Drones and Its Applications

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What is a Drone?

Drone is a relatively small size remote controlled or automatic pilotless aircraft.

 Cheap and cost effective High spatial resolution High accuracy Easier to deploy No hindrances from clouds A great tool for surveillance Limited capabilities and coverages Care required to use in populated areas Chances of misuse due to easy operation 	Advantages	Disadvantages
	 High spatial resolution High accuracy Easier to deploy No hindrances from clouds 	Care required to use in populated areas

Types Drones and Their Uses

Multirotor

- Flying height: Up to 500 m
- Flying time: 20-30 mins.
- Coverage: 0.4-0.8 km² per flight
- Range: 5 km

Fixed-wing

- Flying height: Up to 1,000 m
- Flying time: 50-60 mins.
- Coverage: 10-40 km² per flight
- Wing span: 1-2 m
- Range: 30-60 km

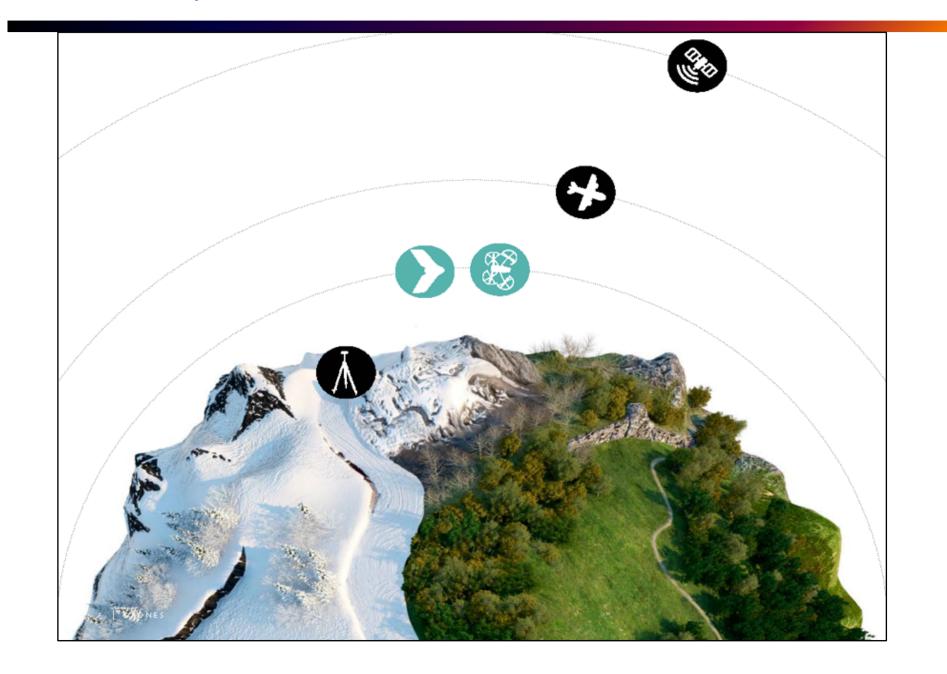




Multi-rotor Vs. Fixed-Wing Drones

Multi-rotor	Fixed-wing
Cheap	Relatively expensive
Easier to operate	 Need experienced operators
Vertical and easy landing	• Horizontal landing and need sufficient space
Short flights and low coverage	 Long flights and high coverage
Suitable for local mapping	Suitable for large area mapping
Comply with aviation regulations	 Often needs permission to fly

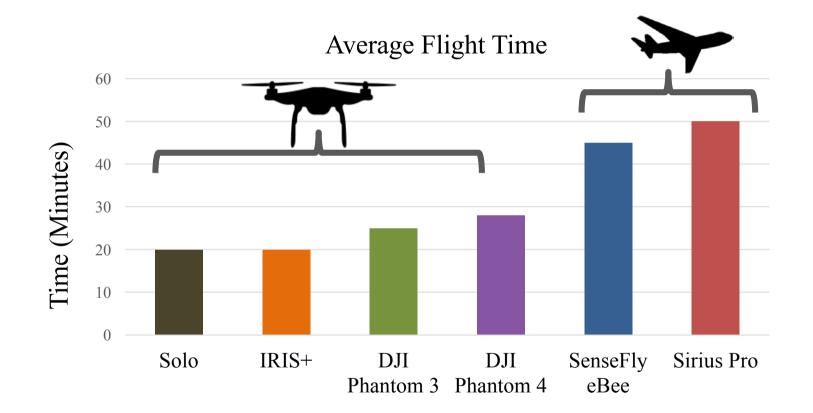
Data Acquisition Platforms



Data Acquisition Platforms - Prose and Cons

Platforms	Pros	Cons
Satellite	+ Extensive coverage+ Wide spectral capabilities	 Expensive data Relatively low-resolution (50 cm/pix) Data acquisition bi-weekly/weekly
Aircraft	 + Large single-flight coverage + High-resolution (7 cm/pix) + Wide spectral capabilities 	 Very expensive (for large projects) Image timing controlled by provider Operations susceptible to weather
Drone	 + Image acquisition on demand + Very high-resolution (1 cm/pix) + Unaffected by cloud cover + Cost effective and safe 	 Relatively small coverage Drone regulations can restrict usage Operations susceptible to weather
Surveying	+ Excellent positional accuracy+ Very high-resolution	 Slow, tedious, and labour-intensive Difficult to record tops of features Some sites inaccessible on foot

Flying Time of Specific Drones



Cameras/Sensors Used in Drones

<u>RGB Cameras</u> Image what we see for scouting and monitoring





Cannon S110

DJI Phantom built-in Camera

LiDAR Sensors

Provide high definition 3-dimensional information about the surrounding environment



Valodyne Puck LITE

Sensors Used in Drones

Thermal Sensors

Capable of measuring temperature from -40 to 160 Deg. C with a resolution of down to 0.1 C.



FLIR Duo

Multi Spectral Cameras

Analyse crop conditions





Parrot Sequoia

Micasense RedEdge

Cost of Fixed-Wing Drones

Model/Brand	Specifications	Price
Trimble UX-5	Flying time: 59 min. Coverage: 10-40 km ² /flight Resolution: up to 1 cm/pix Accuracy: 3cm (H) / 5cm (V)	30,000 USD
SenseFly eBee Plus	Similar to above	25,000 USD
Custom-built (AIT/NIED)	Similar to above	10,000 USD

Cost of Multi-rotor Drones

Model/Brand	Specifications	Price
DJI-Phantom	Flying time: 20-30 min. Coverage: 0.5 km ² /Flight	1,200 USD
	Resolution: up to 1 cm/pix Accuracy: 3cm (H) / 5cm (V)	
REAL		

Our Own Custom Built UAVs





Fixed-Wing

Testing

Drone Regulations

Country	Regulations
Philippine	 Drone owners and/or operators are now required to register their equipment with the CAAP, and secure a certification to operate from the agency-

Drones Applications

Urban Planning Related Applications Using Drones

Applications

Area

Surveying and Mapping



- Prepare accurate geo-referenced maps, including the base-maps
 - Extract point clouds and digital surface/elevation models
 - Provide ortho-mosaic
- Prepare and provide contour Lines
- Make 3D renderings of buildings and geographic feature
- Estimation of cut/fill volume

Infrastructure Planning



Disaster Management



Post-disaster Mapping and monitoring the extent of disasters Situational awareness for emergency response coordination Search and rescue operations Damage mapping for insurance industries for assessing the insurance claims

- Site analysis, planning and design
- Construction management and monitoring
- Asset mapping and monitoring
- 3D modelling and extraction of features (vegetation, buildings, roads etc.)

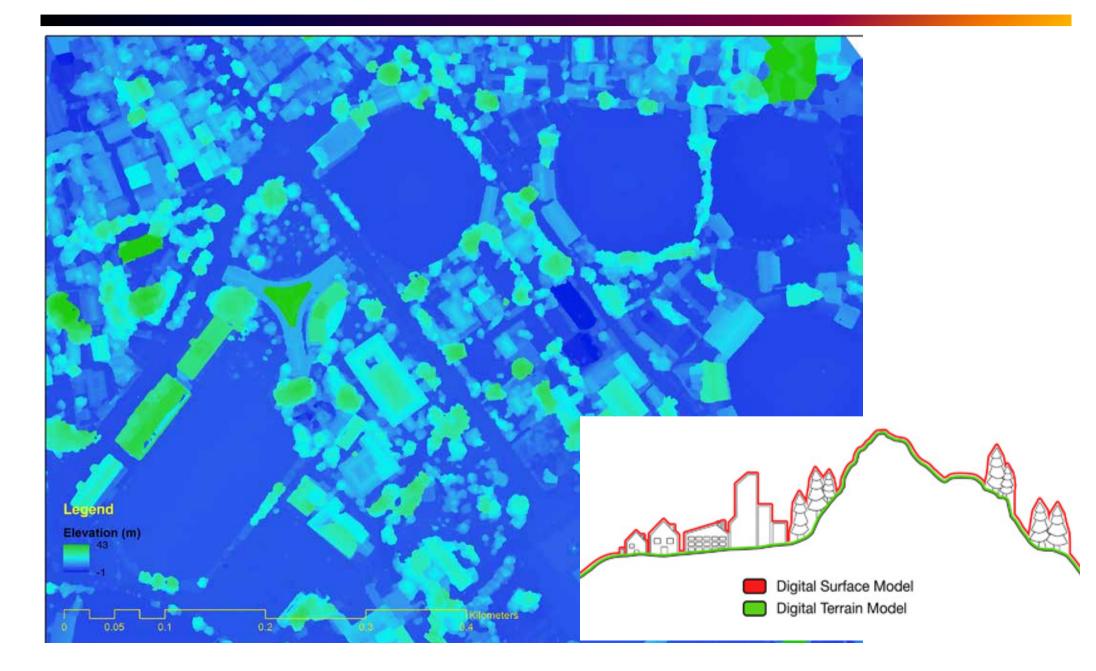
Pre-disaster

Hazard and exposure mapping and risk assessment

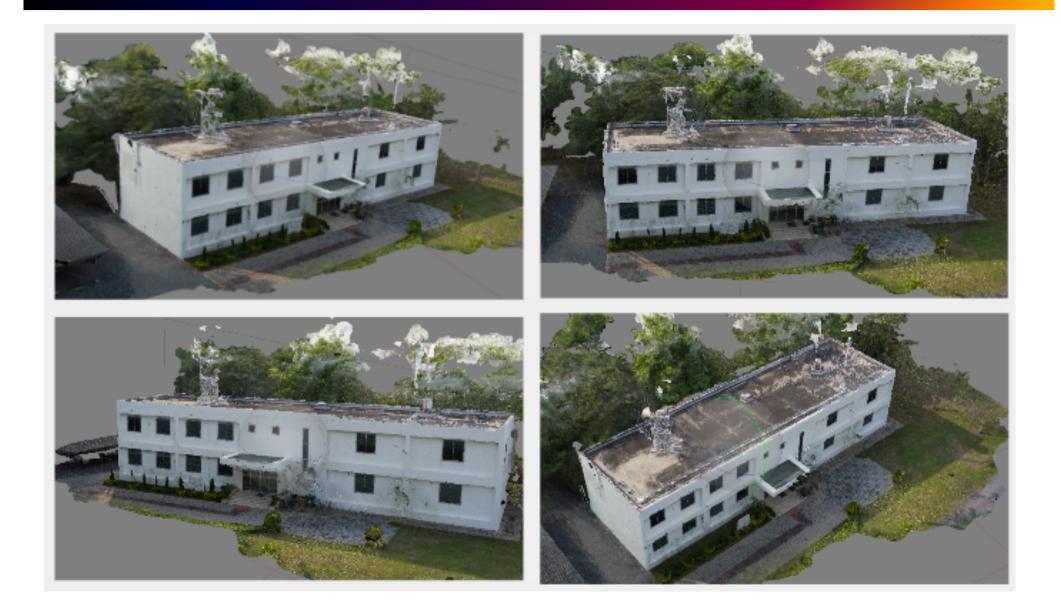
Surveying & Mapping - Prepare Accurate Latest City Maps



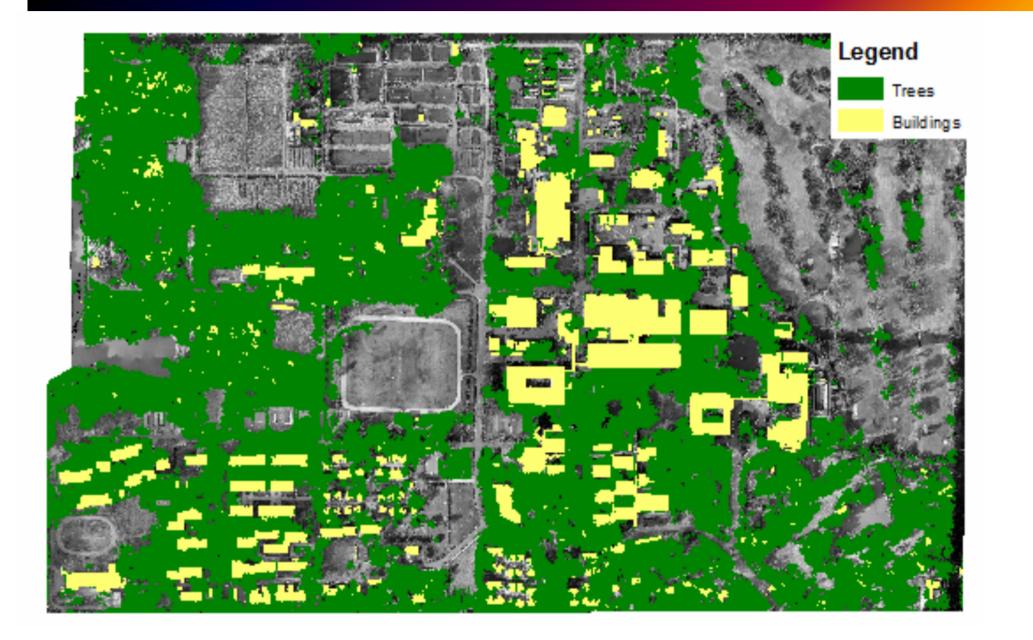
Surveying & Mapping - DEM (DSM and DTM)



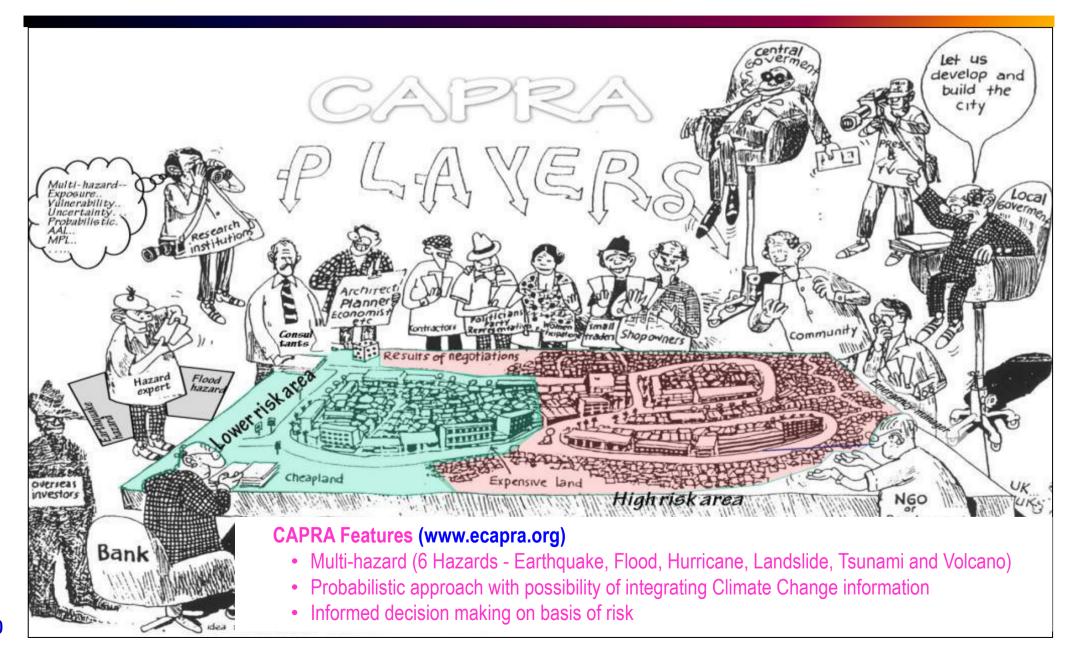
Surveying & Mapping -3D Model of Buildings



Surveying & Mapping - Mapping of Urban Green Areas



Pre-Disaster: Multi-hazard Risk Mapping

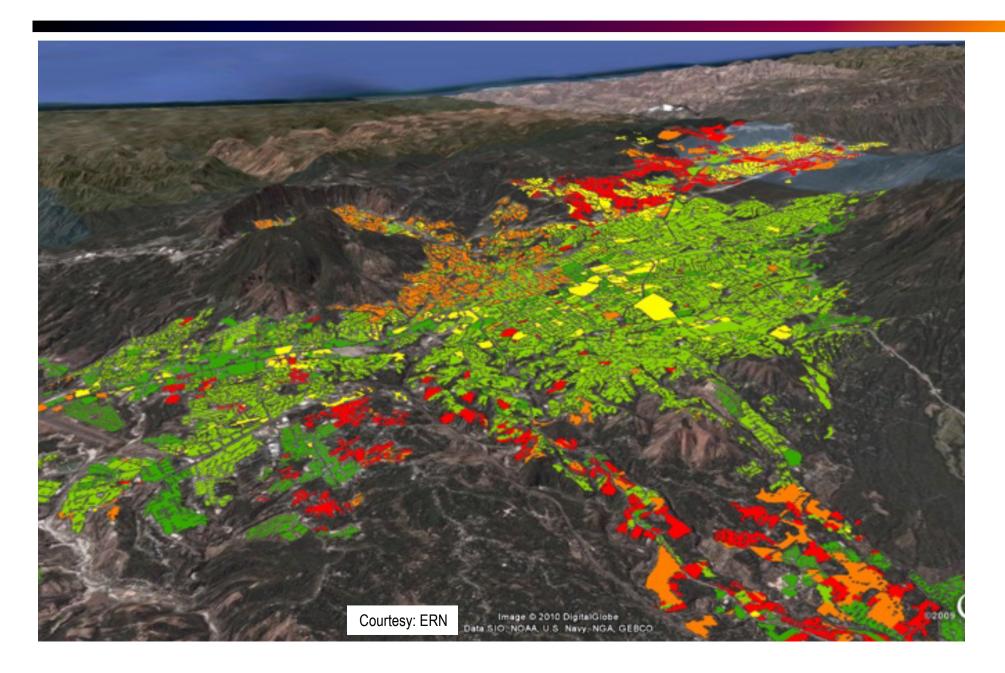


Pre-Disaster: Disaster Risk Maps (Building Level)

Relative economic loss. - Probabilistic analysis for Wind and storm (Hurricane) surge combined



Pre-Disaster: Disaster Risk Maps (City Level)



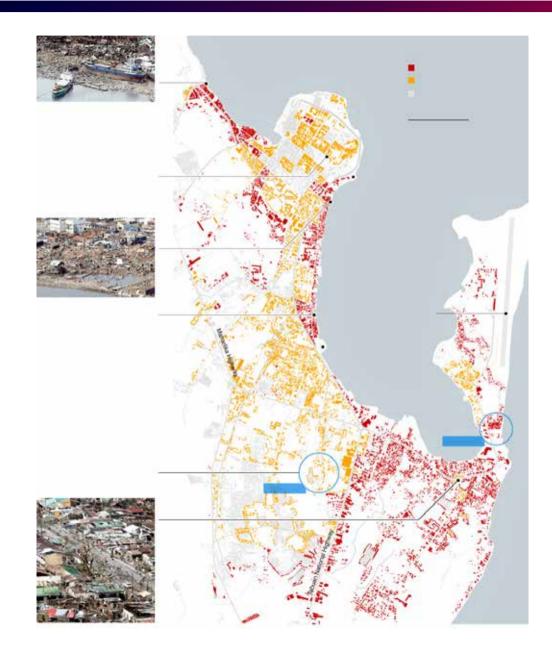
Post-Disaster: Mapping of Disaster Affected Areas



Post-Disaster: Assess the Extent of Damage by Insurance Companies



Hurricane Haiyan Damage (High-resolution Satellite Images)



Thank you for your kind attention