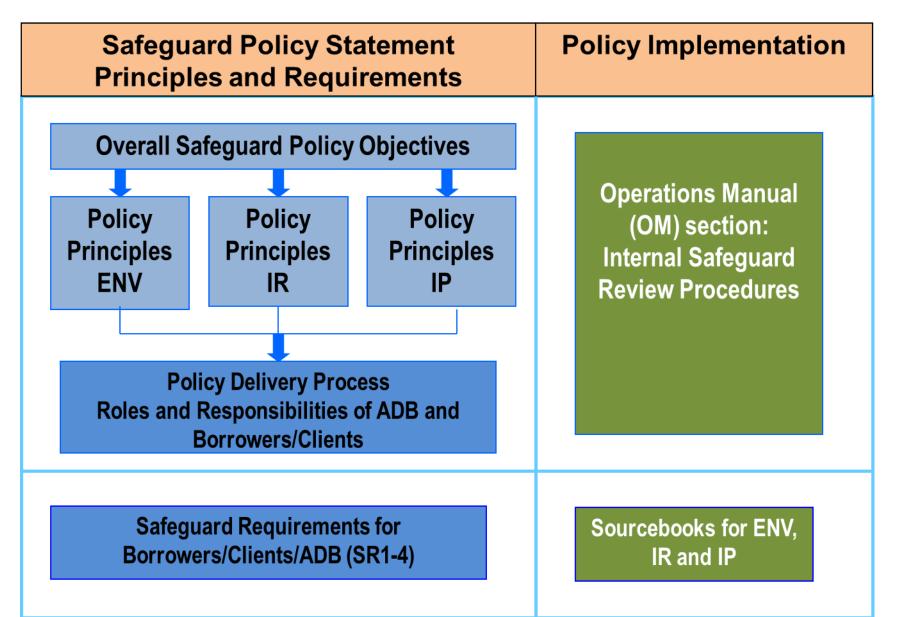
Overarching Objectives

- Avoid adverse impacts of projects on the environment and affected people, where possible;
- Minimize, mitigate, and/or compensate for impacts when avoidance is not possible; and
- Help borrowers/clients to strengthen systems and capacity to manage environmental and social risks.

Applies to all ADB-financed and/or ADB-administered sovereign and non-sovereign projects.



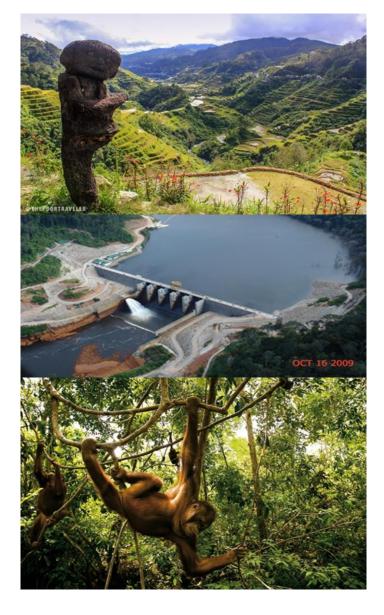
SPS Structure



Common Policy Requirements



Environmental Safeguard



Policy Objectives

- Ensure the environmental soundness and sustainability of projects.
- Support the integration of environmental considerations into the project decision-making process.



Environmental Safeguard Policy Principles

- 1. Project screening and categorization
- 2. Environmental assessment
- 3. Alternatives examination
- 4. Environmental management plan
- 5. Consultation and grievance redress mechanism
- 6. Information disclosure
- 7. Monitoring and reporting
- 8. Biodiversity protection and natural resources management
- 9. Pollution prevention and abatement
- 10. Occupational and community health and safety
- 11. Physical cultural resources



Involuntary Resettlement



Policy objectives

- Avoid IR, wherever possible,
- Minimize IR by exploring project and design alternatives,
- Enhance, or at least restore
 DP's livelihood, in real terms,
- Improve standards of living of poor/vulnerable DP.



Involuntary Resettlement Policy Principles

- 1. Project screening and categorization
- 2. Meaningful consultation and grievance redress
- 3. Measures to restore or improve livelihood
- 4. Relocation assistance
- 5. Measures for vulnerable groups
- 6. Negotiated settlement
- 7. Informal settlers
- 8. Resettlement plan
- 9. Information disclosure
- 10. Cost of involuntary resettlement
- 11. Timing of compensation
- 12. Monitoring and reporting



IR Scope & Triggers

Physical displacement

- relocation, loss of residential land, or loss of shelter;

Economic displacement

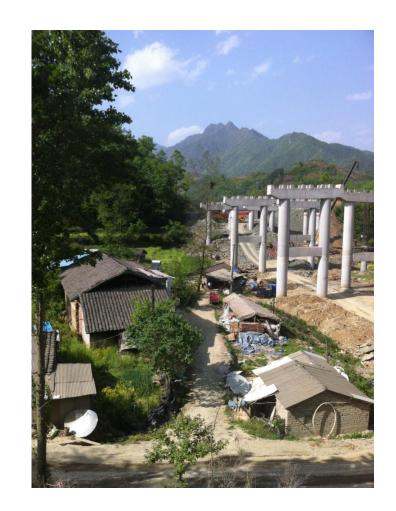
- loss of land, assets, access to assets, income sources, or means of livelihoods

....as a result of

- (i) involuntary acquisition of land, or
- (ii) involuntary restrictions on land use or access to legally designated parks and protected areas

....impacts may be

- Full or partial
- Permanent or temporary





Types of Displaced Persons

- Owners of land/assets with titles
- Land users with customary and/or legally recognizable claims to land
- Occupants without titles or customary claims



Indigenous Peoples



Policy objectives

- Projects foster full respect for IP identity, dignity, human rights, livelihood systems & cultural uniqueness, so IP:
 - Receive culturally- appropriate social and economic benefits,
 - Do not suffer adverse impacts from projects,
 - Participate actively in projects that affect them.



Indigenous Peoples Safeguard Policy Principles

- 1. Project screening and categorization
- 2. Social impact assessment
- 3. Meaningful consultation and grievance redress
- 4. Consent of affected IP communities
- 5. Physical displacement and IP in protected areas
- 6. Indigenous Peoples planning
- 7. Information disclosure
- 8. Customary rights to traditional land
- 9. Monitoring and reporting





IP Scope and Triggers

Distinctiveness

- Self Identification & Recognition by Others
- Collective Attachment to Land or Territories
- Distinct Customary Social or Cultural Practices or Institutions
- Distinct Language

Vulnerability

 Historical, Social, Cultural, Geographical, or As a Result of the Project

Impacts on Community/ies of IP

- Positive or Negative
- Direct and Indirect



Specific Indigenous Peoples issues

3 specific activities where Indigenous Peoples' vulnerability should be seriously considered:

- Displacement from land "used", "occupied, or "claimed" as traditional or ancestral
- Commercial development/use of indigenous knowledge/cultural resources
- Commercial development/use of natural resources in traditional or customary lands

Need for seeking consent demonstrated through broad community support



For more information:

• http://www.adb.org/site/safeguards/main

Check out our free eLearning Courses @ https://elearn.adb.org



ENVIRONMENT

ADB's Environment Safeguard Requirements

This course aims to provide ADB staff an overview of the 2009 Safeguard Policy Statement, with specific focus on environment safeguard requirements. Learners will be guided on procedural and substantive requirements for environmental assessment and management planning. Links to useful resources and templates will also be provided.



ENVIRONMENT

ADB's Involuntary Resettlement Safeguard Requirements

This course aims to introduce ADB staff to ADB's 2009
Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS), with specific focus on involuntary resettlement safeguard requirements. It will guide learners to involuntary resettlement principles, objectives scopes and triggers and ensure that projects ADB finances are responsive to SPS requirements.



ENVIRONMENT

ADB's Indigenous Peoples Safeguard Requirements

This course aims to give ADB staff an overview of the principles, objectives, scope and triggers of ADB's Indigenous Peoples safeguards. It will help learners determine when and what circumstances would ADB's Indigenous Peoples safeguards be applied and the key requirements expected from borrowers/ client in designing, implementing and monitorin...

